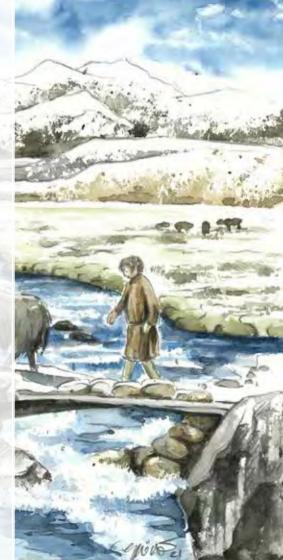
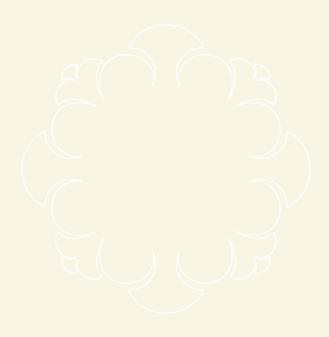
## ७७। । तह्मान्त्रीट्यवत्त्राम्मयायदेः

र्देन्सूरमी'यय'त्। वर्षेव'वबदमी'र्देश्वेत्।

The Path of Radiant Light
An Introduction to the Gospel





# ७७। विस्थान्नी दास्य विष्णु मार्थिया विशेष

र्देन्ड्रम्भैम्भी त्यस्रास्य

दस्त्र प्रवर्षे द्रिंग

The Path of Radiant Light
An Introduction to the Gospel

#### ୬୬| |ଦଽ୍ୟାସ୍ମିଟ୍ୟସଦ୍ଗ୍ରମ୍ୟଦ୍ୟପଦିହିଁଟ୍ୟୁଟ୍ସି'ଦ୍ୟାପ୍ତ| ଦ୍ୱିଶ୍ୟସ୍ଥଟ୍ସିମ୍|

The Path of Radiant Light - An Introduction to the Gospel

इ विशेषा यूरे रेशिय स्वरङ्गिरा

Text & Commentary Tibetan-English

#### ভঙা বিৰ্বমান্ত্ৰীনমেন্ত্ৰবেল্ৰু নাম্বৰণ বিবিশ্বনাৰী ইনম্বৰ্মান্ত্ৰী বিদ্দিল 2018 ইবিন্দেশনী

A Radiant Light to the Ends of the Earth Modern Tibetan © 2018 Central Asia Publishing

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#### **५गा**म:कग

至實打

9



येद:५८चें। वहिषा:हेव:ग्री:ग्रुट:र्स्ट्या	13
ૡ૽ૡ૽ૡ૽૽ૢ૽૱ૻ૽ <b>૱ઌ૽ૺ૾૽૱ૺૺ૽૽ૺ૽૽ૺ૽૽ૺ૽૽ૺઌ૽ૺૺૺૺૺ૾ૺૺૺ૾ૺૺઌ૾ૺૺૺઌ૾ૺ</b>	17
खेतुःग्रज्ञुःचुटर्जुत्य  सृग्'त्रस्थानीःचुटर्जुत्य	23
येद:पर्व:य। गृ:षेत्र:प्रःप्रंचेय:ब्रु:स्यंकुष	28
वेदःधःय। वे <b>ंछःन्ह्युर्वेगःकेत</b> ःय्। न्हयी	33

वेद्र्गय। <b>र्देखः प्रस्तुर्वेगः केद्रायं।</b> व	7
येदःचरुक्य। नर्गेद्रासर्केषाःषोःचगादःयःनुन्यःचेनः सम्बदःषयः सन्त्रम् नृन्ये। 4	3
ঐত্যব্ধুব্য  বুশ্বিষেক্তবাশী'ঘশবে'অ'ব্ব'ঘ'ট্রব'	

त्येतः प्राप्ता स्याः है 'प्राये हे 'त्यार प्राये केंग्राया 53

यानवाषया राज्य। गुलेबाय।

येतुःपञ्ज्य| **छो:हेप:पुत्प:व्याध्यःय|** 59

থব্যবস্তু শৃত্ত নামা বর্ত্ত্র শৃষ্ট্র দেন্দ্র নুদ্র দেন বৈ দিয়া ক্রিক্ত কর্ন জ্বী। একা 62

येत् पङ्ग्वेशय। **५गॅ(व अर्केम् मे प्रम्य प्रम्य प्रम्य प्रम्य** 67

येदुःयञ्ज्ञात्रुरुराय। **५र्गित्यर्क्षेत्रायीःसुरु**य्यर्केत्र ७३

येद्वज्ञ्चतिव्य कुत्पःचः दृचेद्दद्द्व्यां व्यक्ष्यां वी अर्केद् व्यक्ष्यां द्वित्यं विकास क्ष्यां विकास क्षयं विकास क्ष्यां विकास क्षयं विकास क्ष्यां विकास क्षयं विकास



बेद प्र स्व स्व प्र स

यात्रस्य। भ्राम्बाद्यात्रस्य स्थात्रस्य स्थाः अत्यक्षम्य स्थाने स्थाः सेतुयर्जेयमुन्य। क्विंत्याचे सुकात्वन्द्री त्रम्याचेत्र क्विंग्

येद्यइन्श्या क्विंद्यायाः शुक्षायार्द्दियः द्वेश्वायत् स्वर्यः श्रीयार्वे स्वराधाः स्वर्यः व्यवस्थाः स्वर्यः स्वर्यः स्वर्यः स्वर्यः स्वर्यः स्वर्यः स्वर्यः स्वर्यः स्वर्यः स

भेदःकेशुःय। क्रॅब्रायाचे:सुकारेट्य्ह्रस्रकात्माळें मात्रद्रय।

येदःहेरःगडेगःय। क्रॅंबःयःयेःशुकार्श्वेद्यःदव्यः स्टबःवव्यःबेस्रवायश्चेर्यःवदःक्र्वेरःर्केशः पक्षवःगवदः। योत् ने रण्ने श्राप्ता क्रॅब्रायाचे सुश्राप्त्या क्रु योप्ता स्टेंब्रे क्रॅब्राय स्वरण्या १८२१

मेदःकेरःगशुक्षःय। क्कॅ्रवःयःखेःभुकःन्त्रींदःक्षक्रमःमीःक्षवदः क्षदेःविक्षक्षःगर्हेन्ग्रीःक्कॅ्रिंग्स्वेदः मवनः। 127

येतु के राय बै राय | इँव राय थे शुक्का समित स्थार समुद्रस्था या |

येतुःहेराष्ट्राया क्रॅब्यायायाः शुक्काराष्ट्रीयाद्याः क्रॅब्यायायाः शुक्काराष्ट्रीयायाः येदःकेरःदुग्य। गर्डें चें खें सुःदक्षेयः दशःश्चरःगर्शेदःयदेः श्चर

येदःकेरःयतुक्य। गर्डिकें भे सुदेदस्वन्यबद्यी क्रिंग्। 147

येतुकेर्यमुत्य| ग्वर्यक्षेत्रवस्यक्त्यस्य स्टब्स्य केतुर्यस्य स्टब्स्य स्टब्स्य

येदःहेरःप्ताःय। धेर्केशःदेशःयक्षेत्रसहेर्। 156



Contents

#### Introduction

9



ow the World Vas Created	13
Chapter Two: low Mankind /as Created	17
Chapter Three: low Suffering came into Our World	23
Chapter Four: he Story of cain and Abel	28
Chapter Five: loah nd the Great Flood 1	33
Chapter Six:	

and the Great Flood 2

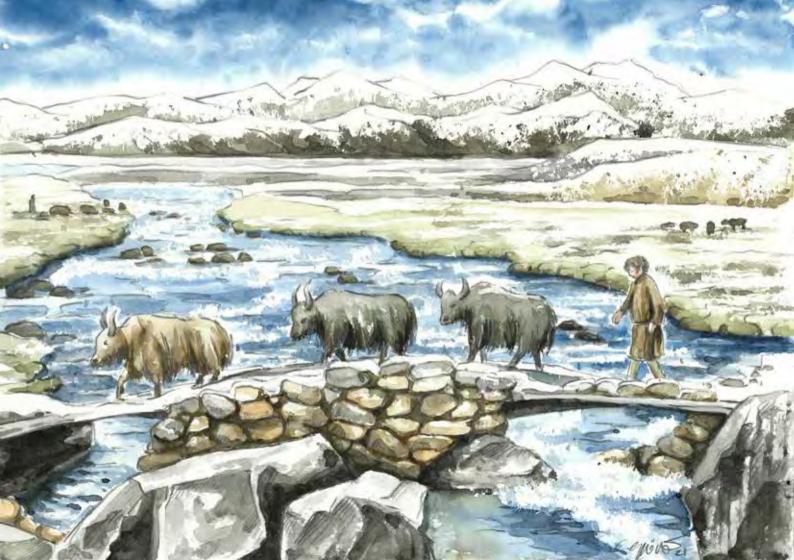
37

Chapter One:

Chapter Seven:  Abraham the Man Who Believed God 1	43
Chapter Eight:  Abraham the Man Who Believed God 2	47
Chapter Nine: The Shepherd and the Burning Bush	53
Chapter Ten: Escape from Egypt	59
Chapter Eleven: Miracles in the Wilderness	62
Chapter Twelve: God's Ten Commandments	<b>S</b> 67
Chapter Thirteen: God's Holy Tent	73
Chapter Fourteen King David and God's Great Temple	79

Chapter Fifteen:  The Prophet Isaiah and	the
Coming Mediator	83
Chapter Sixteen: The Birth of Jesus	91
Chapter Seventeen: Wise Men	
from the East	97
Chapter Eighteen:  Jesus Heals Many	101
Chapter Nineteen:  Jesus Heals	
the Demon-Possessed	106
Chapter Twenty:  Jesus	
Gives Us Life	111
Chapter Twenty One: Jesus Teaches	
<b>About Repentance</b>	117

Chapter Twenty Two:  Jesus Teaches About  Eternal Life	121
Chapter Twenty Three:  Jesus Teaches About  God's Final Judgment	127
Chapter Twenty Four:  Jesus is Crucified	131
Chapter Twenty Five:  Jesus  Death on the Cross	136
Chapter Twenty Six:  Jesus' Resurrection	141
Chapter Twenty Seven:  Jesus' Good News	147
Chapter Twenty Eight:  How to Receive	
the Best of All Gifts	151
Chapter Twenty Nine:  How to Find Assurance	156



Introduction

0.1 The Tibetan people have many famous stories. There are the stories of Gesar of Ling, the stories of Aku Tonpa, and the story of Milarepa. Everyone likes to listen to these stories and to tell them to other people. Good stories help us to understand life, and to live it well. Among all the world's stories, there is one story that is the best of all. It is a true story. It is a story of how God's love, joy, and peace can overcome sickness, death, family problems, and the work of evil spirits. And this wonderful story explains how we too can overcome the bad things of this life and receive the best gift of all.

0.2 Within this big story are many little stories. There are stories about nomads and farmers, a story of a great flood, a story about a shepherd who saw a burning bush, and a story about a great hero who delivered his people from slavery. There is a story about a king who built a great temple, and the story of a man who saw what would happen in the fu-

至

0.1 ସିଁଟ୍ୟାଞ୍ଚଣର'ୟ'ଲ୍ଲି'ଟମ୍ବି'ଶ୍ରଙ୍ଗ୍ରି'ଖୁଟ'ଟ୍ୟ' ଖ'ନ୍ତି'ଖୁଁଟ୍ୟର'ଖିଟ୍ୟା ଶି'ୟ'ସଶ'ସର'ଞ୍ଚଣ'ସମ୍ଭି'ଶ୍ର तरु श्रुराप्राचिश्वाश्रव श्रामा अवस्य स्त्री श्री क्षेत्र स्त्री श्री स्त्री स इस्रकाताः स्ट्रियम् प्रति श्रीम् स्त्रियम् सार्वे विषयाः स्त्रियः स्त्रियः स्त्रियः स्त्रियः स्त्रियः स्त्रियः र्राञ्चेलाक्षरकाग्री पत्रीय प्रीक्षायमारग्रीम। यह्माग्नीमणी वरात्रिञ्ची पर्या क्रीकार्या वरावस्त्रा उन् ग्रे त्र त्र अर्थेग् अर्थे अर् र र ग्रे हिर अध्य ग्रांच वित्र प्रदे र प्रहें न प्र र ग्रे न कुं प्र प्र प्र कुदैःर्भः कुषाने वे प्यतेव प्यते देवे वर्षा देवे वर्षा वे प्यतेव प्रकेषा की प्रवास के दर्वश्रावर्ष्केचार्द्राचरश्राणिवाय। वाचार्दा वस्त्रीय। वस्त्रीयोर्बेस्तुस्वर्ष्क्र्याद्वा गर्नेवः यः इस्रमः पर्वेद्राः द्वार् वित्रः द्वारमः वस्रमः वद्यायाः सर्वेद्यः द्वार्यः वस्रमः वद्यायः वस्य प्रमानितः व 0.2 व्यां मुक्षाकेवार्या देवेवदादु व्यां मुक्षाकुदाद्य अदार्या सुद्धित्। द्ये मावावर्ष्य वापाद स्वीदाय वे व्या कुर्येगःकेत्रःयं विषाची र्या कुषा स्षा है प्रस्थे स्थे त्यम्यते क्रम्यते र्या कुषा श्रे मेण्या विषा ह्य बाल्बा प्रमानम् वात्रात्र प्रमानम् वात्रात्र प्रमानम् वात्र प्रमान 

ture. There is a story about women who saw a great miracle. There is a story about a savior who offers peace and joy to all nations. All of these stories come from the Bible, God's true and holy Word.

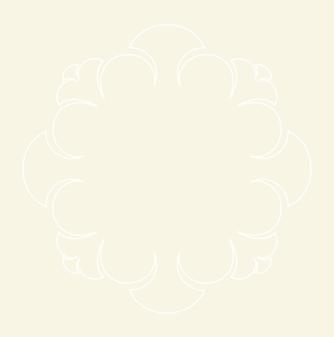
0.3 On the Chang Tang are many shepherds. The shepherds lead their flocks to good pastures. Wise shepherds know what their sheep need. They know the places where there is good grass. They know how to protect their sheep from wolves. Shepherds know these things today because they have gained wisdom by listening to the stories of those who were shepherds before them. The sheep going to pasture do not know where they came from or where they are going. They are like people who do not learn wisdom from stories. Like the sheep, all of us are travelers on the road from birth to death. Learn wisdom from the stories I am about to tell you, so that you will be like the shepherd and not like the sheep. Remember these stories and tell them to others, for they benefit all who hear them.

0.4 The Editors

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0.3 चुरः बरः त्यः सुना है । अरः वें र्ष्ये ५ विं र्क्षेत्रा के दानी सुना सुन् हैं । वा स्वान वें र्ष्ये दात्र स्वान हों र्ष्ये दानी हों । में अउद मी स्वाहिकास्वाहरू अवाहिका मारा देवी अप स्वाहिका से स्वाहिका स्वाहिका में स्वाहिका स्वाहिका स्वाहिका स कुर्म अंदायाता सूर्याया पुत्राया तुत्राया तुत्राया तुत्रा हुर्म द्वायी तिया है तुत्राया तुत्राय प्रत्याय विश्वाय देटर्बा ग्री ख्वा है दशका या वेका रवा यहाँवा ख्वा द्वि है ।वर यहाँ दिकाका कवा रवका संदर्श वर रा द्रात्र्यं प्राची स्वाष्ट्रियः स्टेन्द्रस्य या ग्रम् ह्रो पात्रस्य तके यते यम् तुर्हे दस्य के रात्याया यवेता सि वश्यत्रेश्वर्याद्वयाद्वयात्रम् व्याक्षुत्रायदीद्वर्यश्चर्याद्वयात्रीयाव्यत्वस्यश्चराविद्वा व। युं श्रुकारे क्रूबा प्रवासन समान समान समान समान

০.4 শ্লীল'অ'ই'স্কুমশ'শূৰা





Chapter One:

How the World Was Created

Adapted from Genesis 1:1-2:3

- 1.1 Our first story is about how the world was made. According to tradition, this story was first written down by a prophet named Moses, who lived about 1,200 BC (during the Shang dynasty).
- 1.2 Long before the world was made, God always was. The earth was then formless and empty, and there was darkness over the great sea. But God's Spirit was moving like a wind over the waters. God said, "Let there be light", and there was light. God saw that the light was good, and he separated the light from the darkness. God called the light 'day' and the darkness 'night'. This was the first day. God said, "Let there be a space between the waters so that they will be divided", and the space appeared. God called the space 'sky'; this was the sec-

वेदुन्दर्धे।

### वहिषा हेव श्री शुद्र रहंव।

दर्गेर्प्य। 1:1-2:3 यम्बिम्बा

1.1 र्रिश्चेन स्मिन्दर्भात्रा देवा होता हो सुरास्त्रा हो हो स्मिन्दर्भा विद्यालया हो स्मिन्दर्भा स्मिन रवश्यीः तुषासुः) वन्दर्सेलासूरस्याने लेषाचेरावदेख्यासूर्वायालेगाणीषासुदाददेवर्गाद्यारेत्। 1.2 वें क्वुश्च दर्दे विदेश हेन सम्मित्ते विदेश होते होते हैं स्वर्थ के दर्गीत सकें माना निवाह माना सिवाह के दिरे हुआ शुः भाने 'द्रियभा से द्रिस्य प्येन 'या दरा क्रु सर्के केन 'ये दे हेर त्या सन न न मिन सर्के न मिन ५र्ने ८ अप्यापित स्त्री डेकामासुरकायका देंन्युरर्दे। नुर्गोत्रस्र्रेक्यामीकार्देन्नेरयेमाकायाधितायरम्बिमाकानेस्रुत्यायका र्देर् र है। र ग्रेंब् अर्क्षण मीबार्देर् ग्रें। सीदाया हैबार्स बिबाय हमा सुदाय देशे दाया सर्व सें बेशायनम्बा अर्द्धन्त्रीं न्दानेदार्शेन् स्रीयम् निर्मात्रीत्राम् स्राप्तम् स्रीयम् मिन्नामिन्न सु'त्युर'दे रे दे दे रे प्रीयावसायस्यस्यस्य विषा'त्युर विषा'" देसामस्र साया दरा। यस्यस्यस्य हुर्न्स्। न्रीवासर्केषाचित्राचरासर्वस्य नेरीसेरायान्य सामयानेशान्त्रम्य। नेरीकेसामिर्वस ond day. God said, "Let the waters under the sky be gathered in one place, so that dry land will appear", and so it was. God called the dry ground 'earth' and the gathered waters 'seas'. And God said, "Let plants appear on the earth", and it was so. God saw that it was good; this was the third day.

1.3 God said, "Let there be lights in the sky". He made two great lights: the greater one to rule the day, and the lesser one to rule the night. He also made the stars. God saw that it was good; this was the fourth day. God said, "Let the waters be filled with various kinds of living things, and let different kinds of birds fly in the sky." God blessed the living things he had made; this was the fifth day. God said, "Let there be different kinds of large and small living things on the earth" and it was so. And finally God said, "We will make mankind in our image to rule all the fish of the sea and the birds of the sky and the earth's cattle and insects." So God made man, male and female, and he blessed them. God saw all that he had made; it was very

यद्। लट्ट्र्स्त्वा म्ह्रिस्य विकास स्था विक

1.3 यदः दर्गीव सर्केषा योषा "वसा परि द्यारा सर्वस्था त्या दें द्वस्य सार्वेद्वस्था त्या है सामा स्थानिक स्थानि केन यानिकानी नेन क्राम्य प्रतास्त्रीत्य विक्रमान्य क्रियान्य अर्वन क्राम्य प्रतास्त्रीय क्रियान्य प्रतास्त्रीय क्रियान्य प्रतास्त्रीय क्रियान्य प्रतास्त्रीय क्रियान्य प्रतास्त्रीय क्रियान्य क्रियाच क्रियान्य क्रियाच क्रियान्य क्रियाच क्रियाच क्रियान्य क्रियान्य क्रियाच क्रियाच्य क्रियाच क्रियाच र्दुरङ्गरस्यस्यस्य गुरस्य ह्रिन्। दर्गित्य सर्केषा यो स्वादेश्येषा सार्या सेत्र स्वरण सेवास्य स्वित्र विद्या देते हेस्य स्वित्र यर्दे। यदर्नोत्र अर्केन नीश "सुयी दरर् सुर्श्चन स्वाधा ग्री देन इन्हेंन शक्के सुर्श्व सासुर्व सास्त्र स्वाधा प्राप्त त्युरावेग वसासावते प्रास्थान स्वासाव स मीबाने कें त्या दीवा कुताबाम वर्षा ने दे दे दे साम्याय वर्षा व्यापने मित्राय के मान्याय के स्वर्ष के के स्वर्ष देग्रवासूत्रकात्वात्वपुटायराशुरावेगाः डेवाग्राबुटवायवादीयवेव दुःसुदा। यटादर्ग्वावायर्केग्रामेवाः सु शक्षुदुःधर्मश्रम्। वत्रात्रावदुःचिःस्या याताल्टित्वदुःस्याया दवःस्वित्रयाः न्यस्त्रेन्यदेःश्वेन्। दःक्वेंन्यस्ये स्त्रुव्यक्ते स्रोदेः नेष्यायर्वे प्यस्तुः "बेश्वायश्चर्यायश्चर्यायं स्वाये स्वये स्वाये स्वाये स्वाये स्वाये स्वाये स्वाये स्वाये स्वये स्वाये स्वये स्वाये स्वाये स्वाये स्वाये स्वाये स्वाये स्वाये स्वाये स्वये सहर्वश्राव्यः द्वार्थाः विवाद्यायात्राचा प्रात्ति स्वर्ध्याः विवाद्याः विवाद्याः विवाद्याः विवाद्याः विवाद्याः

good. This was the sixth day. After God made everything in the world, he rested on the seventh day.

1.4 That was the story of how God made the world. (The God in this story is not the Three Jewels, but the supreme God.) He made everything from nothing, just by his powerful word. He made the things we can see: the sky and the earth, the sun and the moon, and the stars. He made Tibet's snow mountains and its northern plains, its rivers and lakes, its cattle and other animals. For our sake God made yaks and sheep and goats, the grass that the cattle eat, and the barley and wheat that we eat. God's creation reveals his power, glory, and wisdom. As a prophet of ancient times said, "The heavens reveal God's glory, and the skies show his works."

चःचश्चित्रःहुःयेग्नश्चःयःखेत्। देवेःक्षेश्चःदुगःचर्त्। दर्गत्यःश्चर्रमःचीश्चःयहेगःहेतःश्चेःवदःयःहःखेदः

1.4 त्रोवाया देवेदर्गिवासर्केषायीकात्रहेषाक्षेत्रप्रस्तावसर्वेत्रस्याक्षरातुः यर्गेद्रप्रते विश्वकारी (र्थे क्रुअ १५६६ दे दर्द में दर्शेद अर्केण दे ५ में दर्शेद अर्केण मासुस सेद फे स्न दर्शेद स्पर्द ५ में दर्शेद अर्केण में ) वृत्रा য়য়ৢॱ**ৢ**ৼৼড়ৢয়৾ৼঢ়৾৽ঢ়য়য়৻৽ঢ়৾৽য়৾ড়৽ৼ৾ঀ৾য়য়ড়৾য়৽য়৾য়৽য়ৼড়ৼয়৾ৼৼ৽ড়য়ৼয়য়ড়ড়ৼয়য়য়ৼঢ়৽য়য়ৼৼঢ়ৢ৾ৼঢ়৾ঀ৾ৼ यरअहर्। विरामेशक्षेमामेशअर्वराद्यायाद्वस्य है। मुद्रस्य मित्रस्य हैस्य हैस्य हैस्य देग्रबाद्याक्षेत्रकारुवासहित्। देदाङ्गस्रकार्यायवायदेख्वीयार्वेदाग्रीकार्यायम्। द्वारायायायायायायायायायायायाया देग्रबाग्रीबाचायते हु। दर्केंबाचायते द्रबादर में प्ययम हो। दर्गेद सर्केगा मी पर्गेदाय देवा दर्गे म्बिप्तह्नित्रम्। न्यम्। विश्वास्यायस्यायस्त्रंत्यस्यह्नि। म्बद्धित्त्यायुः सुम्हेत्याविमः শ্বীশ্বাশাস্থ্যমা

वयःश्वरः वयः श्वरः विवायक्षेत्रः विवायक्षेत्रः विवायक्षेत्रः विवायक्षेत्रः विवायक्षेत्रः विवायक्षेत्रः विवायक्ष

ন্বিশ্বাশ্বাশ্বাশ্ব

1.5 Because God's nature is love, He decided to create two people to have fellowship with him. We will hear about this in our next story.

1.6 Key Point:

In the beginning, God created the heavens and the earth. 1.6 বৃদর্শ্বর শৃর্ক্ত বি

र्वेषाः अराप्तर्गेवा अर्केषाः वीकायाव अराषाः विकास विग्रास्तरा



Chapter Two:

How Markind Was Created

Adapted from Genesis 2:7-25

2.1 Our previous story explained how God created the world and all that is in it. Now listen to the story of how God made the first people.

2.2 God formed man's body from the dust of the ground and breathed into his nose the breath of life, so the man became a living person. God planted a garden in a land called Eden, in the east, and there he put the man he had created. And God made to grow in the garden various kinds of trees with delicious fruit. In the middle of the garden, he put the tree of life and the tree of the knowledge of good and evil. God put the man he had made into the Garden of Eden to tend and care for it. God

खेदुःबाहिश्वःय।

### श्रेते देशका श्री शुरार्ख्या

दर्गेर्या 2:7-25 यम्बिम्बा

- 2.1 ર્નેક્ક્રેન્ ક્રિંત શું ત્યાં શું સાંગલેલ નિર્માત સર્જેવા વીસાય સ્થાન ક્રિયા વસાય નિર્માત સર્જેવા વીસાય સર્જીવા વસાય ત્રામાં ત્રામાં સાથે ત્
- 2.2 र्ये क्रुब्ध। या से निर्मित् अर्क्ष्मा मीक्षा क्षा होन्या निर्मित अर्क्ष्मा मीक्षा क्षा होन्य स्था से निर्मित अर्क्ष्मा मीक्षा क्षा होन्य स्था से निर्मित् अर्क्ष्मा से निर्मित से क्षा से निर्मित से निर्मित से क्षा से निर्मित से निर



told him, "You may eat any fruit in the garden, except fruit from the tree of the knowledge of good and evil. If you eat of its fruit, you will surely die."

2.3 Then God said, "It is not good for the man to be alone, so I will make a suitable helper for him." So God made the man fall into a deep sleep; while he was asleep God took one of the man's ribs and closed up the place from which he had taken it. Then God made a woman from the rib and brought her to the man. The man said,

"This is part of my own flesh and bone! She will be called 'woman,' because she was taken out of a man."

So for this reason a man leaves his father and mother and is joined to his wife, and the two are united into one. Even though the man and his wife were both naked, neither of them felt any shame.

2.4 God, who is the source of everything good, made two people and put them in the garden of Eden. The two people

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त्रेने: रृषे: रुष: यदे: वृरः मी: रुषः । वृष्ये: वृर्द्यो: वृष्ये वृर्दे: यदे: वृष्यः व

बेश्रायम् । देवे मुंत्र श्रीक्षा श्रीक्षा याक्षा स्वराम विषय स्वराम स्वरा

were very happy there. God gave them many good things to enjoy, such as delicious food to eat, a nice place to live, and work to do. As God's stewards they cultivated the garden daily and cared for the animals God had made. In the evenings God came to the garden and talked with them. The man and the woman knew nothing about evil and wrongdoing. Because both of them were innocent and without fault, even though they were naked before God, they were not ashamed. Since God created people, their bodies are good and belong to him. God created people male and female so that men and women would benefit each other. God also made animals to live in the garden. God ruled over the man and woman, and they ruled over the animals. God made animals, insects, birds, and fish to live in this world; they do not become people after they die, nor do people become animals.

2.5 God made the man, the woman, and all human beings in his image. God is an eternal spirit, so man has an everlast-

र्षित्। नर्गोत्रः अर्केषाः वीक्षाविः स्टेंस् व्यवस्था हुन्। चुन्। चुन्। विक्षाविकाः विकासि विकासि विकासि विकासि यश्राना या श्रीमाश्राम्य दे प्रचारम् । इस्त्री । विकि ते दि दि ते दि स्त्रीत । स्त्रीत *ढ़्र*मः<u>स्</u>राम्देग्देग्द्रायसःयसःवृद्यःविदःन्त्रीत्।यर्केषःयीदाःयकेषःयस्त्यदेन्यदेःद्रोधस्यस्त स्रूप्तेष् य'न्दाविते'सुन्भेन्ग्रीकादम्य'न्दार्भेषा'नेकाग्री क्षें पडेतदासानेका क्षें मुक्तिकेत्रसेन्य'न्दार्गिर्मे याधिवायबान्त्रीवायर्क्ष्याची भ्रुप्यातुवातुः चार्चे सायु साधितायु साधिवाय्याया विकार्षे विकार्या विकार यम् अह्य प्रमान्त्र भी द्वार्थ भी मानुवार्थ में देशेवार्थ में भी के प्रमान में प्रमान मे य'न्दर्सुन्भेन्य'न्वद्यक्षुर्य'क्ष्रम्बिंग्विक्ष'ग्रीक्ष'ग्रीद्र्यक्षेभ्रष्यक्ष्यक्ष्यस्थर्यान्वद्यक्षुर्य। मृद यवैत्यम्बस्य दर्। वसुः श्रेत्। व। कृषः श्रेष्य अत्यत् श्रेस्य अवतः वैत्यहेषः हेतः वहेषः हेतः वहेषः वित्यः सहित यम। न्त्रीवःसर्क्रेमःमीःयगतःन्त्रींदमःसूनःनेक्षेःभीःवमःभीःइसमःसुःसीःवसुनःय। सीःइसमःभीःवमः बेसबाउव तु त्यु र से श्रेत्।

2.5 ५ मॅं व स्थार्के मा मी बासी 'दे 'दरा सुद्रासे द्रा से दे से मा बार्स से स्थार के स्था के स्थार के स्थार के स्थार के स्थार के स्थार के स्थार के स्था के स्थार के

ing spirit. God has a personal nature, so man has a personal nature. God speaks, so man is able to speak. God knows all things, so man is able to know things. God is good, so he created man to be good. Of all the living things that God made, only people have a loving relationship with God. Only they have the responsibility of obeying God's commandments. As long as the first people lived according to God's purpose for them, they were happy. But if they were happy then, why are we unhappy now? Where did suffering and death come from? That is our next story.

2.6 Key Point:

Man's chief purpose is to glorify God, and to enjoy him forever. 2.6 वर्र्नेव्यार्श्वेत्र्यं। अदिनेवाश्वानुन्द्रीवाश्वास्त्रयात्र्यं वित्रवित्यात्र्यं वित्यात्र्यं वित्रवित्यात्र्यं वित्रवित्यात्र्यं वित्रवित्यात्र्यं वित्रवित्यात्र्यं वित्रवित्यात्र्यं वित्यात्र्यं वित्रवित्यात्र्यं वित्यात्र्यं वित्रवित्यात्र्यं वित्यात्र्यं वित्यात्यं वित्यात्र्यं वित्यात्रं वित्यात्र्यं वित्यात्रं वित्यात्यं वित्यात्रं वित्यात्रं वित्





Chapter Three:

How Suffering Came into Our World

Based on Genesis 3:1-24

3.1 In our previous stories, we learned how God made the world and human beings. But God also made beings we cannot see. He made good spirits called 'angels' who do his will. Later, some of these angels rebelled against God and became evil. The king of these evil ones is called Satan. Satan was proud. He hated God and the two people God had put in the garden, so he planned to destroy them. He disguised himself as a snake and hid in the Garden of Eden.

3.2 The snake said to the woman, "Has God really commanded you, 'Do not eat of the fruit of any of the trees in the garden?' The woman said to the snake, "We may eat of fruit of all the trees in

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### क्यापक्षामु मुद्राह्या

वर्गेर्या 3:1-24 व्यम्बिम्बा

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3.2 र्ये क्रुश क्षुयः ग्रीक्षः स्प्रः प्रक्षः व्यक्षः प्रवेशः देश देशः प्रक्षः प्रक्षः प्रक्षः प्रक्षः व्यक्षः प्रक्षः प्रक्षः व्यक्षः प्रक्षः प्रक्ष

the garden. But we are not to eat the fruit of the tree in the middle of the garden; nor even to touch it. If we disobey God's command, we will die." The snake replied to the woman, "You won't die, because God knows that if you eat that fruit, you will gain understanding; you will become like God in knowing good and evil." The woman looked at the fruit, and seeing that it was good and delicious to eat, and desirable for getting understanding, she took it and not only ate some, but gave some to her husband, and he also ate it. As soon as they had eaten, they received wisdom and knew that they were naked. They joined together fig leaves and made loincloths.

3.3 In the evening they heard the sound of God walking in the garden. The man and his wife both fled and hid among the trees. But God called to the man and asked, "Where are you?" He answered, "I heard the sound of your coming and I was afraid, because I knew that I was naked and I hid." God asked, "Who told you that you were naked? Have you eaten the fruit that I told you not to eat?" The man answered, "The woman that you put here with me gave me the fruit, and

 I ate it." God asked the woman, "What is this that you have done?" The woman said, "The snake deceived me, so I ate the fruit." God said to the snake, "Because you have done this wicked thing, among all the animals, you alone I have punished. From now on you will have to go on your stomach, and your whole life you will eat dust. I will make you and the woman to be enemies; your descendants and her descendants will hate one another. He will trample on your head and you will bite his heel".

3.4 God said to the woman, "I will greatly increase your trouble in pregnancy and your suffering at childbirth. However, you will still want to stay with your husband, and he will rule over you." And God said to the man, "Since you listened to your wife and ate the fruit I told you not to eat, I will make your field work difficult. For the rest of your life, you will have to do hard work to gather a harvest from the fields. The fields will grow thorns and weeds for you, and you will have to eat vegetables that grow in the field. You are made of dust, and until you return to the dust, you will have to

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work hard to get fruit from the ground. Since you were made from dust, in the end you shall become dust." Then the man, named Adam, called his wife Eve, for she was the mother of all people. God made clothing of animal skins for Adam and his wife, and dressed them in it. He drove them out of the Garden of Eden and set guards called 'kerubs' and a flaming sword to guard the way to the tree of life.

3.5 Instead of believing God, Adam and Eve listened to the deceiving snake. As soon as they ate the forbidden fruit, a part of their spirits died, even though their bodies still lived. They rejected God's loving care and did as they pleased. Rejecting God and living according to our own desires is called sin. By disobeying God, Adam and Eve and their descendants and all mankind received a sinful nature. That nature is the origin of the suffering and death in this world. But God did not want people to suffer and die. He made a plan to rescue mankind from sin and death. He promised that one of the woman's descendants would overcome the evil one.

ब्रम्यदेश्चिम्यायन् स्ट्रम्य स्वर्म्य स्वरम्य स्वर्म्य स्वरम्य स्वरम्

3.5 दर्नाया । अर्प्सर्पर्भाष्मिश्चर्गोद्गासर्केनायाधिद्रकेश्वर्शेनुप्यस्यक्षुं विद्वेद्रस्यवद्र्त् दवःयरःशुरा दर्गेवःसर्केषाःषीः वस्रवः श्रुंदः दरः येवः सः वसः हेः सदः यदेंदः स्वरा दर्गेवः सर्केषाःषीः यगदायायात्रज्ञात्रकात्रकार्यात्र्वे प्रस्ति । दर्गेद्रायात्रे प्रस्ति । यायाक्त्रयदेश्चित्रयाषान्यान्यान्याचन्। विकित्त्याः कुन्न्यये विकित्ते विकासमा रदायिश्वात्वियाः विवाद्यात्विदा। रदायिश्वादेशे तद्यात्वीदायदे राष्ट्रदाये दवः याददाश्वात्वात्वे त्यविदा [सुद्रसः धेत्। देंत् गुद्रः दुर्गेत् अर्क्षेत् ग्वीसः सेदेः देग्यायः सृत्वा प्रस्यः प्रदेशः प्रस्यः प्रस्या स् . श्रेते देग्र श्रेषा के अप्तर त्र के या यश वराय रास इंदाय ते तकराण के किया सहित। दर्गे वा सर्वेषा यो अपस्त शर्गी:यु:कुर्वरव्यायर्र्व्यं न्वरावर्ष्यायाय्वर्वेषायाय्याय्वरावेषाय्युट्यायराय्युट्यायराव्याय्याय्याय्याय्याय

That descendant would be a great mediator who could restore the relationship between God and man. But before he came to this world, humanity had to experience the results of sin. We will see these results in our next story.

3.6 Key Point:

Sin is doing what God tells us not to do, or not doing what God tells us to do. 3.6 वर्रव्यार्थं स्था विद्यास्त्र स्था स्था विद्यास्त्र स्था स्था विद्यास्त्र स्था विद्यास्त्र स्था विद्यास्त्र स्था विद्यास्य स्था विद्यास्त्र स्थास्त्र स्था विद्यास्त्र स्यास्त्र स्था विद्यास्त्र स्था विद्यास्त्र स्था विद्यास्त्र स्था स्था विद्यास्त्र स्था विद्यास्त्र स्था विद्यास्त्र स्था विद्यास्य स्था स्था स्यास्त्र स्था स्थास्त्र स्था स्था स्यास्त्र स्था स्यास्त्र स्था स्थास्त्र स्थास्त्य स्यास्त्र स्यास्त्र स्थास्त्र स्



Chapter Four:

The Story of Cain and Abel

Adapted from Genesis 4:1-16

- 4.1 In our previous story, Adam and Eve disobeyed God and were driven out of his presence. Their relationship with God was ruined, and before long their hearts would be filled with grief.
- 4.2 Adam was together with his wife Eve, and she became pregnant and bore a son. She said, "By God's help I have had a son," and she named the boy 'Cain.' Later she had another son, Abel. Abel was a shepherd, and Cain a farmer. One day, Cain gave an offering to God from the fruits of the field, but Abel offered to God the best fat portions of the firstborn sheep. God was pleased with Abel and his offering, but he was not pleased with Cain's offering. So Cain became very angry and looked dejected. God said to

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दर्गेंद्रया ४:1-16 यःगञ्जेगशा

4.2 र्या क्रुंबा ध्यान्य प्रकृत प्रकृत विषय अप्तर्भात्र प्रकृत प



Cain, "Why are you angry and looking so unhappy? If you do what's right, I will certainly not reject you. But if you do evil, then sin is lying in wait for you, just as a wolf waits for a lamb. Though it wants to rule over you, you must master it."

4.3 Then Cain said to his brother Abel, "Let's go out into the field." There Cain struck his brother Abel and killed him. Then God asked Cain, "Where is your brother Abel?" and he answered, "I don't know. Am I his keeper?" But God said, "Why have you done this evil deed? Your brother's blood cries out to me from the ground. You deserve punishment, so from now on you are not allowed to work the fields, because the blood of your brother whom you killed is soaked in the ground. Even though you try to raise crops, nothing will grow. You will remain homeless and wandering in the world." Cain said to God, "I cannot bear such a punishment; Look! Today you have driven me out from your presence and from the fields, and if I keep on wandering the earth, whoever meets me will kill me." But God said, "Not so. If another perर्नोव सर्क्रेम मेश्राम् प्रेन प्राप्ति स्टार्स्ट स्टार्स्ट स्टार्स्स हे इस रख्यु स्ट्रेस प्राप्ति स्ट्रेस स्ट् हिंद्गीकार्श्वेदायायबद्यायुक्षायायीवावादकार्श्वेद्गयद्यवेकायम्द्रिययम्भीत्व। देवाणुद्राहिंद्गीका यसन्दर्भ सामित्रात् केषा देशा देशा देशा देशा है सामित्रात् मुष्या सामित्रा सुष्या सामित्रा सुष्या सम्प्रात् सम्प्रा वित्र देशहित्यान्यसम्बद्धाः वित्र वित्यस्य देति ग्रीता हित्ते त्यान्यस्तु हुन्यस्य विद्याम्य 4.3 देवसागुः धेवः श्रीसार्याः महत्त्रां कृतियायः "दक्षें साबिदायः वर्षोः "बेसायस्दि। विदायसागुः धेदः ग्रीका विदेशमञ्जू द्वार्थः कृति । या प्रकारम् । देवे हे का खुः दर्भोदः या के वा मीका ग्रा धिदः या अविदेश ग्रीः श्रुवः अकेन्द्रन्येयाः ग्राम्द्रिः व्यान्यायः देवाः ग्राम्यान्यः विवा विंगार दुः विंद्र से दिन् से दिन से सिंद दिन से से दिन से से दिन से स देख्रमानम्बीद्वार्त्वात्वात्रम्भा हिन्द्वीयाबुद्दार्विष्ठवायीयाक्षास्त्रम्भान्यस्त्रम् ब्रिंट्रायाक्ष्याया विवार्यवा प्रस्थायम। द्विवाक्ष्या ब्रिंट्यीमाविद्यायमा वेद्यी व्याप्याया विद्यायमा व। ब्रिंट्गीश्रामश्चरमदेशमृद्धरमित्रिम्द्रेशस्त्रिम्द्रेशस्त्रिम्स्रिश्चर्मा ब्रिंट्गीश्राश्चरम्यादम्यस् व्यावयमानुमानुमान्यस्य मान्यस्य मान्यस्य मान्यस्य मान्यस्य मान्यस्य मान्यस्य मान्यस्य मान्यस्य मान्यस्य मान्यस वदःविस्रवादेत्रक्षेत्रः विद्यात्त्रं विद्यात्त्रं विद्यात्त्रं विद्यात्त्रं विद्यात्त्रं विद्यात्त्रं विद्यात्त क्षेत्रःदश्चात्वत्रःश्चात्वत् वाञ्चेवाश्चात्रः। छिन्ग्चीश्चानेदेदाराः छिन्।त्रः वीःभुःदुरान्दाश्चात्वेदावश्चात्रभुन् ग्वरायम्। दवि विभागेन् रदिग् हेव वदायव्यम् प्रेन्यम् न्व स्थापेन स्थाप

son kills you, the killer will be punished seven times over." So that no one would kill him, God put a mark on Cain. Then Cain went out from God's presence and remained in the land of 'Wandering', east of Eden.

4.4 Although Abel believed God, his older brother Cain did not. Cain became angry and murdered his younger brother. God, who knows all things, saw this crime, and heard Abel's blood crying to him from the ground. When he asked Cain about it, Cain lied to him. Like his parents Adam and Eve, Cain did not obey God's command. His relationship with God was ruined. He too was driven out of God's presence. It was just as though he had died. If those first people were so bad, and always displeased God, why didn't God just destroy them all? Actually, that's just what happened. It is our next story.

4.5 Key Point:

Sin leads to death.

मार्डिन्सायन नेत्याळन्याय्वायन्त्रार्थेयायात् वर्षायार्थेनाया विद्यामा नेत्रीमीन ग्रीकार्या विद्यासी विद्यासी मार्केन्यते द्वीरन्त्रोत्यक्रमा मीका र्वे त्याहमाका निमान र्योत्। ने तका मा धीवान में त्याकर्मा मी द्वार तका र्बेट्स् । जेर्नेवर्गीःवरर्धेगवासुर्जेट्यदेशकत्वुर्यर्व्यवेवर्यस्य 4.4 दशेयाय। इत्येयाश्चेश्वादर्गीत्र अर्केणाया द्वादाया विदेश केताया विदेश है अपने में त्र अर्क्चनाची प्रमादात्वादाद्वेद स्थित। विश्वास्य सुरावश्वास्य ची मार्चु स्यित स्थित स् गुनःअधिनःभ्रीकाःनेकाःयःनेषाञ्चेषाकाःनिदा। ५ येथाःभ्रीः । व्यापाक्षेकाःकाः स्रोदान्यकाः । विद्यापाक्षेकाः वश्रागृ धिव त्यादेव क्र्रीं रायगाय देश गवराय वे क्ष्रीयश्राशु गृ धिव ग्रीश्रावें राया हुव यय १ ॔*ॺॱ*ॺॱॸॣय़ॱॸॣॸॱज़ॗॱख़ऀढ़ॱॹॗ॓ॾॱॸॣग़ॕढ़ॱॺक़ॕज़ॱॹ॓ॱॻॴढ़ॱख़ॱय़ॱढ़ढ़ॱय़ॾॱॸॣग़ॕढ़ॱॺक़ॕॹॱॸॣॸॱढ़ऄ॒ख़ॱ यःलबःस्यान्त्रान्त्रम् विष्टान्त्रम् विष्टान्त्रम् विष्टान्त्रम् विष्टान्त्रम् विष्टान्त्रम् विष्टान्त्रम् विष्टान्त्रम् यदेः यश्च मुश्रायः धेवः व। नर्गेवः अर्केषः वीशार्वे र्केयः येन्य यस्य स्वायदेने व देवे व नर्वेशः यावशः व्यात देश्य वृता देते प्रस्ति सं क्ष्या हेश्य संवित 4.5 वदर्देव गर्डे दी श्रेगानेशाग्रीप्यम्भात्रातीपकेयाधिता



Chapter Five:

Moah and the Great Flood 1

Adapted from Genesis 6:11-8:18

5.1 In our previous story, Cain murdered his younger brother and was driven out of God's presence. From that time onward, human nature got even worse. People became totally corrupt, and violence spread everywhere. God saw that people had nothing but bad thoughts, and that their behavior was very evil. But God was pleased with a righteous man called Noah. Among all the people of that time, only Noah was blameless.

5.2 One day God said to Noah, "Violence has spread everywhere because of the evil that people have done, so I will completely destroy them. Make a large wooden boat with rooms in it for yourself and your family, and apply pitch to it inside and out. I am going to cause a great flood that will destroy all living

जेद्रस्य

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दर्गेर्पा 6:11-8:18 वाम्बीम्बा

5.1 द्र्श्चित्। ज्यं मुक्ष भ्र्व्यया प्रवेद मा प्रवेद मा प्रवेद मा प्रवेद में प्रवेद मा प्रवेद में प्रवेद मा प्रवेद

things. But I will make an agreement with you. You and your wife and your three sons and their wives will enter the boat. Take with you into the boat a male and female of all kinds of animals and birds so that they will remain alive. And store up and take various kinds of food for them and also for you." And Noah did as God had said.

5.3 Then God said to Noah, "Seven days from now, I will send rain and a great flood that will last for forty days and nights. I will destroy all the living things that I have made. Because you alone are honest in my sight, you and your family are to go into the boat. Take with you pairs of males and female animals so that all kinds of living things may remain alive." So Noah and his wife and his three sons and their wives and a male and a female of all kinds of animals went with Noah into the boat. When Noah had done all God commanded, God shut the boat's door. Seven days later, the great flood began. All the springs in the depths of the great ocean burst open, and all the floodgates of the sky also opened. For forty days the wa८८। वृ.सू.सू.च्याचारा च्याचारा च्याचारा च्याचारा च्याचार होता च्याचार हाता च्याचार होता च्याचार बुदेवर्षिद्वेष यद्देळेदेद्वायात्रकाष्ट्रयाच्याक्षाक्षात्राच्या विगा" डेसायगार गवरा नर्गाव सर्वे गानी यगार गवराय सूर वे लामाय सुवसाय र गुर्मा 5.3 देवसर्गिव सर्केंग मीसर्वे पाया "द्वसावमा यतुव ग्री हेसासु विव संव यवि यहायर स्था स्र बिद्गार्डमार्चा दरेनुदातु अभाषाद्वराचे विद्यामा विद्यान विद्या विद्यान विद्यान विद्यान विद्यान विद्यान विद्यान ॱक़ॺऻॴॱॸऀॺऻॴॱग़ऻॖढ़ॱॺऻऒॕढ़ॱॻ॔ॸॱॺऻढ़ॴॱॻढ़ऀॱॿॖऀॸॱॸ॓ऄॕॱढ़ॴॱॼ॔ऒॱॺऻढ़ऀॴॱॺऻॗढ़ऀॱढ़ॸॱॸॖॱॿॎ॓ॸॱऄॺॱॱॱऄॴॱ ग्रुर्भ। कुर्येग् त्र्याचरायदेख्वेरार्देषार् राष्ट्रावेरायीयवरात्व। विरामीयाम्ब्रुयाक्ष्याक्षेराक्षेरा ष्पर्याच्यस्य उत्त्वसुत्र स्य प्रमानुसान्य प्रमान्य प्रमान्य स्वाप्त स्वापत स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वापत स्वाप्त स्वापत स् यतुवः ग्री:हेश्राःशुः सुर्येषाः क्रेवः यें: ग्रुटः। मुः अर्कें: क्रेवः येंदेः षाष्ट्रियः षी: सुर्वेश्याः वस्राः अर्थः प्रदेशः वस्राः यायदुःर्या.क्रम्.बी.धूँ।कूर्या.बी.लय्.बी। लय.क्षेत्रा.याची.यर्थेद्रायम.बी.क्षेत्रायुंची.क्षेत्रायुंची.क्षेत्रा

ter rose and became deep, so that the boat floated on the water; the surface of the water rose higher and higher. The boat continued to drift, and the waters became so deep and wide that they covered all the high mountains, coming to seven meters higher than their tops. And all the people and animals that breathed died in the waters of the flood. But all who were with Noah in the boat remained alive. The waters were spread over the earth for one hundred and fifty days.

5.4 God still remembered Noah and all those in the boat; he made a wind blow over the water so that it went down. The springs in the depths of the great ocean and the floodgates of the sky were stopped and the violent rain ceased. For a hundred and fifty days the water slowly receded; on the seventeenth day of the seventh month, the boat settled on a mountain range in the land of Ararat. Finally the water stopped going down, and Noah opened the roof of the boat, looked around, and saw that the ground was drying out. Then God said to Noah, "Now you and your wife and your three

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sons and their wives come out of the boat. And lead out of the boat all the animals who were with you in the boat, for they are to have many descendants, and increase in number and fill the earth." So Noah and his family and the animals came out of the boat.

5.5 The people of Noah's time were filled with wickedness. Like their ancestors Adam and Eve, they wanted to live according to their own desires. They paid no attention to God. So there was violence and suffering everywhere. God did not want such evil to continue, so he destroyed those sinful people in a great flood. But God had mercy on Noah and his family. Noah obeyed God's command to make a boat, and he and his family were saved from God's punishment of the sins of the world. In our next story, God makes a promise to Noah.

5.6 Key Point:

God saves people from sin.

ॱॸॸॱख़ॖक़ॱय़ॸॱॹॖॖॖॸॱॸॖ॓ॱॶॸॱय़ऀॱढ़ख़॓ख़ॱक़ॖॺॱॹॱॻऻॿ॓ॱढ़ॻॏॸॹॱय़ॸॱढ़ॹॗॗॸॱय़ढ़॓ॱॿॖॗॗऺॸॱॸॕॱॱॱॿॆक़ॱय़ॻऻढ़ॱॻॺॸॱ वर्देर्पवित्रः भ्रे के क्रुं वायर वर्देर्। र्गोत् अर्केण क्षेत्रा भ्रेत्र् यहरायत्राप्त क्रुं प्रदर्श्या यहाया <u> अम्। व्यः स्ति। द्र्योत् अर्क्ष्याः वीका द्र्योदका यत्वेका स्त्रम्य विकास्त्रमः द्र्यम् स्यास्त्रम्य कार्याः स्त्रम्य स्</u> ૾ૹુર્વેવા ૹેવ વેંચ <u>ર</u>્ફ્ષેવા છે શાંકવા વેંજી ક્રાયસ કરાયે તામ મામ મામ કરી કે વેંત ગામ વેંજા પ્રાપ્ત કરી છે. તા ५ त्रींत्र अर्क्षेत्र त्रीक्ष श्च्याका हे त्राचित्रका की द्या के लिए के कि त्या की त्राचित्र की का की त्या *ঝ'ୠ*ୠ'য়ঌ৻ৡৼয়৾৻ৢৼৼয়ঽঌ৻য়ৼ৻৻ৼয়৻ৼ৾য়৻ৼ৾য়৻য়ৢ৾৻ৡ৾য়৻য়ৢ৾৾৻ড়ৼ৻য়৻য়ঌ৻য়ৼয়ৼয়ৼ৻য়ৣৼ৻ *हे* अय्य-५ में त्र अर्केम मी अर्ते । अप्य ज्या कर केम मात्र हो ।

5.6 ব্দর্শব্যার্শ্রন্থ দুর্শব্যমর্ক্রশাদীঝামী ক্লমঝান্থীশাণ্টিঝা থেঝা ঘ্রমান্যমর্শ্রন্থ Chapter Six:

Moah and the Great Flood 2

Adapted from Genesis 8:20-9:17

6.1 In our previous story, God destroyed the evil people of Noah's time. But he had mercy on Noah and his family. They alone were saved from the great flood.

6.2 When Noah came out of the boat, he built an altar, and from each clean type of animal he made a burnt offering to show reverence to God. God smelled the fragrance and thought, "Since I know that from birth the thoughts of man's heart are evil, from now on even though man's heart is evil, I will not punish the earth. As I have just destroyed them now, from now on I will not cut off all living things." And God blessed Noah and his sons, saying: "Have many descendants; they will increase on the earth. And all

जेदुःईम्।या

#### र्वे छ दरकुर्येष केव ये। यहेशय।

वर्गेर्या 8:20-9:17 वाम्बिम्बा

6.2 र्से क्रुब्र| गुं ने दब्र क्षेत्र क्षेत्र

the animals will fear you. I will put them under your power. And I give all the living things to you for food; as previously I gave the plants, now I give all of them to you for food. However, do not eat meat with blood in it because life is in the blood. I will make this promise to you and your descendants and the animals that came out of the boat. From now on, I will not destroy them or the earth with another flood. This is the promise I make to you. The sign of the promise with all the creatures that are with you and with all future generations is this: Among the clouds of the sky I have put a rainbow. It is the sign of the promise made between myself and the world. When clouds cover the earth, and I see the rainbow in the clouds, I will remember the promise made with you and all creatures not to destroy them by means of a flood."

इस्राम् के द्रमान के त्राम के श्रेष्ट्रेम इम्मान्यार्क्षे स्त्रीत्यायलेव न्यूष्य वस्त्र वस्त्र वस्त्र वस्त्र वस्त्र वस्त्र वस्त्र वस्त्र वस् ୢୄ୕<sub>ଽ</sub>ୖ୴୕୵୳ୡ୕<u>ୣ</u>ୠୡୖ୶ଽ୶୶ୖୢଌ୕୶୳ୡୖ୶୶୶୰୶ଽ୶ଽ୶୶୰ଽୄ୷ଡ଼୶ୄ୵ୗୣଵ୕୷୷ୄଌୣୗ୵ୄୢଈ୕ୄ୴ୡୣ୲୕୷ୡୢୗ୶୷୷ୄୠ र्वेग क्रेन र्ये भेन्न ने सम्बन्ध कर क्षेत्र सम्बन्ध कर स्थान के सम्बन्ध कर सम्बन्ध के सम्बन्ध के सम्बन्ध कर स ॱय़ढ़ॱऄॺॺॱॼॺॱॿॺॺॱॼॸॱॸॸॱऻॱॱॺॱढ़ॕॸॺॱय़ढ़॓ॱॸऀॻऻॺॱॿॗॸॗॱग़ॖॺॱॺढ़ॺॱॸॖॱॺॱक़ॸॱॿॖॆॸॱय़ढ़॓ॱक़ॺऻॵऄॱढ़ॸऀॱ ्रभ्रम्भेत्। म्वस्याचीःश्चेत्रायदेः नचीत्यायाम्बादहतः विमायर्ज्ञम्बायाने वे तहेमाहेतः नम्पर्याया [यःकन् नुकायते:ह्याकाः धेव] धनः दक्षात्रकाः स्वावतेः स्वेतः नुक्षेतः नुक्षेत्रः नुक्षेतः नुक्षेतः स्वावतः स्वाव अर्वेट्स प्रमान विन्दें न्ट्से अवाउन वसवाउन सुर्येषा गोवा सेन्य र से त्युट्य दीव कन वुवाय ने दशःद्वायम्यः । "वेशाम्ब्रस्य।



6.3 After hearing the story about Noah and the flood, you may wonder, "Noah made a blood-sacrifice to God, but God did not punish him for taking the life of a living being. Isn't it sinful to take life?" God made people and animals to be different from each other. God created animals to live in this world only. Animals cannot do good or evil. Animals cannot have a relationship with God. But God created people to live in his presence forever. People can choose to do good or evil. People can have a relationship with God, because they are made in his image. Just as a loving father corrects his children's behavior, so God punishes disobedient people, so that they may hate what is evil and do what is good. If no one were punished for sin, mankind would become even worse than before the great flood. The punishment for sin is death, so if everyone were punished for sin, mankind would be destroyed. Although Noah deserved death because of his own sin, God in mercy accepted the death of an animal substitute in place of the death of Noah. Since people sin every day, in ancient times animal sacrifices had to be offered again and again.

6.3 दर्ग्याया र्देष्ण-द्रम्हुर्येष् छेद्र-देदेश्चुम्इब्स्व्याह्य-त्र्र्ण्येष्ठान्त्र्यम् अर्द्धन्य्यायम्। न्रोवित्यक्ष्यां मीश्रास्थ्यश्वरार्श्वमा पार्डेन् श्वेन्यादे श्वेन्यादे स्थाने स्थ र्शेग्रायदेः यदः मृतिषाः शेः ग्रेग् ययः सह्य श्रेशः स्वायदे स्वर्थः स्वरः यहं सः स्वरः यहः स्वरः स्वरः स्वरः स ट्रेक्ट्रंश्चायबरादवाचेट्रिंशे श्रीदायम् द्र्यावासक्याद्वायायाचेदावयमावया देखसार्ख्या हे न्रॉवियार्केन्नियार्थे क्षात्र्यात्यात्र्यात यहर्। श्रीम्थ्याचीश्रात्यश्चाचनार्त्वत्यात्यश्चाचनाः व्रीत्श्चित्। श्रीम्थ्याः व्रीत्राक्ष्याः व्रीत्याः ऱ्यर्गेद्रप्यस्यहंद्रप्यश्रवेदर्दरव्देवायार्षद्शेद्र। व्यस्यस्यस्य स्वर्ध्यप्यत्यावेषाः क्रीसः स्वर् बुं मुति हुँ द्वाया योग्नाया देवा महिंदाया हुन। दर्गीय अर्हेग मी वायायाया यो अत्याय स्वर्थाया स्वर्धाया स्वर् **<sup>8</sup> हैग 'देश** ग्री 'देंद 'त्य 'देश कर माहत दश्य अध्यें मात। अदे 'देश शारी 'दद 'त्य दी सुर्ये मा अपुर प्रदेश हैं दा श्री रुषाया संसे केरावर्षे प्राप्त श्रुर्व क्षेत्र केषा श्री विषय संस्था से प्राप्त स्था से प्राप्त स्था से प्राप्त युः मुन् युक्तः भेका कर्मार्हेराय राष्ट्रस्य । अदेः रेमाका अर्राय रासद्दिरका ध्येत। विः सरामी क्षेमा भेका युः मुन्योक्षार्वे स्थाने द्वार्या मार्चे न्याये देवा कर्षाया विषा कर्षाया विषा कर्षाया द्वार्या स्थान स्थान स्थान 

But sacrifices cannot change people's hearts. So God decided to send into the world a perfect mediator who could take away sins once for all. God did this through the descendants of a man named Abram, whom we will meet in our next story.

6.4 Key Point:

The death of a substitute is required in order to take away sin.

हेव.ज.शटव.त्तर्था ज्याक्षाक्षेत्राचेश्वाच्यावितः त्युः स्थान्य प्राचितः स्थान्य प्राचित्राच्याः स्थान्य स्थान

6.4 वरार्देवागुर्रेश्च। भ्रैगान्त्रेश्चान्नविधान्यदेकेन्तुः र्क्यान्तेन्याम्बराविधानिः नुर्गेन्य।





Chapter Seven:

Abraham the Man Who Believed God 1

Adapted from Genesis 12:1-8, 10-20; 13:1-15; 15:1-6

7.1 After the great flood, Noah's descendants greatly increased. Among them was a man called Abram. Abram lived around the 19th century B.C., in a city called Ur in Mesopotamia. Abram and his wife Sarai later moved to a city called Haran, in what is now Turkey. It was in Haran that God spoke to Abram.

7.2 God said, "Now leave your homeland and your relatives and go to the land I will show you. I will increase your descendants and that they will become a great nation. I will bless you so that you will become a blessing to others; you will become famous. I will bless those

येद्यन्त्रया

## प्रयाम्बर्धियाः वी प्रयादः या प्रदास्य विद्याप्य विद्य विद्याप्य विद्य विद्य विद्याप्य विद्याप्य विद्याप्य विद्याप्य विद्याप्य विद्याप्

র্ম্ব্রা 12:1-8, 10-20; 13:1-15; 15:1-6 ঝ স্থিকা

त्रशास्त्र प्रस्ति स्वास्त्र स्वस्त्र स्वास्त्र स्वस्त्र स्वास्त्र स्वास्त्र स्वास्त्र स्वास्त्

7.2 र्या श्रुका व्याचे स्वाचित्र अर्क्षेत्र मिक्ष प्राप्त प्रमान्त्र वित्र स्वाचित्र प्राप्त स्वाचित्र प्राप्त स्वाचित्र प्रमान्त्र प्राप्त स्वाचित्र स्वाचित्र स्वाचित्र प्राप्त स्वाचित्र स्वाचित

who bless you, and I will punish those who curse you. And through you all the nations of the world will be blessed." When Abram was seventy-five years old, according to God's command, he and his wife Sarai, and his younger brother's son Lot, came out from the city of Haran, taking their servants and all their wealth, and went to the land of Canaan. When they arrived, they went through the country and came to a holy place called Shechem. Then God appeared to Abram and said, "I will give this land to your descendants"; so at that place Abram made an altar in order to worship God. He went to the mountain district east of the town of Bethel, and pitched his tent between Bethel and Ai. There again he made an altar and worshiped God.

7.3 After this, Abram and his wife Sarai visited the land of Egypt, and then came back to Canaan settled there. God said to Abram, "Look around in all four directions from the place where you are standing. All the lands you see I will give to you and your descendants; they will

यायदेवा हो स्वरात्वी स्वराह्म स्वराहम स्वराह्म स्वराह्म स्वराहम स्वराह्म स्वराहम स्वराह्म स्वराहम स् व। लटाब्र्निट्यक्कुन्वसायस्यात्रीटामी से देमासाम्यस्य उत्वीतः ग्रीसार्त्तेवायमायकुरा भी ष्पयः रमः नृत्युदः स्वायः प्रति स्वायः प्रति स्वायः प्रति सम्यायः प्रति । विष्टः र्धे द्रमभ विद्वभावभाषाय दे दे राधमभाउदाय विराति १ १ र दे विराति भारति है से साम विद्व याञ्चेत्रम। देवसदर्गेव्यस्मेन्नेमान्नाम्यायायस्य प्रमान्नेन्यायायस्य प्रमान्ने . त्या तर् ह्यू रायराम् अति वा स्टिन्स स्टिन् मुक्षायगुरान्नेदायदेष्ठिरासर्केद्विः विषायक्षेष्रकात्रका। मूदान्नेरानेरानेतान्ने प्रस्कित्रकार्मे स्व सुरस्यायान्या देरविंदिनीयायान्यञ्चरायर्केत्वि विमायर्क्षेम्यात्रेन्यायर्केन्यायान्या 7.3 देते हे बाबु अवार्य अपन्य देवा विद्या प्राप्त के हिया सुराया सिवा सुराया के विद्या सुराया सुराया के विद्या सुराया सु र्येग दश्यविश्व क्याया दर्गेद सर्केग योश ष्या स्यायः "हिंद्य स्यायदेश स्व सार्धे या या विश्व स्याये न्ना ब्रिंन् ग्रीका अर्थेन प्रतिस्था वसका उन्ते प्रका ब्रिंन् न्ना क्रिंन् ग्री सुं क्रुन्द्र अका त्या क्रिंन् प्रमान क्रिंग् प्रमान क्रिंग् प्रमान क्रिंग् प्रमान क्रिंग् प्रमान क्रिंग् प्रमान क्रिंग क्रिं इस्रबर्त्रबर्गान्त्रत्तुं द्विद्वेद्वेदेषेत्र्। हिंद्ग्यीः सुक्त्यीः ग्राट्यं से स्वेत्। ग्राट्यं से स्वेत्। ग्राट्यं

be yours forever. No one will be able to count your descendants, because I will make them as many as the dust of the earth. Now go to all the land and look at it, for I will give you the whole land." Then Abram took up his tent, and going to the land of Hebron, remained at the Oaks of Mamre. In that place he built an altar to God.

7.4 Now Abram's nephew Lot separated from Abram and went to live in a city called Sodom. Sodom and another nearby city called Gomorrah were very wicked places. The kings of these two cities were defeated in a battle, and Lot became a prisoner of war. But Abram rescued Lot. As he returned from the victory over the kings, a priest named Melchizedek, king of Salem and a priest of God, met and blessed Abram. After that, God said to Abram in a vision, "Abram, do not fear. I will guard you like a shield to protect you from all danger; I will give you a great gift." But Abram said, "O Lord God who is a great king, since I have no child, your gift will not help me. Eliezer of Damascus will be my only heir. Since you have given me no child, one among my servants will later

त्यावश्व हो। श्रास्त्र प्राप्ति प्रस्ति प्रस्

त्र्येवका वृर्देशन्द्रदेशविकाकुःकण्वायदेः मूर्द्राक्षः स्वर्काकान्यवायदे मूर्वे Bुर-देनिकुशः ग्रीः मुखः दीं द्रमन् त्वयः खः यद्देशः द्रशः खें द्रः द्रायः श्रुर। देवः ग्रदाधयः रशः श्रीकाः ल्प्र-र्प्यश्चित्रात्वेदा मुलार्चाः इस्राज्ञात्यक्षाः मुलायदेः दस्राज्ञात्वयः देवत्राः सुप्राज्ञात्वाः स्वार्धे नी चे देन छे अ चे र प्रदेश तो अ से प्रदेश हो सुर प्रें प्रदा सुन से द र प्रें द र में द सकें मानी सकें द द प्रें मुकालयः म्यायह्यात्रवार्वेदायापुर्वात्रम्यात्रम् देववात्वयाम्बिम्वार्यः भूतवार्यात्रम्यात्रम् ष्याम्यायाः । यायहेषायाः विष्या म्यान्यायाः । यायाः विष्याः स्यान्ते । यायाः स्यान्ते । यायाः स्यान्ते । यायाः मार्डें में न्मेंद्र अर्क्षमा त्यम्बा म्या सुम्मुन्म केमा ग्राम्य अन्यत्मेंद्र मेंद्र नेपीत्र विन्यीकारायासुम्माकरायका दर्यमार्थिमार्यदेवरात्रकाम्डेमाहेकासुरदेशुवादहेत

become my heir." But God again said to Abram, "Eliezer will not be your heir; your own son shall be your heir." God led him outside and said, "Look at the sky, and if you can, count the stars. Your descendants also will become as many as the stars." Abram believed God, and God accounted him as righteous.

7.5 Abram and Sarai were very old when God spoke to them. Old people don't usually give birth to children. So perhaps it was hard for Abram and Sarai to believe God's promise. But Abram did believe God's word, so God graciously considered him to be wholly pure, just like someone who had never sinned. In doing so, God made a way for people to have a right relationship with himself, through faith. In our next story, God shows Abraham how the sacrifice of a mediator will make a way of salvation from sin, and be a blessing to all nations.

7.6 Key Point:

A right relationship with God comes by means of faith.

यमःत्युमःर्देमः "बेबाब्बा र्वेदागुम्पन्नीदायर्केषाःषीबायम्यम्भुमःष्यम्यस्याः । स्रोत्ये स्रोत्रे ने नेम्यदेः ૹ૽૽૽ૺૡૢ૽૽ૼૢૹ૽ૢ૽ૡૢઌૡૺ૽૽૱ૡ૱ૡૹૄૢ૱ૹ૽ૡૼઌ<u>૽</u>૽૽૽૽ૢૼૢ૱૱ઌ૽૽ૺ૱ૢૡૢઌઌ૽ૺ૱૱ૡ૽૽૱ૹ૱ઌ૽૽ૹૹૢ૱ૹ૽૱ ८८। २ मॅवि अर्केन में शार्वेदान्ती रेता नुःविन्ने "व्यासायमार्थे अन्या। अस्य अस्य अस्य निवान विव हिंद्रिः मुः सुद्राम् स्थाः स्था अर्क्षेषाः यः नदः यः ग्रुषः यश्रा देवे दर्गावः अर्केषाः वीषाः विदः इसः यसः नषाः यदे श्रेः विषाः यः यञ्जिषाः वाव 7.5 त्योताचा न्रोंत्यसर्केनाचीकार्वेन्याकेकात्वाचाकुरकायत्रक्ष्म्यकासुष्क्रायस्य स्थापनायस्य देश्वे वंचित्रःतृःम्बायदेशेषोव। अदक्षेयःर्याःम्बायाद्वस्रवाण्चीश्वासुःस्।स्रोद्वासाध्याप्रस्याप्याप्रसाम् ष्मेश्वरभूष्यः भक्त्याः स्वत्ताः स्वतः स *ची प्रमादः सार् प्रमाद्या प्रमाद्या प्रमाद्या स्थाप्त स्थाप्त स्थाप्त स्थाप्त सार्व साम्याद्य सार स्थाप्त सार स्थाप्त स्थाप्त सार स्थाप्त स्थाप्त सार स्थाप्त स्थाप्त सार स्थाप्त सार स्थाप्त सार स्थापत स्यापत स्थापत स्* यदेशे विषा या प्रज्ञेश्वा विष्य प्रज्ञेश्वा विषय प्रज्ञेश विषय प्रविषय प्रज्ञेश विषय प्रज्ञेश विषय प र्धे विवायित्यम् विवासहित्। विवासहित्रा हे साम्राम् विवासिताम् विव ૽૾ૢૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૹૹૹ૽૽ૢૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૹ૾૽ૹ૽૽ૹૹૹ૱ૠઌ૽૾ઌૹઌ૽૽૱ઌૢ૽૱ઌ૽૱૱૽૽ૼઌ૱૽ૺઌ૽ૼ૱ૡ૱ઌ૽૽ૺ૱ૺ૱ૺ য়৾৽ঽয়য়৻য়য়য়৻য়৻৻য়৾ৢয়৻য়ৢয়য়৻য়ৢ৻৻য়ৢৄৼ৻

7.6 व्यार्चेव गर्डे ये।

न्त्रीत्र अर्क्षेण 'न्द्र द्वेष 'च 'षण 'चें 'वे 'न्द्र परे क्वें 'व्या द्वूदर्दे ।

Chapter Eight:

#### Abraham the Man Who Believed God 2

Adapted from Genesis 17:1-8; 21:1-6; 22:1-18

8.1 In our last story, God showed Abram a way to have a right relationship with himself through faith. In this story, God reveals that one of Abram's descendants will be a blessing to all nations.

8.2 When Abram was ninety-nine years old, God appeared to him and said, "I am God almighty. Always obey me and be blameless. I will make my covenant with you, and make your descendants increase greatly." Abram prostrated in worship, and God said, "I will make you the father of many peoples. This is the promise I have made with you. From now on you will not be called Abram; you will be called Abraham, for I will make you the father of many nations". (The meaning of Abraham is 'father of many.' God also

येद्यमुन्य।

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दर्गे ५ दर्ग १७:१-८; २१:१-६; २२:१-१८ त्य न जैन हा

8.1 र्रिश्चेत्। र्याक्तुश्चर्यायायविवादर्गावायार्वेवायां वाष्यायायायात्रायात्रात्रात्रीं वश्चायाः विवादायाः यायमार्चे र्झयायदे त्यसा दिमा यम्भवायमा सर्वा विश्व स्वाप्त स्वापत स्वाप्त स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्य कुर्णे वरवस्र भे विषा भे रेषास्र वस्र संस्ति । विष्य स्त्र स्त्र स्त्र स्त्र स्त्र स्त्र स्त्र स्त्र स्त्र स्त 8.2 वें क्रुश ष्याम्यान् सुद्धें प्ता द्वा द्वी द्वी देव प्रति स्तर्भें प्रति स्वर्धें स्वर्धें प्रति स्वर्धें स्वर्यें स्वर्धें स्वर्धें स्वर्धें स्वर्धें स्वर्यें स्वर्धें स्वर्धें स्वर्यें स्वर्धें स्वर्ध यम् अर्द्रन्दे "म्बे द्वम्युव स्व पर्व द्वम्यूव अर्क्षेष्य अर्क्षेष्य विष्य पर्व प्रमातः स्व स्व स्व स्व स्व स र्भ्रुवासेन्यावेषाः विषाः मञ्जूद्रभा ष्यतः रसः मुक्ताः सुना रसंभातः प्राप्तः । दर्गात् रस्रे संभाविताः स्थ्रास्त्रे स्थानिताः स्थानितः स यर्त्रापुरम्भार्त्राराष्ट्रीयत्राची वर्त्रच्यात्राच्चित्राच्चेत्राच्चेत्राच्चेत्राच्चेत्राच्चेत्राच्चेत्राच्चेत् ॴल्यास्यास्थासे नेत्रा ब्रिन्गी सेन्छान प्राप्त प्राप्त स्वाप्त (ल्या स्वाप्त स्वा

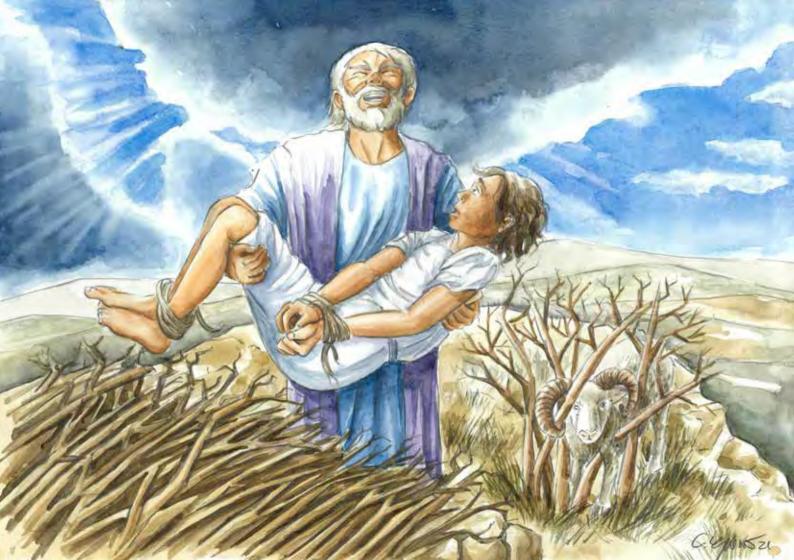
gave Abram's wife a new name - Sarah, meaning 'princess.') God continued, "I will very greatly increase your descendants so that they will become many nations. Even kings will come from your descendants. And I will keep my eternal promise to you and all your descendants; and I will be your God and the God of all who come after you. And I will give the place where you are now living as a foreigner, the entire land of Canaan, to you and your descendants, as an eternal possession. And I will be the God of all your descendants." As God said, he showed favor to Abraham's wife Sarah and she became pregnant, and when Abraham was old, at the time God had said, she had a son. Abraham named the boy Isaac. When Isaac was born, Abraham was a hundred years old. 8.3 After all these things happened, God said to Abraham to test him, "Abraham!" He replied, "Here I am", and God said, "Now take your own only son Isaac whom you love, and go to the country of Moriah. On the mountain that I will show you, kill him and offer him as a burnt offering." The following day, Abraham got up early and cut the wood for the burnt offering, and then put a saddle on

दशः हिंद् ग्री:तुः कुद्दित् तुत्र हुः अदः दें श्रिलः हे कुलावयः अदः दें दर त्युदः यदः तु। कुलः दें द्वअशः ग्रदः हिंद् ग्री: युः कुन्यमार्यवुद्धायमार्ययुद्धा व्यानस्य कुन्यक्षम् अन्यत्ये विष्ट्यात्रामाः कन्निः विष्ट्राचीः स्वर्षास्यते त् कुन्वस्यक्तरन्त्रस्यक्रस्तु अन्तर्यस्य । यन्तिन्त्रम्यिः स्तु स्वस्यक्त्रम्यः स्वर्णे स्वर्णे स्वर्णे स्वर्णे षेत्रयम् त्युम् "तेत्राम् सुम्बा पृग्विम अर्केण मीत्राम सुम्बायाय तेत्रपुष्णयाम पृथा या वरा हु। या नर्गित्यस्क्रिंग नीक्षाविद्यायः क्रिंत्यक्षाम्बद्यायदे नुकादे मक्षाम्य स्वाप्त विवास्त्रेका अयाम क्रिंग स्वीक्षाः 

8.3 चु-च-विन्न्य अक्षाच्याव मान्य विद्या अक्षाच्या चित्र में अक्षाच्या चित्र में अक्षाच्या चित्र में अक्षाच्या चित्र में अप्या चित्र में अपया चित्र में चित्र में अपया चित्र में अपया चित्र में चित्र में अपया चित्र में च

a donkey, and taking two servants and son Isaac, went out to the place God showed him. On the third day, Abraham saw the place from a distance. Then Abraham said to the servants, "Wait here with the donkey. The boy and I will go over there and worship, and return to you." He made Isaac carry the wood for the burnt offering. Abraham carried the fire-embers and a knife. As the two of them went on together, Isaac said to his father Abraham, "Father", and Abraham answered, "Here I am, my son." Isaac asked, "The wood, and the fire-embers are here, but where is the lamb for the burnt offering?" Abraham said "God himself will give us a lamb." And the two of them went on together. When they reached the place God had shown him, Abraham made an altar, arranged the firewood on it, bound his son Isaac, and set him on top of the firewood of the altar. Then Abraham took up a knife to kill his son, but God's messenger called from heaven, "Abraham, Abraham!" and he said, "Here I am" and the messenger said, "Don't touch the boy, or do any harm to him. Now I know that you truly obey God, for you have not kept even

विद्यउत्। देवशर्वेद्यः विषायाञ्चायमुयावश्च। वर्षिषार्यायाविश्वाद्यः स्थायाविद्यात्रे मक्र्या.चीम्रान्यक्षेत्र.वायरान्यप्राच्याक्षाः स्त्र्या वया.वास्त्रभानाः तात्राक्षनाः सः स्त्रमः सः स्त्रमः स अर्वेदा देवकालयः राष्ट्रमा श्रीका वार्षावा या त्या "बिंदार्क्षे वेदासु अवसातु देव स्वेदारी वार्षावा या विकास अःकर्नरक्षित्रः हेन्यक्षेत्रः यगुरः चुकात्वकाः र्ह्वर्ह्वदेश्वरः स्वायाः विकायन्। क्षेत्रः क्षेत्रः विवायो स्व मृगायायत्तरमञ्जूनावमा अयामानुमा श्रीमायाचीमायाची विष्यायत्विमानुमायाची नुषा क्षेर्भूमामीबाक्षयामञ्ज्ञाया "ददेष्ययायम्बा" विवायम्दन्त्रवायम् दुष्यामञ्ज्ञा मुक्ष "ददेःतुःदःदिःदुःर्छेदः"केश्रायम्। श्रेष्य्वाक्षेश्याक्षेशः भ्रोत्वेदःद्रद्रभ्रोध्यत्वार्थेद्रगुद्रः। श्रेष्ठाश्चेवाकोः ૄ કુંમ્યું સું મુન્યું સું સું મુન્યું સુ बिगामवर्ष्यर"बिश्रायम्वर्वशा विंर्स्वमिन्नश्चा विंर्स्वमिन्नश्चरम्वर्मिन्नश्चरम्वरम्वरम्वरम्वरम्वरम्वरम्वरम्वरम् मवर्षासुर्भेपर्भात्रम्। अयः राष्ट्रमाण्चीर्भात्रेरासक्रेत्वि विषाप्तर्भेश्वर्भात्रे सेहराया से प्राप्त स्वाप्त रदा रद्या ति. श्रुया प्रक्राश्चा त्राश्चा त्राष्य त्राष्य त्राष्य त्राष्य त्राष् धुरम् मे देखम् म्हारम् देव ग्राम्प्रम् मे विद्यान्य में विद्यान्य में विद्यान "अयाराज्या अयाराज्या"वेयार्ययायात्रा विया"रावरीरार्वेत्"लुयात्रया द्वाक्या ह्वान्या यमायासुर्यास्रासेम् सुर्देर्यामार्केद्रायाम् स्थानस्थास्य सुद्रा द्रिस्ते द्रिस्ति सुर्वे स्थानस्य र्दे देवराम क्रम्यम। पृष्टिं पृण्चे भाष्यों व मर्के मा मी यमावायाय यहे व सम्ववाया है सम्बन्ध स्थानिक स्थानिक स



your only son from me." And Abraham looked around and saw a ram whose horns were caught in a place where the bushes were thick, so he took the sheep, and killed it in place of his son and gave it as a burnt offering. And Abraham called that place 'God will provide the offering.' God's angel called Abraham again, "God himself promises, 'I swear on my name, because in faith you didn't withhold your only son from me, I will certainly bless your descendants, increasing them like the stars in the sky and the sand on the seashore; your descendants will be victorious over their enemies. Because you obeyed me, through your descendants all the nations of the earth will be blessed." Then Abraham and Isaac went back to the two servants, and with them returned to his place at Beersheba and stayed there.

8.4 God gave Abraham two commands: the first was that he must kill his son Isaac and make him a burnt offering; and the second that Isaac was to marry and have descendants. So then, how was it possible for Isaac to marry if he had to die? Abraham was a man of great faith, and he knew what to do.

विंत्रु विंद्र द्राया विंद्र व अर्केन्यम्ख्या यम्ष्यामम्ब्राचीश्वास्त्रस्त्रे से स्वर्धेन्यम्बर्यम् बेशायनगर्भा नर्गेत्यसर्केग्यो वीर्षे किनेशाविद्यावस्य तथा अया साम्याय सुरावेशाने "नर्गेत्यसर्केग् केन्ग्रीकारकाराधीः भेरार्वेषावकान्मायङकायवषान्त्रे। हिन्ग्रीः नन्याने स्वराभवेदावकाहिन्यराषीः सु मुडेग्'स्रदःस'दरायम् दम्'हिन्'ग्रे'स् कुर्'यदेम्'यर्'तुद्वेद्'ग्रेभ'यर्भ्यतम्'द्रम् वस्यायर्'स् तद्रश्चरम्याद्रम् मळ्टुद्रम्मवद्रायात् द्रायदे ने मान्यात् म्याद्रम् मान्यात् मान्यात् मान्यात् मान्यात् मान्या त्रम्भियात्रम् त्रशुर्व हिन्ग्रीकाम् देशयात्रायायायात्रकान्त्रम् स्त्रीकान्त्रीकान्त्रम् स्त्रीकान्त्रम् स्त्र वस्रकर्त्याचीत्रः क्रूपकार्ववृद्ययम् रत्युमः "लेकाम्बर्यक्ष। ने त्रकालयः मन्त्रान्दाले सूर्यामर्थियाः वें। मानेका ग्री इस्बीस र्यमा वका विं कें प्रस्थान्य पुरस्य में स्वीत्र के स्वीत्र

8.4 त्योत्पाच। दर्गात्मअर्छेन् मीश्राध्याः सङ्ग्रात्पायम् त्याकेश्वान्त्रम् दर्भाद्याः मीश्राध्याः मीश्राध्याः मिश्राध्याः मिश्राधः मिश्राधः

He obeyed God's commandment, knowing that God would provide a sacrifice in place of Isaac. For this reason Abraham told the servants, 'Wait here with the donkey. The boy and I will go over there and worship, and return to you', and so it happened. In this way, God showed Abraham that his son Isaac was an example of the coming mediator. This mediator would take away our sins by dying in our place, and give us a right relationship with God.

8.5 Key Point:

God will send a mediator who will take away our sin.

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8.5 वर र्नेव गर्डे में। र्नोव अर्केग गीम क्षेम लेख खेला चरेय रही विमा अरम्ब प्राप्त रही मा Chapter Nine:

The Shepherd and the Burning Bush

Adapted from Exodus 2:11-21; 3:1-20

9.1 In our previous story, God showed Abraham that all nations would be blessed through his descendants. One of those descendants was a man named Moses. This is his story.

9.2 After Abraham and Isaac returned from the land of Moriah, Isaac married and had a son named Jacob. When Jacob became an adult, God gave him a new name, Israel. Israel had twelve sons, whose descendants later became twelve tribes. In order to escape a famine, these twelve tribes left the land of Canaan and settled in the land of Egypt. There the people of Israel increased greatly and became slaves of the Egyptian king, Pharaoh. For four hundred years they were mistreated, until the birth of an Is-

येद्रद्रमु'या

#### स्याहे 'द्रासे खे 'द्रास्य रावदे केंस्या

वेग्राया 2:11-21; 3:1-20 यःग्रावेग्रा

9.1 द्र्श्चित्। ज्यामुकार्स्ट्रन्यायविवाद्ग्याविवादित्यम् स्वित्। देवाकास्त्रस्य स्वत्यास्त्रस्य स्वतः स्वत्यास्त्रस्य स्वतः स्वतः स्वतः स्वतः स्वतः स्वतः स्वतः स्वतः स्वतः स्व र्यो ने विकासिकास्त्रस्य स्वतः स

9.2 र्या क्षुत्र। अयः मन्त्रान्दाक्षः त्रूपाः वित्रान्द्रात्रे स्वाप्तः त्रुपाः वित्रान्द्रात्रे स्वाप्तः त्रिपाः वित्रान्द्रात्रे स्वाप्तः त्रुपाः स्वाप्तः त्रुपाः स्वाप्तः त्रुपाः स्वाप्तः त्रुपाः स्वाप्तः त्रुपाः वित्रान्द्रात्रे स्वाप्तः स्वापतः स्वापतः



raelite named Moses. Moses grew up in the household of Pharaoh and became an educated man. When he was about forty years old, he went out to see his brother Israelites. When he saw an Egyptian mistreating an Israelite, he defended the man and avenged him by killing the Egyptian. The following day he saw two Israelites fighting, and when he tried to intervene, he said to them, "You two are brothers, so why are you fighting?" But the one who was mistreating his brother pushed Moses away and said, "Who appointed you a ruler and judge over us? Do you want to kill me as you killed the Egyptian yesterday?" Hearing this, Moses fled from Egypt and lived as a foreigner in the land of Midian. There he married a local woman and became a shepherd.

9.3 One day, while Moses was watching the sheep near a mountain called Sinai, he saw a burning thorn bush. Though the bush was burning, it was not consumed by the flames. When he drew near to have a closer look at this, the voice of God came to him, saying, "Moses, Moses." Moses was terrified and covered his face with his hands, saying, "Here I

क्रॅब्रायाओं वे वे त्वराखें त्वी श्रवार्ये दे तु त्वराया क्षेत्राया वर्षा वे त्वराया वर्षा ते त्वराया वर्षा वि तदुःवेश्वानुःवस्रश्चन्त्रभूतश्चान्यास्यायम् शुरा विदःविष्यनुःविष्यनुःवस्यान्यस्यान्यस्य ह्युतः त्त्रुः धैः से र स्थेतः यः द्वर्या या विवासाय या विवासाय विवासा याः भूगः चें महिंदायरम् विम्यायदेः भ्रयमास्य। भेरिरसुदः भूयः चुनः हे संस्वेर में स्वाप्तः स्वाप्तः स्वाप्तः से तुःभे हेयः य दे यहुर अवश्य यश्ता देवे ही देवे ही देवे ही सार्वे हैं देवे स्वराव स्वराव है आ ही सार्वे ही हो देवे विरायः "ब्रिन्ट क्रिकेन्यर मुक्ताविष्ठ निर्मा विरायः विरायः निर्मा विरायः विरायः निर्मा विरायः विरायः निर्मा विरायः विरायः विरायः निर्मा क्षेत्रस्य देः व्यवः व्यवः व्यवः व्यवः व्यवः द्वेत्यः वित्रः वित् 9.3 हैन विषा सुरार्झ्न या सं विकासी नृष्विका निर्माय देने विषा वी तिविका सा सुषा ति स्वीका सा सुषा ति स्वीका स शुर्व र्यानेबान्यर्वेद्यव्याणायस्व त्युष्ट्रा देवाव्य शुक्षाक्षायदे से त्रात्रेय स्वाप्य स्वाप्य स्वाप्य गर्डिं में न्योंद सर्हिया यी महाम् मुन्युर हो "र्से में। र्से में लेका महाम् वा दिया का सुना हो से विश्वाम्द्रित्यम् यश्वाप्यश्वाप्यश्वाप्यश्वाप्यस्य विश्वाप्यस्य । निर्माद्रायस्य विश्वाप्यस्य । निर्माद्रायस्य

am." God said to him, "The place where you are standing is holy ground; take off your shoes. I am the God of your ancestors Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. I have seen the suffering of my people Israel and heard their cries of pain; I have come down to save them and to lead them to the land of Canaan which I promised to their ancestors. Now come, I will send you to the land of Egypt." Moses answered, "Who am I to go before Pharaoh king of Egypt and to lead the people of Israel out of that land?" God said, "I will be with you; and you will worship me on this mountain. This is the sign that you will lead the people of Israel out of Egypt." Moses said to God, "If I go to the people of Israel and say to them, 'The God of your ancestors has sent me to you' and they ask me 'What is his name?' what shall I say to them?" God said to Moses, "Say to the Israelites, the one called 'I am' has sent me to you. They will believe you, and together with their elders you will go before Egypt's king and say to him, 'Yaweh God has met with us. Now let us go a three days' journey into the wilderness so that we may make offerings to him.' But unless

र्बे्द्रभावे मत्रमा अर्केमा धिव प्यमा सुमा स्वापित प्रति । स्वी हिंद्र श्री अर्था सामा स्वापित षा गॅयि ग्री दिया के प्राप्त के प इम्बाद्यार्थ्य मान्या विक्रियमुप्यात्र स्वाधार्यात्र स्वाधार केर्र्रुअरायवश्याधीत्। र्र्विषायादशार्द्वेर्षि हेयास्यार्रु वहिंदायराष्ट्र "बेश्वाम्बुद्रश्रा यवः <u> नृत्युदर्श्</u>र्वायार्थे वेश्वा "क्षेट्या स्वाया की क्वायार्थे सम्पर्धि ते नुदानुत्वर्शे वान्दा विषये। सेवाश्वाय इस्राक्षाक्षे हेया सुत्या द्वा हुँ म्बार्क्ष स्वीत्राम्बार हुँ स्वीत् स्वार "वेशायन्। नर्गे दासर्वे मार्गे वा स ार्चित्रप्रत्यम् अपने । वित्रिच्छी अपने प्रतिभाषाम् अपना सङ्गेष्ठ प्रति । वित्रे । देग्रवाको हेयास्याची त्राव्यको स्वावित् स्वावायित स्वावायित । "लेका म्राह्म व्यावित स्वावायिक स् **५ त्रावि अर्थेया त्या सम्बोधिया सम्बोधिया सम्बोधिया सम्बोधिय स्थापित स्थापित सम्बोधिया समितिया समितिया** ग्री-दुर-तु-अरग्राक्षक्षात्रेर-व्याक्रिक्षार-व्याक्रिक्षा अळ्य क्षेत्रक्षेत्र-वियान्त्र स्वाक्रिक्ष क्षेत्र-क्षेत्र यन्। नर्गित्यार्क्केषाःषीत्रात्युदःश्लेत्याः श्लेष्यः श्लेष्यः यात्र्यः स्वायाः स्वयाः स्वयाः स्वयाः स्वयाः स्वयाः स्वयाः स्वयाः स्वयाः स्वयाः स्वयः स्व ब्रिट्कुपुः इत्याया वा विवास व त्यस्याद्मस्याद्मस्य द्रायस्य स्याप्तात्रे ह्या स्याप्ता स्याप्तात्रे स्यापत्रे स्यापत् इत्यह्यात्राधित्। इतेद्रम्भश्चात्रीश्वीर्याय्यात्रक्ष्यात्र्यात्रक्ष्यात्रात्त्र्यात्रम्भ्यात्र्यात्रक्ष्यात्र 

the Egyptians see miraculous signs, Egypt's king will not allow you to go. So I will strike Egypt and do great wonders in it. Then he will let you go."

9.4 God gave Moses the power to do signs and wonders to show to the people of Egypt. But Moses was not gifted in speech, and he asked God to send someone else in his place. God said to Moses, "Your brother Aaron will speak for you" and again he commanded Moses to go back to Egypt. So Moses returned to Egypt, and he and Aaron spoke to Pharaoh the king as God had told them to do. But the king's heart was hardened and he not only refused to let the people go, he oppressed the Israelites even more harshly. So Moses did nine great miracles which put the gods of the Egyptians to shame. Still Pharaoh did not let the people go.

9.5 Key Point:

God is 'I am', the always-existing One, who sees the suffering of his people.

૽૽ૢ૾<sub>ॱૹ૾ૢ૾</sub>ઌઃૣૻૹ<sub>૽ૺ</sub>ૹૢ૽ૼઽૹ૽ૢૼ૽૱ૢ૽ૺ૾ૡ૬ૢઌૄ૽૽૽૽ઽ૽ૣૹ૽૽ૢ૱ૹ૽૾ૢૹ૽ૻઽૹૹ૾૽૽ૺ૽૾૱ઌ૿ઌ૽ઌ૽ૡ૽૽ૢૼઌ૽૽૾ૢ૱૱૱૱૽ૺઌ૽૽૱૽ यार्ट्सक्ष्मक्षेयते नुष्य नुष्य देवार्ष्मार्वे मार्चे मार् 9.4 दश्चेयाय। नृगेंवासर्केषाशिकासुदार्झेवायार्सेनायाकेष्ट्रियायात्त्रसम्भावार्याङ्गेवायार्देनावार्याङ्गेवायार्देनावार्या सक्तायदार्द्वाचेत्यदास्यास्य स्वामवदा। द्वायादास्य स्वाप्तात्रास्य स्वाप्तात्रास्य स्वाप्तात्रास्य स्वाप्तात्र ૡઃસ૾ઃગલ્दःલेगःगहेंदःचरःૡ્ষ। ५गेंदःसळेंगःगेशः"हिंद्गीःगहरःदेःषःरेदःमीशहंदागीःरेदःसः<u>स</u> चरत्रशुरः"बेशमञ्जूदश्वश्वरासुराङ्ग्रेवःयार्थे वे त्याके हेवासुवात् स्वीरार्वे मायवे चगावाम् वदा ने यश्चात्रास्त्रम् त्यार्थे से हो हो स्थार् सुन्य पुर्वे सार्थिय हो स्थार्थ स्थार्थ स्थार्थ स्थार्थ स्थार्थ स्थार · अर्थि: पुरानु : बेंदा तुर्वा के प्रामित : बोर्चा की का नाम ना सुर का पा सून मुझुका। विताय सिन की को का की का त्शुरावश्राभी श्रीराक्षेत्राया द्वस्रशाय श्रीरासा स्वापाय स्वर्षा विश्वा श्रेव त्यश्रा स्वापाय स्वित स्वर्णा स मर्दिन नुमा देते मुन्द मुन्द स्थान स्यान स्थान स्यान स्थान स्यान स्थान स चतः भ्रुः द्वस्रसः वः इंद्वः चरः सर्द्र। ५:५५ स्कुवः चें खरः र्षे खराधे से राक्षेवः चः द्वस्यसः वर्षे रह्या चरुवा 9.5 व्रद्धिव गर्डे वें। न्रॉव्यक्रिंग्वे केन्त्री केन्त्री केन्त्र कार्यी सूर्या प्रस्था या निया कार्या कार्या

"दर्रि" ब्रेश बेर घ दे धेवा





Chapter Ten:

Escape from Egypt

Adapted from Exodus 12:1-32

10.1 In our previous story, Pharaoh, king of Egypt, cruelly oppressed the people of Israel. Pharaoh's heart was hard, and he paid no attention to God's commands. It seemed there was no way for the Israelites to be delivered from Pharaoh's oppression.

10.2 One day, God told the prophet Moses and his brother Aaron that the time had come for the Israelites to leave Egypt. Telling them how to prepare, he said, "Each household should select a flawless lamb and kill it in the evening. Pour its blood into a bowl and soak a bunch of hyssop leaves in it. Use the leaves to put the lamb's blood on either side of the door and above it. In every home the Israelites should eat a meal of roasted lamb, bitter herbs, and unleavened bread. They are to have sandals on their feet and a staff in their hands, and eat as though ready to flee. None

जेतुःचडुःय।

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विग्राय। 12:1-32 व्याम्बिग्रा

10.2 र्यः क्रुक्ष। विद्वाल्यात्वर्यक्षे वर्ष्वर्यायका विद्याल्यात्वर्या विद्याल्यात्वर्याः विद्याल्याः विद्याल्याल्याः विद्याल्याः विद्यालयः विद्याल्याः विद्यालयः विद्याल्याः विद्याल्याः विद्याल्याः विद्याल्याः विद्याल्याः विद्याल्याः विद्याल्याः विद्याल्याः विद्यालयः विद्य

of you is to leave the house until morning. I the Lord will go through the land of Egypt this night and by killing all the firstborn of people and animals will judge the gods of Egypt. And the lamb's blood on the houses in which you dwell will be a sign for you. When I go through the land of Egypt and see that blood I will pass by, and your firstborn children will not die."

10.3 And so at midnight God went through the land of Egypt, passing by houses which had the sign of the lamb's blood on their doors, and not allowing the destroying angel to enter. But the destroyer entered the houses without this sign and all the firstborn in it died. God killed all the firstborn from the firstborn of Pharaoh on his throne to the prisoner sitting in jail, and all the firstborn of the animals. That night Pharaoh and his servants and all the Egyptians got up and great crying and wailing was heard, for there was not a house where someone hadn't died. But God spared the Israelites. The king of Egypt urgently called the prophet Moses and commanded that the people must leave, so they left Egypt. From that time the Passover has been a

10.3 देणदात्र अधिदायाद्रीता अर्केषा अधिदेया सुराय कुत्र त्र अधिय अपि क्रिंदे या स्वराय सिंत प्राय क्कॅंदि:क्कॅटर्, द्वुम्बर्यदे:ख्रम्दे:व्यायायी:हम्बर्यरेम्बर्वम्यत्वस्य निर्म बुट्यावय्देश्वावद्यः इस्रबावदः दुनुवाबायद्वायः यस्य सहि। द्वायाः हम्बाबादे सेट्यदेशवद्यः म्बिम्बान्द्रम् विद्याप्तर्वत्त्रात्त्र्याविद्यात्त्रात्त्रम्यात्रात्त्रम्यात्र्यात्त्रम्यात्रम्यात्रम् શું) ત્તુવાલિ વાર્સ્ટ્રિયાર્સ્ટ્રિયાર્સ્ટ્રિયાર્સ્ટ્રિયાર્સ્ટ્રિયાસ્ટ્રિયાસ્ટ્રિયાર્સ્ટ્રિયા यम्तुःवस्रक्षान्द्रम् तृद्रत्वेतिः क्र्र्वाक्षेत्रम्भ्रक्षावस्रक्षान्द्रम् सर्वतः स्वादिः स्वतिः स्वादिः स्वादः स्वादिः स्वादिः स्वादिः स्वादिः स्वादिः स्वादिः स्वादिः स्वादः न्यायान्यान्त्रम् अःहेवायान्यम् अर्थेन्यायान्यम् अर्थेन्यान्यम् अर्थेन्यान्यम् अर्थेन्यान्यम् अर्थेन्यान्यम् अर्थेन्यान्यम् अर्थेन्यम् अर्थेन्यम्यम् अर्थेन्यम् अर्येन्यम् अर्थेन्यम् अर्थेन्यम् अर्थेन्यम् अर्थेन्यम् अर्थेन्यम् बुदा मद्रायम्बान्नेस्त्व। श्रेष्ठाः वी स्रायवा श्रीष्ट्राया मुद्रमा ग्राया स्रीदाय स्त्री स्त्राया स्त्रीया धिःश्वीः राष्ट्रेयायः द्वार्याद्विद् देस्युत्यः देव्वश्वयः दर्शे विदेश्वग्वयः विद्वार्यायः विद्वार्यः विद्वार्

festival recalling the time God saved the Israelites from Egypt.

10.4 Pharaoh was a very powerful king. His country was rich. He had a large army. He had many thousands of slaves. He made many offerings to the gods of his country. Because of all this, Pharaoh became proud and hard-hearted. He would not listen to God. Moses had no power. He was poor. He had no army. His people were slaves. But by faith he obeyed God's commands. At God's word, Moses' people sacrificed a spotless lamb and were saved by its blood. This was a sign. It showed the people that one day God would send a perfect lamb. The blood of this faultless lamb would save God's people from sin forever.

10.5 Key Point:

To live as we please and pay no attention to God leads to death. To obey God's commandments is real life.

*हेपॱ*ख़ॖॖॖॖॖय़ॱक़॔ॺऻॗ*ॱ*ॖ॔क़॔ॱॸॖऺक़ॹॱय़ॿॖड़ॱय़॓ॱॺॴॱॵॱॸॖॺॱक़॓ढ़ॱढ़॓ॱॸ॔ग़ॕक़ॱऒक़ॕॴॱॵक़ॱऀऄॱक़॔ऄॎय़ॱ यः इस्रश्रात्यः भ्रोः हेयः सुत्यः वश्याचरः यहं द्वायादे द्वायाद्वेदे द्वायादे द्वायादे विषायी व 10.4 दर्गुलाय। बर्स्सिन्ने क्रया श्रीन् ग्रीन्य स्कळे यदे कुला चें तिवा धित्र। विदे खुला खुवा चें खेत्र। विदे न्यमान्स्र केवार्याचीवा विष्यान्यवाम्भावार्याः स्वाप्तान्त्राची स्वापान्यान्त्राची स्वापान्यान्त्राची स्वापान्य खुवा देवे द्वे मिंदि ने म्हान स्वाप्त प्रमान स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स विश्वा सिर्ट्स्त्र्वायां संस्वे त्याक्षयां श्रीन् ग्रीन्यम् कस्रोन्। विम्स् श्रीं संस्वे त्यान्स्य न्यान्स्य सेन्। विदे भ्री ने मुक्ष मुक् चगादः कृत्रः से दे दे से 'क्रुस्स शोक्षः क्रीका क्रीका से दायदे खुः सुर्वे द्वाया स्वर्धः क्रिक्ष स्वर्धः विश्व बरायराश्चर। देवे हगरा विवाधित। दर्गाव अर्केन वीश केव विवाध र द्वारा संदेख सु विवास र गरा क्रुं प्येत प्य स्था से अर्थ प्य अर्केत्। क्र्रेंत् अत् योद्राय दे त्युः सु "द्वित्र स्था स्था से से स्था से स वेशायशातुशाहगातु वरावरावेतादेशाधिता 10.5 व्दर्भव गर्डे में।



Chapter Eleven:

# Miracles in the Wilderness

Adapted from Exodus 14-15; 16-19

11.1 In our previous story, the prophet Moses and the people of Israel escaped from Egypt, but Egypt's king, Pharaoh, together with his great army, pursued them into the desert.

11.2 Moses and the Israelites came to the shore of the Red Sea and camped there. They could go no farther. When they saw Pharaoh and his army approaching from behind them, they were terrified. They complained to Moses, and he told them, "Don't be afraid. God himself will battle the Egyptian army in your place." Then God's angel went between the Israelites and the Egyptian army, so that the army was unable to attack the Israelites. God said to Moses, "Raise your staff and stretch out your hand towards the sea." When Moses did so,

ঐন্ত:বাস্ত্রনাস্টনা:বা

### वर्त्रेग हें दर्र मुद्दान वे दें अर्क रखन मी 'यहा

वेग्राया १४-१५; १६-१९ व्यम्बिग्रा

11.1 र्देश्वित्। यें क्वुकार्श्वेव याप्तविव खुरार्श्वेव या यें के त्रायी की याक्षेयाय द्वयाकी हेपा खुवा वका वया . यदा द्रम्पाद्यदाकेन वे प्रत्यक्षायम् कुषाये सम्ब्राक्ष स्थाने द्रम्भ स्वित् के स्वति । स्वति स्वति स्वति स्व 11.2 र्वे क्यूमा सुदर्भेद यार्के ने दर्ध के राषेत्राया क्यु अर्के द्रमरायें ने रायते त्या सातु यही यहा वसारे रासु रासुय। साळारे वसाय राय में आशुय। विं क्वेंदे सुयाया सुयाये प्यराखे राय देश ५ सन् १ त्या . खुदः र्ह्हेंद्र या र्कें ने त्या साम सम्माय देश महस्रा हो दास विदाय में साम सम्माय सम्भाय सम्माय सम्भाय सम्माय ब्रिंट्केंदिकंच या भो हेया सुया क्षी न्यामा न्याराया न्यामा यहाया सहंद्र हेशा सीवा "बेशाय निद्रा हे वहारा *॔*ॸ॔ग़ॕ॔॔॔॔॔ढ़ॱक़ऀ॔॔ॱक़॔क़ऀॱऄॱॾऀॱॾऄॎ॔॔॔ॱॸॾॾॴॱॸ॔ॾऄॱॾ॓॔॔॔ऀॸॾॵॱॸ॔ड़ॹॵज़ॎॾऄॱख़ॾॴ न्यमान्त्रम्द्रेवः विष्यः विषयः यार्क्री ने त्या "हिंदा ग्री प्रमुवाया यहेवा हो त्यवाया मु अहेंदि हीं वाबा सु मिंदि सारी वा अहर वा सु दर्श सुर



God caused a great east wind to blow all night so that the bottom of the sea was dried and the waters were divided in two. The Israelites traveled between the waters on dry ground, while the waters stood as a wall on their right and left. Pharaoh thought the Israelites could not escape, so the Egyptian army pursued them. But their soldiers and horses and chariots sank in the mud. Seeing God fight on the side of the Israelites, they became very afraid. When the Israelites arrived safely on the far side, God again commanded Moses, "Stretch out your hand towards the sea." When Moses did so the sea's waters returned and the whole Egyptian army drowned. In this way, the Israelites saw God's great power and believed in him. They rejoiced and sang:

Praise the Lord God
For he has completely triumphed
The horse and rider are thrown into
the sea.'

ैर्ह्रवःयः र्वे : भे अ: दे: क्ष्र-राचे द: क्ष्राया अ: दर्गवः अर्क्रवः यो व्यवः स्वरः क्ष्रियः स्वरः क्ष्रियः क्ष यञ्जात्रकामुः अर्द्धेदेशाहिरावे :क्षुम् अर्थे : अर्द्द् ने स्तुम् अर्थायः गाविकासुः शुन्तुम। धिः की साक्षेत्रायः म् अर्थामुः अक्टूर्टर्गीजायकात्रात्रात्राचाराहे। श्रुक्ष्मत्रात्रात्रात्राहे। श्रुक्ष्मत्रात्रात्रात्रात्रात्रात्रात्रात्र इसका हे का खु प्रक्षेत्राका देव गुप्तां के केरिया की स्वाप्त के स्वाप्त के स्वाप्त के कि स्वाप्त के कि स्वाप्त षोबायो बी.र.खे.याया इसवा ग्रे व्हिंगवा बु.८सग तवया सर्ट्य यर सर्वे दवका खे.हेयाया ८सग से इसवा दह्मवाञ्जमवाञ्जेबा क्षेत्रां स्वाप्तायाद्मस्रवाज्ञास्त्रेत्रवराष्ट्रीयवाञ्जनवर्षाः <u>ઽઌ૽ૼ</u>ૢૢૢૢૢઌૹૹ૾ૼૼૼૼઌ૽ૹૺૡૢઽૹૣ૽ૼૼૼૼૼૼૢઌૻૹૺઌૺઌ૾ૺ૿૽૽ૢૼૢઌ૽૽ૢ૽ઌઌઌ૽૽૱૱ૹ૽ૼૼઌ૽ૺૹૄૼઌૹૹૢ૽૽ૢૼઽૹ૿૽૾૽ૡ૾ૹઌ૽૽૱૱૱૱૱ૺ 'चगादःगावदः। सुदःर्ह्रेवःचःर्येःवेःधेकःदेःसूरःचुकःचकःक्वःस्रह्यंस्वरह्यस्यक्षेत्रःस्वत्वावकःचःददः। खे'हेच'यदे'न्यम्'न्स्रच्यस्य उन्त्वात्वस्य ने नेप्तवित्नः स्थि से र खेल'या इसस्य ग्रीसान्में व सर्वेना 

नर्डं तं नर्ग्व अर्केन छेन्य प्रस्ति प्रस्ति । विस्ति स्रित्र स्त्री स्त्र स्त्र स्त्र प्रस्ति प्रस्ति । इ. वित्र स्रम्य दे स्तु अर्के स्त्र सुन्य स्त्र स्त्री ।

वेश्वरागुरम् मु न्नू दशक्षरायम्

11.3 A short time later, Moses and the Israelites left the Red Sea and traveled towards the Sinai desert. After two months, they came to a place with no food. They became hungry, and the people complained against Moses and his brother Aaron. That night, God caused a very large flock of birds to descend on the camp, and a dew to fall; by morning this dew became a food called manna. Later they came to a place with no water, and the people again complained against Moses. God commanded Moses to strike a certain rock with his staff, and water came out of that rock. So God gave the people food and water. Three months after leaving Egypt, Moses and the Israelites came to the wilderness of Sinai, the place where Moses had heard the voice of God from the burning bush. When the Israelites camped at the foot of Mount Sinai, God came down to the summit of the mountain, and Moses went up to meet him. There, God spoke to the people through Moses.

11.4 When the people of Israel were slaves, God freed them. When they were pursued by Pharaoh's army, God guarded and protected them. When they

11.3 दैट वें अ र्से द्वार स्थ्र हूँ द्वार सं देश रहीं र देश देश हैं । र स्थित पार्स स्था सु अर्कें प्रस्ते प्र चलाव्याय्यायात्राच्यायात्र्यायायात्राच्याया चलाव्यायात्राच्यायात्राच्यायात्राच्यायात्राच्यायात्राच्यायात्राच्या इस्रयायोश्यावशा सद्धितायार्थाने प्रदार्वेदावी महिदार्या स्थापिता स्वापिता स र्झ. देर. देशूच. माझ्याचे स्वाची स्वची स्वाची स्वची स्वाची स्वाची स्वाची स्वाची स्वाची स्वाची स्वाची स्वाची स्वाची *ૄે* સાસુઃતુઃઢોન્'સાગ્વવતુઃકેગ્'તાઃસુંગસાવસાઢો:ૠુઅસાગીસાતુનઃૠૂંવ,ઘઃર્સેઃવે'તાખાવનાસુનાસાસનસાવતેઃ यानुमानुेन्न्त्रान्त्रांत्राम्ब्राम्बर्मान्त्राम्बर्मान्त्राम्बर्मान्त्राम्बर्मान्त्राम्बर्मान्त्राम्बर्मान्त्र मवरावेरा। वहारसुन्नमारेवकार्चन। छोडेनासुवार्मानवाकात्रकात्त्रामानुवार्मान्या क्रॅब्रायार्क्षान्ते प्रत्याधी सामाधीयाया इसका सी तृषी पर्वेता क्रॅया दुन्ते त्या दिया दिया सिंह तायार्क्स ने पी सी इं र कें र स से प्रे प्रवर व र व र व र व र में द स केंदा की पा सुर हैं सार्धे र । वि से र से या पा सुस सी सारी वृ रेतेग्विमायागुरस्यावमार्गेवामळेग्रे से वमायरसेवमावीता। सुराष्ट्रेवायां से वित्र यहत्यायम्प्यम्प्येयम्। देमप्त्रींदासर्केषामीमासुम्भूदायार्थे विदेश्यकुप्तमार्थाम्मुम्स्। 11.4 त्रमुव्याय। धिःश्री-राष्ट्रोवाःश्चीःश्रीः इस्रश्चायुवः मूर्धिवायिवः यदीः श्लूष्यश्चार्याद्वायाः स्वर्धायाः स्वर्यायः स्वर्धायाः स्वर्धायाः स्वर्यायः स्वर्यायः

11.4 त्योत्पःच। धेःश्चेःच्याक्षेत्वःचीःश्चेःस्रस्यःच्वतःवाधिवःधेवःचतःभ्चेत्वशःशुःन्त्रीवःसर्क्षेवाःभ्वत्वशःविः इत्यत्वस्य । कुत्यःचाःच्याक्षेत्वःच्याक्षेत्वःच्येत्वःभविःस्यःच्याःभूवत्वःशुःन्त्रःस्यःशुःश्चेवाःभ्वत्वःच्याः were hungry, God fed them. When they were thirsty, God gave them water. God showed his people that he loved them. He did things that none of the idols or gods of Egypt could do. But God wanted to do more than this for his people. He wanted to make a special relationship with them. So he told Moses to gather the people together at Mount Sinai, where he made an agreement with them.

11.5 Key Point:

God provides for his people.

वृत्यःश्चेः इश्रवः श्चृत्वातः विवाधितः व

11.5 व्राह्में व्या

न्नॅ(व्यर्केषाचित्रायस्य) स्वीत्रस्य स्वात्रायः स्वर्धाः स्वर्धाः स्वर्धाः स्वर्धाः स्वर्धाः स्वर्धाः स्वर्धाः

Chapter Twelve:

God's Ten Commandments

Adapted from Exodus 19-20

12.1 In our previous story, God told the prophet Moses to gather the people together at Mount Sinai, where he spoke to them. In this story we will hear what God said.

12.2 God said to Moses, "You have seen what I did to the Egyptians and how I led you into my presence. If you obey me and keep the agreement I made with you, then of all peoples you will be my special treasured possession, for the whole world is mine. You will be for me a kingdom of priests and a holy nation." Moses came down from the mountain and, calling the elders of Israel, explained to them all God had said. The Israelites responded, "All that God has commanded we will do", so Moses told God what the people had said. Then

येतुः पहुः गृहेशः य।

#### न्गॅ्व'अर्केग'मे 'चगव' विस्नाप्त्र

वेग्राय। 19-20 यःग्रवेग्रा

12.2 यें क्रुबा दर्गत्यस्त्रें प्राप्त स्थित स्थित स्थित स्थित स्थान स्



God answered, "In three days I come to you in a thick cloud so that all the Israelites will hear what I say to you and believe you. All the Israelites must wash their clothes and get ready."

12.3 On the third day there was thunder and lightning and darkness and the loud blast of a trumpet on the mountain, so that the people in camp trembled with fear. Moses led them to the foot of the mountain and the Israelites gathered there. God came down on the mountain like fire, and the mountain was covered with smoke; the whole mountain shook greatly. Then God said to Moses,

"I am the Lord your God. You shall rely on or believe in nothing other than me.

Do not make idols or any image of anything in the sky above, of anything in the earth below, or anything in the waters under the earth, nor bow down to or worship them.

Do not use the name of the Lord your God in vain.

Remember the Day of Rest and

> पश्चेत्राञ्चारायाः भ्रीत्रेत्व । यद्गेत्राञ्चारायाः भ्रीत्रेत्व । यद्गेत्राञ्चारायाः भ्रीत्रेत्व । श्रीत्राचीः स्वाप्तायाः स्वाप्तायाः स्वाप्तायाः स्वाप्तायः स्वापत्तायः स्वापत्त

र्देव सेन्यान सुरातु हिंद स्ट्रेंटिय मेर्ड दें प्रयोद सर्वे मायी सर्वत सार्श्वे प्रस्ता ।

keep it holy. You may do work on six days, but the seventh is the Lord your God's Day of Rest; do not do any work on it.

Honor your parents.

Do not murder.

Do not commit adultery.

Do not steal.

Do not bear false witness.

Do not greedily desire another's house, or wife, or male or female servants, cattle, or anything else he has."

12.4 When the Israelites heard the thunder and trumpet blast, and saw the fire and lightning, and the mountain covered with the thick cloud, they trembled with fear and stood at a distance. They said to Moses, "You speak to us and we will listen. But don't let God speak to us or

द्यामार्से प्रदेशिव से प्रवाहित्साय स्थुद्या भीषा क्षेत्र दुषा यी से प्रतु प्रयाण हो प्रें स् गदमीशगुद्रायशगानुद्रिंधीर्केष। ট্রিন্'ট্রাঝ'র'ম'নাউঝ'যে'বগ্রামস্ক্রীন্টর্নারী ब्रिंद्र ग्रेस से सम्बद्धित । विवागियायायायायीत्रं विवा म्यायायम्विय। मालवायास्वाग्रीन्यमधीयात्रीन्छेम् । क्षे'ग्वित भ्री'विषय प्राप्त क्षेत्र क मर्षिमार्से। यासुरान्दा। नेत्वरासीत्यार्षेन्यात्रस्याउन्त्यान्त्रसाक्षेस्रात्रीन्सीक्रिमार्मे।

लेशमञ्जूदशःश्री।

12.4 द्युगाङ्गित्त्रहर्म् र्वेश्वः विदा शेर्येत्त्रह्म श्रीशाः स्थाः विदायं स्थाः विदायं स्थाः स्थाः विदायं स्थाः स्याः स्थाः स्थाः

we will die!" Moses said to them, "Don't be afraid. God has come down so that you will honor him and so that you will not sin." So the people saw these things standing at a distance, but Moses drew near to the thick darkness where God was. In this way God gave the Israelites not only the ten commandments, but also many religious laws and rituals for worship. Through these events, God made a special agreement with the people. In this covenant, he became the God of the Israelites, and they became his specially chosen people.

12.5 God is like a loving Father who makes rules for his children in order to keep them safe. For example, a father tells his son not to go near the bank of a river. If the son obeys his father's command, he will be kept safe. If he disobeys his father's command, he may fall into the water and drown. In the same way, God gave us the ten commandments to keep us safe from sin. If we obey them, God will give us grace and blessing. If we disobey them, then God will punish us, just as a loving parent punishes a disobedient child. God gives us these ten commandments because he loves us.

प्रक्रमश्चरित्रा हिंदिक्ष्मां प्रत्याम् विद्या विद

12.5 त्र्योगःच। ५र्ग्व्यस्र्व्यं विद्यस्य स्थान्य स्यान्य स्थान्य स्थान्य स्थान्य स्थान्य स्थान्य स्थान्य स्थान्य स्य

12.6 Key Point:

God gives us commandments because he loves us.

12.6 বৃদ্দ্বিশ্বর্ত্তর্নী

न्नॅाव्याक्ष्मा वीक्षाचुस्रकायम्य स्त्राच्याचेन्द्रस्रकायायमायम्य



Chapter Thirteen:

Adapted from Exodus 24-33

13.1 In our last story, God gave the Israelites ten commandments. But the people still had a sinful nature, just like Adam and Eve. No matter how hard they tried, they were not able to obey God's commandments perfectly. Disobedience to God is called sin, and its result is death. But God did not want his people to die because of sin. So he made a plan to take it away.

13.2 God told Moses to make a holy tent. This holy tent was to be the place where God lived among his people. When the Israelites heard that God wanted to live among them, they were glad. They gave gifts from their possessions in order to make the things needed for the holy tent. Some gave gold, silver, brass, wood, cloth, oil, and precious stones. Others gave golden bracelets or earrings, or-

जुद्रमञ्जूम श्रुमाय।

#### न्गॅ्व अर्केंग यो गुर अर्केंग

वेग्राय। 24-33 यग्रावेग्रा

चन्नात्मभाविषाः स्त्रीत्। स्त्रीत् स्त

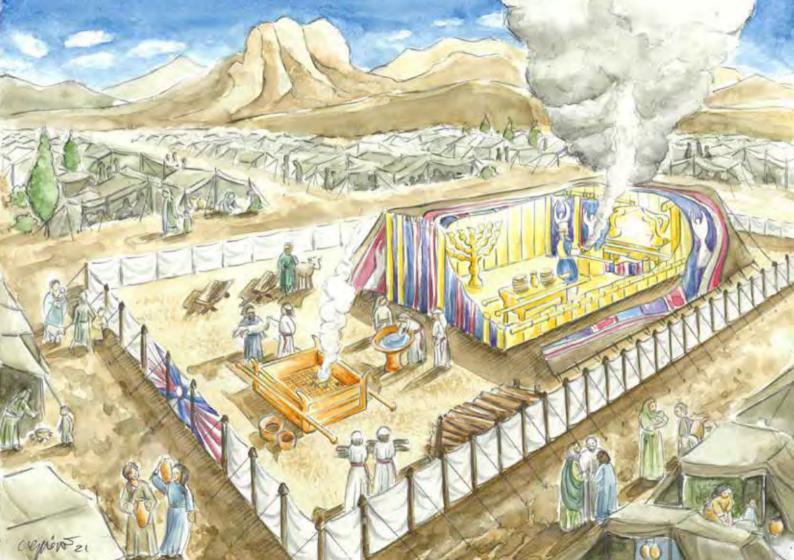
13.2 यें शुक्ष | निर्मात अर्क्षम मी श्राम स्कृत या अर्थ ने त्या सुन्य अर्क्षम या अर्थ मी स्वर्ध स्वर्ध या अर्थ स्वर्ध स्वर्य स्वर्य स्वर्य स्वर्य स्वर्ध स्वर्ध स्वर्ध स्वर्य स्वर्य स्वर्य स्

naments, jewels, and anointing oil. God gave Moses a plan for the holy tent. He appointed two skilled artisans to teach others how to carve, engrave, weave, and embroider. In this way, they made all the things needed for the holy tent.

13.3 God told Moses to prepare a rectangular-shaped holy place in the middle of the camp. The space was enclosed on four sides with walls of cloth, and inside was a courtyard. In the middle of the courtyard was an altar for burnt offerings, a place for washing, and the holy tent. The holy tent had two rooms. In the first room were a table, a golden candlestick, and a place to offer incense. In the second room was a gold-covered wooden box called the covenant box. Inside it was a golden vase filled with manna and the two stone tablets on which the ten commandments were written. When all this had been made ready, God said to Moses, "Bring the tribe of Levi to Aaron the priest. They will obey him and care for the holy place."

स्त्या । कार्यमा मुन्यम वेस्या देस्या देशकायम् । विषयाया क्षेत्राचुन्त्रका निक्याची क्षेत्राची क्ष

13.3 न्गॅ्राव अर्ळेग गोश सुर ह्रेंब य सें ने य झूर ग्री न् ग्रीय य शु य बि व र सें प्रीयश स्व य दे गवश विनामा क्षेत्रा चेन्द्र नर्गे अप्यते प्रमाद क्षु विनामान मान भारती है में स्वापन क्षेत्र प्रमास क्षेत्र प्रम क्षेत्र प्रमास क्षेत्र प्रमास क्षेत्र प्रमास क्षेत्र प्रमास क् यर्झ्ने र बैटा देवे बटाया हु असार बेवा र्षेत्। हु असार देवे द गुेयाया ये पीसाय वें साय वें से बहु से वा वी सर्केन्'वि'न्दा विश्वास्त्र सीमास्त्रम् त्वानास्त्रम् सीमास्त्रम् सीमास्त्रम् सीमास्त्रम् सीमास्त्रम् सीमास्त्रम् विदार दार्चि राम्बेर मुी: अर अदे श्लेम्बा सुर्दा । मुक्तिय कें मुक्ता दिया अर्केट वि प्रकार में न् मुरा वियामिक स्त्राची के साम के र्षित्। देवेवदायाः अवावुः बेरायवे बक्षाः ग्रीकाः महायवे मक्षेराः ग्रीः सुमायाः दहा। हैं स्पेयाः मिक्रायाः यमिका यदेःचगादःविस्रसःचर्स्स्या देवस्याउदःग्याः श्चीमा बेदःयदेःहेशःसुःदर्गादःसर्क्रमा मीश्वासुदः र्ह्रदायः र्से स्वे यावेरःश्चेंद्रःचेद्रायरायण्यः "वेद्यायाद्यद्या।



13.4 The Israelites made the holy tent in order to make sacrifices. When one of them sinned, he had to chose an unblemished lamb. He took it to the courtyard of the holy place. In front of the priest, he placed his hands on the animal; this was to show that it represented him. The priest then killed the animal and made a burnt offering. In this way, the sinless lamb died in place of the guilty sinner. Through the blood of the sacrificed lamb, sinful people received the blessing of God instead of his punishment. But since the people sinned every day, this sin offering had to be repeated again and again.

13.5 The holy tent was an example of the savior God would one day send into the world. Like the priests serving in the holy tent, the coming savior would intercede for sinners. Like the priests, he would be a mediator between God and man. Like the lambs that were sacrificed, the coming savior would be a faultless sacrifice, but unlike the lambs, he would not have to die again and again. He would give his life just once to take away sin forever. Like Moses, the coming savior would be a prophet who speaks God's word. The

13.4 दश्याया। धार्श्वायश्चात्रश्चायश्चात्रश्चात्रश्चात्रश्चात्रश्चायश्चात्रश्चा वित्रश्चायश्चात्रश्चा वित्रश्चायश्चात्रश्चा वित्रश्चायश्चात्रश्चा वित्रश्चायश्चात्रश्चा वित्रश्चायश्चात्रश्चात्रश्चा वित्रश्चायश्चात्रश्चा वित्रश्चायश्चायश्चात्रश्चात्यश्चात्रश्चात्यात्रश्चात्

13.5 शुन्त्रअर्छम् ने अन्तर्वित्र व्यक्तिम् अर्थन्त्र प्रकृत्व प्रकृत्य प्

holy tent was made to show us all these things.

13.6 Key Point:

We need a perfect mediator.

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13.6 व्दर्देव गर्डे दी

भै इसमाय पद्मित भूति से द्वार पद्मित मार्के समार्थित सम्बन्धित स्वापित स्वापित







Chapter Fourteen

King David and God's Great Temple

Adapted from 2 Samuel 7:1-29

14.1 In our previous story, God told Moses to make a holy tent where offerings could be made. Although the people promised they would obey God's law, in reality they lived as they pleased. Much suffering came from this situation.

14.2 Even though God was present among his people, the Israelites continued to break his laws, and so for forty years they had to wander in the Sinai Desert. After many years, Moses' successor Joshua led the Jewish people to the borders of the land God had promised to their ancestor Abraham. About 1200 BC, (during the time of China's Shang Dynasty) they drove out the original inhabitants of the land of Canaan. After

योतुःचञ्चःचितःय।

# मुयार्चे द्वीद्दर्द्दर्गेव अर्केषा यो अर्केद्रायद केव सें।

न्सुः स्रोत्यः क्रीः सर्देश्वादेशः य। ७:१-२९ व्यः मञ्जिष्

यद्म विश्व विश्व

 they settled the land, they forgot about God and his commandments and they worshiped the local gods instead. So God allowed foreign armies to invade the land again and again. As the people cried out to him for mercy, God sent a series of leaders called judges to rescue them from their enemies. Eventually, another prophet, called Samuel, appointed a man named Saul to be Israel's first king. Saul's successors David and his son Solomon ruled wisely and well. King David established Jerusalem as the capital of Israel.

14.3 In King David's time, about 1,000 BC, there was a prophet named Nathan. One day King David said to Nathan the prophet, "It isn't right that I live in a palace while God lives in a tent." Nathan encouraged him, "God is with you; go and do whatever you have in mind." That night the word of God came to Nathan. "Tell King David this: Are you the one who wants to build a temple for me? From the time Israel left Egypt until today, I have not dwelt in a house. I took you from the sheep pen and appointed you

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यः प्रस्ति अक्ष्या वित्य क्ष्या वित्य विषय क्ष्य वित्य विषय क्ष्य वित्य वित्र वित्य विषय क्ष्य वित्य विषय क्षय वित्य वित्य क्ष्य वित्य वित्य क्ष्य वित्य वित्य क्ष्य वित्य वित्य क्ष्य वित्य क्ष्य वित्य वित्य क्ष्य वित्य वि

king over my people Israel. I will make your name great. I will firmly establish the kingdom of your descendant who will come after you. He will raise up a house for me and I will firmly establish his kingdom forever. And your family and kingdom will never end." Nathan told King David this entire prophecy. David went into God's presence and prayed, "O Supreme God, who am I that you have brought me this far? You are great and there is no one like you. You have established Israel as your people forever. You alone are God, and all your words are true. You have given an eternal blessing to the house of your servant." David praised God because God had told him that one of his descendants would be the mediator who would save all peoples from sin.

14.4 In our previous stories we have learned that God's mediator must be a priest who can take away people's sins, and a prophet who can intercede with God for people. In this story we see that

हिं रची अरक्षेत्र वें रच। दशहिं रची हेश शुर्देर चते सु कुर् ची कुष श्रेर चहत वें र यहता यर दुरे। विंद्यमेश्वरदेश्वरायां म्याया वेदाया प्राप्त प्रश्नाचित्रमा मुख्या हो प्राप्त का मुख्या हो प्राप्त का विंद्रमा व। लट्ड्रिंट्यी:डिअ:र्ट्यमुल:ड्रेट्रिंशक्रुव:र्ट्यह्व:स्ट्र्यावकायरत्युर:"वेकाम्बर्या खट्ड्रिंव: यातृष्वत् ग्रीकामुलार्ये पृषेदालाख्यायश्रवादेषमञ्जायम्। मुलार्ये पृषेदाग्रीकार्योदासर्केताणी सर्वः तुः र्वेदः वका र्श्वेवः यसः यदे रक्षः स्प्राप्ताना ग्रीः त्वः वस्योदः पर्यदे पर्योवः सर्वेवाः यमान्या । विदःग्रीकाः सदे द्रशः मुः तर्रः दिन्यरः अहन् यश्रारः श्रुः भेव। मुन्दि केया त्यम् श्राप्ति। मुन्दि स्वरः याश्रादः अव। खिर<sup>-</sup>तेर-चि:भे:रेग्न्यःभे:के:राक्षेत्यःदेवे:तुक्यःक्कुत्वःतुःतेर-ची:भ्रे:रेग्न्यःश्चःत्यद्व्य्वयःयरः सर्दर्। खिर्वः र्नोव सक्ता वित्या मान्त्र है। हिर्णे मान्य सम्बन्ध सम्बन्ध हिर्णे जिस्सा हिर्णे जिस्सा हिर्णे स्वाप सिर्णे हिर्णे हिर्णे सिर्णे हिर्णे रुषाच्चुदारु चिदाची भार्क्सेयश्रायमान्यदा "लेशानाश्चर्या दर्गोदा अर्केना नीशाचुत्याची प्राचीपाया प्राप्ता प्रा कुर्लाका श्रेते देवाका कृषा लेका वका क्षेत्र प्रते प्रत्ये प्रते प्रतिहत्य प्रतिकृष्ण प्रतिकारका। द्वीत् ग्रीस-दर्ग्दरमञ्जून-यान्त्र्र्द्र-प्रम्यास-व्या

14.4 दशेयाय। क्रॅब्रशे प्रांकुश्व स्वार्मित सक्रें मानी यम श्रे के श्रे माने स्वार्मित सक्रें माने स्वार्मित सक्रें माने स्वर्मित सक्षेत्र सक्रें माने स्वर्मित सक्षेत्र सक्ष

the mediator must also be a descendant of King David. So the coming mediator, who is the savior God would send into this world, must be a prophet, a priest, and a king. After the time of the prophet Nathan, God sent another prophet, named Isaiah, to Israel. He also spoke to the Jewish people about the coming mediator.

14.5 Key Point:

God's mediator must be a prophet, a priest, and a king.

व्यत्मीश्राम्यत्व्यत्रक्षेत्रच्यत्रक्षेत्रचान्त्य। अक्ष्र्नान्यत्यक्षेत्रचान्त्रक्षेत्रचान्त्रक्षेत्रचान्त्रक्ष वत्रम्भेत्रव्यक्षित्रक्षेत्रचान्त्रक्षेत्रचान्त्रम् अक्ष्याचेन्द्रक्षेत्रचान्त्रक्षेत्रचान्त्रक्षेत्रचान्त्रम् अभ्यत्रव्यक्षित्रचान्त्रक्षेत्रचान्त्रक्षेत्रचान्त्रम् अक्ष्याचेन्द्रक्षेत्रचान्त्रक्षेत्रचान्त्रम् अक्ष्याच्य

14.5 वर्र्न्व गर्डे म् नर्गिव अर्केन मी प्रस्क्षेत्र प्रस्क्ष्र्व प्रम्म अर्केन मुंद्र में बीम खेव न्वेन Chapter Fifteen:

The Prophet Isaiah and the Coming Mediator
Adapted from Matthew 1:23;

15.1 In our previous story, we learned that the coming mediator will be a prophet, a priest, and a descendant of King David. In this story, we will hear more about the mediator.

Isaiah 7:14; 9:2-7, 53

15.2 About two hundred years after King David died, and about two hundred years before the Buddha was born, God called a man named Isaiah to be a prophet. Isaiah knew that God would send a perfect mediator to restore the relationship between himself and all nations. God told Isaiah many things about the coming savior. One day Isaiah came

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মণ্রু 1:23 धे:পৃ:খু: 7:14; 9:2-7; 53 থে:শ্রিশ্বা

15.2 र्ये क्विश क्वियाचे प्रति प्रक्षेत्र प्राप्ते प्रक्षेत्र प्राप्ते स्थापित स्थाप स्थापित स्थाप स्था

before King Ahaz. God said to Ahaz, "The Lord himself will give you a sign.

A virgin shall conceive and bear a son, and shall call his name Immanuel."

The meaning of Immanuel is, 'God with us.' Isaiah prophesied that the coming savior would be born of a virgin and would be God living among people. His birth would be a miraculous sign from God.

15.3 Later, God spoke to Isaiah again, saying,

"The people who walked in darkness have seen a great light; A great light has shined on those who live in darkness." 'A Son is given to us; स्त्राचान्या क्रिन्त्वास्यास्त्रास्त्राचे स्त्राची ।
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त्तर्वीर। जुन्नानश्चरम्। लुन्नानश्चर्या त्वीरमान्तर्त्वे निर्म्यमानश्चर्यात्रः श्चेत्रमानश्चर्यात्वे स्वान्त्र प्रतित्वमानश्चरम्। लुन्नानश्चर्या त्वीरमानश्चर्यात्वः श्चेत्रमानश्चर्यात्वः श्चेत्रमानश्चर्याः स्वान्तर्वे स्व लुन्नानश्चरम्। लुन्नामानश्चरम्। लुन्नामानश्चर्यात्वः स्वान्तर्वे स्वान्तर्वे स्वान्तर्वे स्वान्तर्वे स्वान्तर

15.3 देते:हेश्वःशुःदर्गित्यर्थ्वम् ग्विशःखुदः ह्वेत्यः खेः वृष्यः खः खः व्यक्षः या श्रुद्धः या श्रुद्धः या श्रु श्रुद्धः या ते श्रुद्धः विद्याः या विद्याः या विद्याः विद्याः । श्रुद्धः या ते श्रुद्धः या ते श्रुद्धः या या विद्याः विद्याः । श्रुद्धः या ते श्रुद्धः या ते श्रुद्धः या या या विद्याः या विद्या

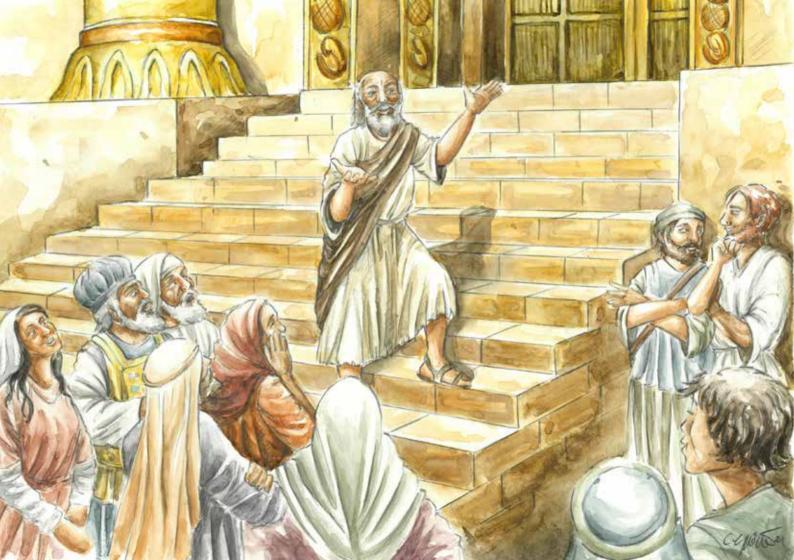
वेशमञ्जूदशःविदा

The government will be on his shoulder; His names will be: Wonderful Counsellor, Almighty God and, Our eternal Father, The Prince of Peace."

God also said that the kingdom and the peace of the coming savior will always increase; he will inherit the kingdom of his ancestor David, and rule his people with righteousness.



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श्रिशः विषयः ।



15.4 Isaiah's third prophecy said that the future savior's appearance would be like that of a common person, without any glory or beauty. People would despise and reject him; he would be called a man of sorrows. He would take away people's sicknesses and sins. Even though the future savior would do nothing wrong, he would be persecuted to death. He would be like a lamb sacrificed for sins; when suffering he will bear it patiently. When he dies, he will be buried in the grave of a rich man. Because he will perfectly accomplish God's will, God will give him a great reward. In summary, in these and other prophecies, God told Isaiah that the future mediator would be born of a virgin. He would be called Wonderful Counselor, Almighty God, Eternal Father, and Prince of Peace; that is, he will be equal with God. He will be a son of King David and he will inherit an everlasting kingdom. Though completely innocent, he will be persecuted. By means of his suffering, many people will be made righteous. At his death, his body will be put into the tomb of a rich man, and after that, he will intercede for sinners. In

15.4 न्रॉवरअर्केन नैश्वास्कृत प्रायो निष्यायाम्बरप्रवेस्य स्वाम्बर्या के स्वाम्य्या के स्वाम्बर्या के स्वाम्बर् वॅदश्यतिः श्रुवश्यम् वर्षेत्रः श्रीः इसायादीः यत्यायान्यात्यः यत्याये वर्षेत्रः मित्रा विद्यानि स्वर्थाः स्वर् त्रशुरा श्रीत्रम्भागी वर्ष्यर्म्भानिका स्वाप्ति स्वापति स्वाप्ति स्वाप्ति स्वाप्ति स्वापति स र्द्रवायाः श्र्वा मार्केदायते त्यामा त्रिमार व्याप्त मार्केदा श्रिमार श्रव्या मार्केदा श्रिमार विद्या हो । विद्या हो । क्र.जमार्थरमाम्रीयमास्त्रियाः सुर्थः दिन्तियः वर्षः तर्रात्रस्य । यर्षः योभार्यम् वर्षः वर्षः वर्षः वर्षः वर्षः यः र्भुद्राये सम्बुत्य प्रति मुक्त मुक्त प्रति सार्केषा वीका विदाय प्रति प्रति सम्बन्धि । अर्दे रायश्चात्रात्रायश्चतादरी दरामावदा इस्र अराग्नी क्षेत्रात्र में दास्र से सामाविका स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त য়৽ढ़्रट्यातपुत्रमञ्जुश्चात्रमञ्जूष्यात्रमञ्जूष्यात्रमञ्जूष्यात्रमञ्जूष्यात्रमञ्जूष्यात्रमञ्जूष्याः त्राच्यात्रमञ्जूष यदः मुंबारदेयबास्यायवः नदा नयदः गुवारद्वायदे न मृत्यायवः वात्रवः न मृत्यायवः यात्रवः वि यर्देदःमुलःश्रश्यायङशास्त्रव। विस्त्रेमुलार्चः नृतेन्त्रग्रीः स्कृत्त्रमुलार्श्वन्यते स्वतः स्रेन्यते मुलार्श्वन्योः स्वतः रह्मवे.तरह्मा व्रिटालाङ्गवी.धेमाञ्चराष्ट्राचेरावीष्ट्रीटात्राश्चरात्रीश्चरायरायकीमा क्रीवी.यक्षात्रेषु म्भ्रीत्रमान्नीत्रमान्यान्त्रमान्यान्त्रमान्यान्त्रम् वित्रम्भ्रीक्षेत्रमान्यान्यान्यान्त्रम्

this way, people will receive a right relationship with God.

15.5 After Isaiah died, the kings and people of Israel kept on disobeying God, for their hearts were hard. The officials oppressed the poor, and the government became corrupt. God's prophets repeatedly warned the government to be honest and the people to keep his commandments, but the officials and the people would not listen to what God said. Israel's society had become completely corrupt in God's sight, so in 587 BC he sent the army of a country called Babylon to destroy Israel. The Babylonians exiled many Israelites to Babylonia. The Israelites had to remain in Babylonia for many years. But in 539 BC, the armies of the Persian Empire conquered Babylonia and the Persian king, Cyrus, allowed the Jews to return to their homeland. In the fourth century BC, the Greek king Alexander conquered the Persians. (Alexander was a great king who later conquered India almost up to the border of Tibet.) The Greek officials that he appointed ruled Israel, and they allowed

र्थः द्वाप्तरात् त्यात्रात्वीयः विद्याः विष्यः विषयः विषय

15.5 दर्गेयाय। सुदर्भेदायाधे निष्यू में दश्याय दे हेशा शुर्धी श्री मालेया ग्री मुखार्या दरादयदश्यी मिन्न मान्य स्याप्त स्वाप्त स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वाप्त स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वा इस्रबायाद्रमामवित्यव्याक्षित्रम्बत्याद्रम्याद्रम्याद्रम्याद्रम्याद्रम्याद्रम्यात्रम् मालुरः या द्वरः विदेशे विकार प्रवासक्षेत्र हो द्वर्ष का या द्वर की क्षेत्र का कि मालिए कि का कि का कि का कि कि नर्गेश्वायदेश्वः क्षेत्रायञ्च मन्त्रः त्यञ्च मन्त्रा देवः युद्धः नर्यवः नेश्वायदेशः न्याद्वः युक्तः नर्गेवः अर्क्षेत्राः मेश्वः નું શુરાવશા વિંદ મેશ કું વિંદે ફૂંત શું વિંદ કરુ વાળે કો રાષ્ટ્રેવા સુવાસ રામ કેંદ્ર વાદ શું રાદુ કું વો વિંદ <u> इत्रायदृत्तिया की त्राया त्रीताय प्रताय प्रताय प्रताय विद्याली स्थाप्त स्थाप्त स्थाप्त प्रताय प्रताय स्थाप्त</u> વર્લન વર્લ્લ વર્ષા વર્ષા છે. કુર્યા માં ક્ષેત્ર વર્ષા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા છે. ત્રાપ્ત કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા છે. કર્યા કરા કર્યા કર્યા કરા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કરા કરા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કરા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કરા કર્યા કરા કર્યા કરા કર્ય व्यम हु प्यञ्जम हु व्यवि ह्या कु त्रा र प्रमान प्रम प्रमान प्रम प्रमान प 

the Jews to continue to worship God at the temple in Jerusalem. But many Greek-speaking Jews, including even the priests, followed foreign customs, and Israel became disunited. Many Jews were waiting for the savior that God would one day send.

#### 15.6 Key Point:

God's mediator will bless people of every nation by giving them a right relationship with God. 15.6 वर देव गर्डे दे। दर्गाव अर्क्षण मी प्रमाधी सम्माधी सम्माधी सम्माधी मान्य प्रमाधी मान्य प्रमाधी





Chapter Sixteen:

The Birth of Jesus

Adapted from Luke 1:26-38; Matthew 1:18-25

16.1 In the previous story, we learned that the coming savior would be born of a virgin, would be God, and be the king of an everlasting kingdom. In this story, we will learn how this all happened.

16.2 In the first century BC, the armies of the Roman Empire invaded Israel. The Roman king, called Caesar, appointed the Herod family to rule Israel. But the Herods were corrupt and cruel rulers, so the Romans appointed a governor named Pontius Pilate, who ruled Israel from 26 to 36 AD, during the time of China's Han dynasty. The common people had to pay heavy taxes to the Roman government, so they hated both the Romans and their tax-collectors. Many revolts broke out. Anti-Roman political parties such as the Pharisees became stronger. Finally, the savior God had

येतुःचडुःडुगःय।

### क्रॅव या थे शुरत्वित्या यदे क्रॅम

শু'শু 1:26-38 अन्'রু 1:18-25 অ'শ্রন্থিশ্ব

16.1 र्रिश्चेन। वि: कुषार्श्चेव: यापविव: वर्जेव: कु: पीव: पारी: श्रुप्य यापविव: वे: श्रुष्य: पार्ट पार्ट्य या अधि: पार्ट्य पार्ट्य पार्ट्य या अधि: पार्ट्य पार्ट्य पार्ट्य या अधि: पार्ट्य विर्मेर्यात्रम् तिवृत्त्वरावश्चित्राविता वृत्तिवाम् वित्यवेता वित्यवा वित्यवेता वित्यवेता वित्यवेता वित्यवेता धेव'य'यउद्यादार्द्धेत्र'वेद्या वें कुत्र'वदेर'देवस्त्राउद्देख्यावुद्रपदेर्ट्सेर'व्यायर'द्युरा 16.2 विं क्वुंबा क्वें विंदेर्झ्व की तुंबा स्वकार दार्धे स्ट्रेंस्य वें दाय विंद्य की प्रवासित की विंदि विंदि की विंद की वि ક્ષેપ્રાહ્મવાયાવાના વર્ષક તર્દ્દવા ગુજ્ઞા ધારક્ષેત્રાયા વાયાવાના વારક ક્ષુત્રાન તરે છે કર્યું વારે કુવા વેલા ક बे'बरलेब'बेर'अपव मीब'हे रॅंट'बेर'परे मुख'रपव बायक्षेंब। रेंद'गुर हे रेंट मुख'रपब देंद ऱ्य-दरमदुम्-य-उत्रेत्वाधितःयशर्रः युःश्चेदम्बद्धः मेशः श्चे । विवादीः यः प्रः पञ्जीः म्वना विवादिशा विवासः *૾૽*૽ૢ૽૱ૠૼૼૹૢૻ૽૽ૡ૽૾ૺ૾૽ૹૢ૾ૺૺૼૢઌૺ૱ઌૹ૾ૢ૾ૺ૾ઌ૽ૼઌ૾૽ૡઌૻ૱ઌ૽૽ૼ૱૱ઌૺઌ૽ૼૹ૾૽૱ૠૼૹૢ૽૱ઌ૽૽૱૱ઌ૽૱૱ઌ૽૽૱૱ઌ૱ मिन्ने भागाना स्वरा व्यापुर्वा द्वारा स्वरा श्री सार्वे स्वरा मिन्ने सामाने सारा सारा सारा सारा सारा सारा सारा 

promised was born, just as Isaiah had prophesied.

16.3 The story of Jesus Christ's birth is like this: God sent the angel Gabriel to a town called Nazareth in the hill-country of Galilee, to the home of a virgin called Mary. Mary was engaged to become the wife of a man called Joseph, who was a descendant of King David. When he went to her house, Gabriel said to Mary, "Peace be to you who have received mercy. The Lord is with you!" When Mary heard this, she was greatly troubled, and thought about what sort of greeting this might be. The angel said to her, "Mary, don't be afraid. You have received mercy from God. See, you will become pregnant; a son will be born to you, and you are to name him Jesus. He will be a great man. He will be called the Son of the Most High God; the Lord God will give him the throne of his ancestor David, and he will rule Jacob's descendants forever and his kingdom will be without end." Mary said to the messenger, "Since I am a virgin, how can this be?" and the angel said, "The Holy Spirit will come

ब्रुट्यालुट्रायार्क्त्यायदेः कवा ब्रेट्स्य्याया मुकावका के स्वात्या क्रियाया विकाय क्रियाया विकाय विकाय विकाय व . सुद्रायञ्चव द्रायस्व के के देशीं वा अर्केषा यी अपकर या वदाय ते भ्राय आ अर्थी वा प्रमुद्र आ 16.3 र्ह्मॅ्बर्या खे.सु.सू.ची जा.प्रसुद्धाय दे.स्.स्.सूच्यायदे.स्.स.खेबरहे। ५र्गोवर अर्ट्स्या नीका खेर स्वीय दे ष्मेयाचे राम्याच्याम् त्येत्यास्याम् वित्रास्याचे त्याचे राम्यते मुँ रास्त्रे रामे राम्या त्या विद्याचे राम्यते मुद्दि राम्या त्या विद्याचे राम्यते मुद्दि राम्या विद्याचे राम्यते मुद्दि राम्या विद्याचे राम्यते मुद्दि राम्या विद्याचे राम्यते मुद्दि राम्या विद्याचे राम्यते मुद्दि राम्यते स्वराम्यते য়ৼয়য়। য়ৼয়য়৽ঀ৾৽য়ৢয়৽য়৾৽ৼৢঢ়৾ৼঢ়ৢ৾৽য়ৢৢৼয়৽য়৾৽য়৾য়য়৽য়ৣ৽য়য়য়৽য়ৢৼয়য়ৢয়৽য়য়ড়ৼঢ়ৢয়৽য়৽য়৾ৼৢ৽ बद्यायेवकाङ्गवकाषोवादेखेलयाचीकार्वेद्यां स्वावकाहे विवायाचित्यावदेवाद्याद्वायाचीका दक्षमारद्भे ने के स्वाप्त प्रमार वियान के प्रमार के प्रम के प्रमार के प्रम के प्रमार के प्रम के प्रमार के प्रमार के प्रमार के प्रमार के प्रमार के प्रमार के यातह्यायात्वेय नृग्वायात्व्यात्व्यात्व्यात्व्यात्व्यायात्व्यात्व्यायात्व्यायात्व्यायात्व्यायात्व्यायात्व्याया त्शुराने अश्वातिषा भ्रीकात्रका हिंदि श्रीका विद्या अर्थन त्याया सुरि विद्या ह्या व्यातिषा विद्या भ्रीका स्वातिक त्शुरत्यः त्रुः दंशेन्यतेः नृर्गोद् रसर्केषाः वीः श्रद्भाः वीद्भाः यादः वर्श्वाः वादः वर्शेनः वर्षेत्रः प्रकेषाः दययक्रियम् व सेन्यत्रेन्यत्रेन्यत्रेन्यां व सामित्रं स्वाप्ते स्वाप्ते स्वाप्ते स्वाप्ते स्वाप्ते स्वाप्ते स्व upon you, and the miraculous power of the Most High God will be with you. For this reason the holy child will be called the Son of God. For there is nothing God is unable to do." Then Mary said, "I am the Lord's servant, may it happen to me as you have said", and the angel went away.

16.4 Now it had already been decided that Mary and Joseph would be married, but before they came together, Mary realized that she was pregnant by the supernatural power of the Holy Spirit. Since her husband Joseph was a righteous man who did not want to give her a bad name, he decided to divorce her quietly. While he was thinking about this, an angel appeared to him in a dream, saying "O David's son Joseph, do not be afraid to take Mary as your spouse. The child in her womb is conceived by the Holy Spirit. A son will be born to her. You are to name him Jesus, because he will save his people from their sins." All this was to fulfill what the Lord said through the prophet Isaiah:

> "See, the young woman will be pregnant and have a son; He shall be called Immanuel."

16.4 बीरायसान्दार्वे स्वीयाम्बेदास्वीयाचीन्स्तुत्रे समाउन्सेवरायाः। विस्तिक्षास्वसान्सान्सान्सान्सान्सान्सान् र्वेदर्भिरणमा श्रीकारदर्वेद्रया द्यायदे श्रवाका वेदर्शी सुका सश्चाम का सदया दर स्वाय स्वाय दिस् मी क्षिं चें प्ला श्रीय दे सी प्रदार स्वा त्विम प्लीव प्रमा विद्रमी श्रीय प्रमा सी स्वापित स्वापित स्वापित स्व त्रम्वासुःश्रीयाः भ्रेताः तृति । तद्ययाः यम् वयाः वार्डेन् युत्रा ने स्ट्रमः यश्रायः विदः यदेः श्रीयशा वार्डेः वे ॱॸॸॱॺऀॱॿॖॱॻऀ॔ॸॱऄढ़ॱक़ॗॗॸॱॳॱढ़ॾऀॺऻॺॱऄॺॱऻढ़ऀॱऄ॔ढ़ऀॱॷॳॺॱॹॖॱॻढ़ॺऻॺॱय़ऄॱॸॖॳॱय़ढ़ऀॱॿॖॺऻॺॱऄॸॱॺॺॱ कन्यायाः भेत्र विः संभ्याः स्वारं भेगाः त्युरार्भेरा विर्ग्ये सारे ता भेषु विसायते सक्ता मर्सेता र्मेशा यद्तात्राचेत्रचेत्रत्। विंद्यवीत्राप्तद्यवीर्श्वात्त्राक्ष्यत्राक्षेत्राक्ष्यत्यत्राच्यत्यत्राह्यत्यप्तराव्यव्य मञ्जरमा नेप्रमणकर्तने मर्जे र्यमास्त्रम्भेतायायकुत्तमाम्बरमायाने भ्रूतायते द्वीराणेता दर्ने क्षरहे।

> सक्त-लटालुटास्यान्य साम्ब्राम्बर्गा । स्वार्थन लटालुसासाम्बर्गान्य साम्बर्गान्य साम्बर्गान्य साम्बर्गान्य साम्बर्गान्य साम्बर्गान्य साम्बर्गान्य साम

Immanuel means 'God is with us.' After Joseph woke up, he did as the angel had commanded. Although he took Mary as his spouse, until the son was born he had no relations with her. He named the son Jesus.

16.5 The birth of the Lord Jesus fulfilled many of God's promises to his people. God promised Adam and Eve that one of their descendants would overcome the devil Satan. God promised Abraham that kings would be among his descendants. God promised King David that one of his descendants would be the mediator who is prophet, priest, and king. God told the prophet Isaiah that the coming mediator would be born of a virgin. All these promises were fulfilled by the birth of the Lord Jesus. Because he is truly man, he knows our weaknesses, and because he is truly God the Son, he can intercede for us with God the Father. Because he is both man and God the Son, the Lord Jesus is the perfect mediator for us.

यहनाश्चार्य । श्रिमासाञ्च स्थानाञ्च स्वार्थ स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्य स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्यान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्य स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्यान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्य स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्यान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्य स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्यान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्त्र स्थान्य

16.5 त्रमेलाय। क्रेंबायाचे शुर्व्युद्धायादेशादार्मेंबायाकेंगामेशास्यामेशास्याम्बदायदेख्या कर्माराया प्रश्चित्रभा नृगीत सर्केषा यो शाला न्या न्या न्या वि स्वेरी स्व श्व न्या से विषा प्रतुन् म् 'न्व'रदेर्देशका आवव'र्'रद्युरायदे विष्यं कर्षावदा। र्गोव'शक्रेषा मीकाथा रु'र्'यदे शेकार्ये । अप *च्*त्रात्म।बॅटामी तुः क्वुद्राप्ती तदाव का क्वाया दें द्वराका त्युट्ट प्रस्ति वृद्धा का विद्या कि विद्या कि विद्या मीक्षामुखर्यो पृचेप्यार्वेरमी सम्बुप्यी वरवक्षास्य हें वाय प्राप्त अर्केप्पर्ये मुखर्ये विमाधिकायते यम्भी तर्ने भ्रे अप्यान्दरत् अप्यार्भे स्वतं स्य उन्हेंब्रायाये.वुरव्युद्रसायदे ह्वा वसायह्य वसायह्य वसायह्य विद्यु प्रदेश प्रवसाय साथ विद्यु विद्यु का विद्यु विद्यु का विद्यु के विद्यु याद्वेव। विंदःवे द्रें भागवशः श्रभः द्रेग्वि सर्वेव स्थिव स्थारः हैंदेः द्वात्य स्थार में व सर्वेव स्थार विंदा ्तृःत्<sup>न्</sup>र्देश*र्द*्रमुय। ॠॅ्रेंद्रयाथेःशुन्देदेशःग्वत्रश्चेत्रःत्र्यश्चन्त्र्यत्र्यस्त्रात्त्रं स्व क्रॅंदि र्देव या चरा श्री व्यवस्त्र मा प्रदेश

16.6 Key Point:

The Lord Jesus is the Savior God sends to the world.

16.6 বৃহার্ব্বরম্বর্জর

न्ग्वियम्ब्याम्बर्धम् मिष्ठायहिषा हेवायने सम्मान्यये सुत्रम् सम्मान्यये सुत्रम् सम्मान्यये सुत्रम् सम्मान्यये सु







Chapter Seventeen:

Vise Men

From the East

Adapted from Luke 2.8-20:

Adapted from Luke 2:8-20; Matthew 2:1-12

17.1 In our previous story, we learned how Jesus' miraculous birth fulfilled many of God's promises. In this story, we will see how not only Jews, but people of other Asian nations also rejoiced at his birth.

17.2 Near the place where Jesus was born, there were shepherds guarding their flocks on the grasslands at night. Suddenly, God's angel appeared before them and God's glory shone around them. They were terrified. But the angel said, "Don't be afraid. Look, I am announcing very joyful news for all the people: Today in David's city a Savior is born for you; he is Christ the Lord. This will be a sign for you: you will see a baby wrapped in cloths lying in a manger".

योतुःमञ्ज्यमुत्रःय।

### न्राधुंग्रान्याधेन्यदेश्चरम्भाराम्याय

सुःग् 2:8-20 अ**र**ाब् 2:1-12 अःग्राचेग्रा

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 As soon as he said this, a multitude of those who live in heaven appeared with the angel, praising God, saying:

> 'Glory to God in the highest; on earth may peace come upon people with whom he is pleased.'

After the angels had gone back to heaven, the shepherds said to each other, "Let us go straight to the village of Bethlehem to see the thing the Lord told us about." Going quickly to the place, they saw Mary and Joseph, and the baby lying in the manger. They told them what the angels had said to them about the child. And all who heard the shepherds' report were amazed.

17.3 Not long afterward, some wise men came to Jerusalem from faraway lands to the east of Israel. When they arrived in Jerusalem, Israel's capital city, they asked, "Where is the child who has been born king of the Jews? For we saw his star rise in the east, and we have come to worship him." When King Herod heard this, he was frightened, because he did not want anyone else to be king. So he called the Jewish religious lead-

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ers together and asked them where the savior was to be born. They said, 'In Bethlehem, in the province of Judea; for long ago the prophet Micah wrote, 'And you, Bethlehem, in the land of Judah, are by no means least among the rulers of Judah; for from you shall come a ruler who is to shepherd my people Israel." So King Herod sent the wise men to Bethlehem. He said, "Go and search for the child. When you find him, tell me so that I may go and worship him." So the wise men left Herod, and followed the star until it stopped over the place where the child Jesus lay. When the wise men saw this, they were overwhelmed with joy. They went into the house, and saw the child with Mary his mother; and they knelt down and paid him homage. Then, opening their treasure chests, they offered him gifts of gold, frankincense, and myrrh. Being warned in a dream not to return to King Herod, they left for their own country by another way.

कुः अर्द्धत् ते त्युद्ध हूँ त्यक्ष या याँ द्या स्थान ।

विद्वे के देव त्यक्ष कुद्य या स्थान ।

विद्वे के देव त्यक्ष कुद्य या स्थान के त्या के त्या विद्वा के त्या के

बेबायविन्यिन्"डेबाम्बुदबा नेवबाक्यार्या हेन्दे विवासून्य देवा मानवाडव नेव्यायात्र विवासी यर्भे लु प्रम्भें रापरे क्षेत्रिया रेप प्रमान के प इस्राज्ञराबुटा वर्ष्मायमान्त्राम्बद्धरायदेश्चरमान्द्राक्षेत्रहेत्रातुः मुद्देश्चर्तानु स्वराज्ञान्यते अक्ष्रबाक्षित्रकृति वि. भूत्रुवाञ्चरायान्यान्यक्ष्यात्रवादाञ्ची स्वाप्तिकात्रवादा वित्याया स्वाप्तिकात्रवाद्य ॔ॿॖॱग़ॖॱढ़ॖॸॱड़ॸ॓ॱॸॸॸ॓ढ़ऀॱॶॴऄॸॱॴॴॴड़ॴॱॸ॓ॱय़ॖ**ॴऒ॔ॱॴॸॱॻढ़ॖ॔ॻऻॴढ़ॴॸऻऄॗढ़**ॱॻग़ॖॗॸख़ॖॺॱऄॸॱॗऻॾ॓ढ़ इस्यायानुः हे म्यार्थरात्रा इस्यात्राया दे लियानुम्याह्यास्यास्यान्यान्यान्यान्यान्यान्यान्यान्यान्या विंद्रअश्च भ्रेषअवस्य वर्षमुव्य वें हे से देवे दुर्दु अविष्य प्रते हेव यह सुराय यविव दुःषअ म्वत विष् <u> चक्कुद्रवश्रास्टाणुयाद्वार्येग</u>

17.4 Many centuries ago, God had promised Abraham that his descendants would be a blessing to all nations. In one Asian nation, there were faithful men who believed that promise. They came from a faraway country to worship the promised savior. It was fitting that they should come, for the Lord Jesus came to give salvation to people of all nations. All people, whether Tibetans, Chinese, or Indians; whether Buddhists, Muslims, or Hindus - all are invited to come to Jesus, for he is the one who gives peace, joy, and everlasting life to all nations.

17.5 Key Point:

The Lord Jesus is the Savior for all nations.

17.4 त्रोवाय। त्राप्तवायापात्रावेश्चेत्वायाप्त्रीत्यकेषायीयायापुत्राप्तवेश्चेयार्थायापात्राप्ताया विंद्यनी तु क्रुन् ग्री वद्यवस्राम् केना से देनासा वसस्य कराया द्वीत सूचसा मावदासायत दु त्यश्रु राया देनासा कर्षावरः। ष्रे लेप्यु प्रे से स्वाबा लेगा यो वराव बालया कर्रे प्राप्य प्रे के बादा देशे प्रत्ये प्राप्य विवासी विद्यारम् विद्यापा ने दिवापा येता वारायम् । विद्यापा विद् म्बद्ययदेख्वेरदिकाहेवदिरयेवश्रयश्चाश्चा विद्यद्या कुश्ची कुर्मारखेश्ची बद्यदे केंबाया विक्रेंब्रिया देवर्त्वेंब्रियायीवरणम्ब्रेंवयाणे वृत्येयत्वर्त्वत्यस्य विवास न्यम्प्रेत चेरात्। विस्ति से रेन्या चर्मा चराया के प्राप्त हो। न्यन कि से रामे प्राप्त के निवास के प्राप्त के महास्था के प्राप्त के মানব'লবা

17.5 ব্দান্ত্র বার্ত্ত না ইব্লামান্ত্র ব্লান্ত্র না ক্রিয়ার মান্তর বার্ত্তর ব্লান্তর বিশ্বর Chapter Eighteen:

Jesus Heals Many

Adapted from Luke 5:12-16; Matthew 9:27-31; Mark 2:1-12

18.1 In the years following the visit of the wise men, Jesus grew up in the home of his father Joseph and his mother Mary. From the time he was about thirty years old, he proclaimed the message about God's kingdom. He called twelve men to be his disciples; among them were Simon called Peter, Andrew, James, John, and Judas, who later betrayed him. With his disciples, Jesus went through the cities and the countryside, teaching in the places where the Jews met for worship, preaching the good news of the Kingdom of God, and healing all kinds of diseases. Large crowds followed him, and they were amazed at his teaching.

18.2 When he was in one of the cities, a man with a serious case of leprosy came to him ang begged, "Lord, if you

बेदुवर्डें वक्कुर्या

# क्रॅव्याये शुक्रावद्धी यद्याय केया यदि क्रॅ

सुःग् 5:12-16 सन्ध् 9:27-31 सम्भा 2:1-12 यःग्रेगशा

सुमञ्ज्ञत्रायत्रदार्वेदयीयाम् सम्मायाप्तादर्गाद्रामक्ष्यायाम् मुत्याक्षेत्रात्वयायक्ष्यायाम् । क्षेत्रयायेनु केन्ग्री केमवर्षासुरव्यु रायदे ध्रीराविंद मीषा भ्री यस्मित्रेषा यङ्ग्रीषा यर अहन्। विं स्टिते वदावर्षा के सिंव बुशाचेरायदे ये हिंदर। ष्यवर्ते प्या यार्गिय। ये हिंदर्भ क्विया महिंद् के देश मन्तर हैं रिक् यास्य द्वार्य देश मारा देश मारा देश मारा है से कार्य का स्वार्य के स्वार के स्वार्य के स्वार्य के स्वार्य के स्वार्य के स्वार्य के स्वार के स्वार्य के स्वार्य के स्वार्य के स्वार्य के स्वार्य के स्व वश्रवाद्यन्त्रम् वश्रविष्यात्रे । श्रीकाराक्षेत्रायदेवत् । वर्ष्यायम् वर्षायात्रेत्रायम् वर्षायात्रेत्रायम् वर्षाया अर्क्षेना मी मुख्य श्चेर ग्री तस्वेन प्रवास प्रवास वर्ष में कर्ष माना वर्ष स्वास ग्रीन स्वास स्व विंद्यी हेश शुरद्वदश दिया विंद्यी मशुद्र त्यावि हें प्यासहत हेत ये क्षेत्री

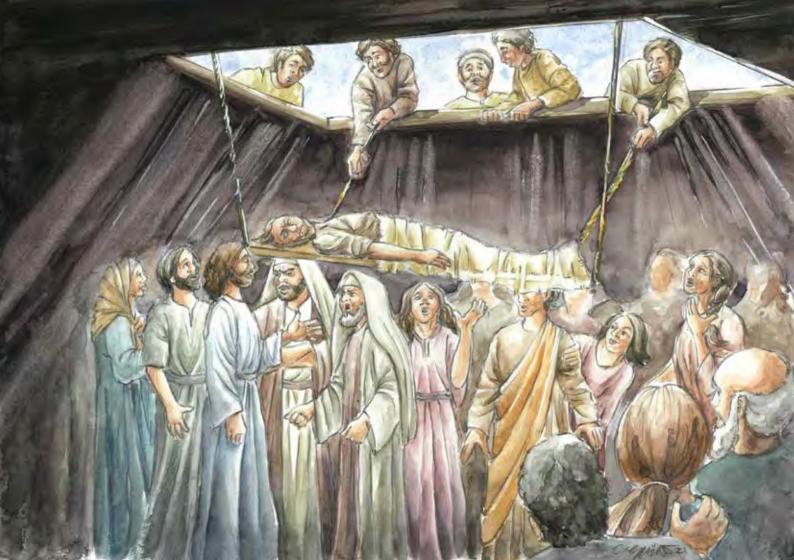
18.2 व्यः श्रुषा विदः श्रें द्वित्रः विवार्यः प्रवृत्ता व्याप्ते हित् श्रें व्याप्यः विवार्यो व्याप्ते हित् श्रें व्याप्यः विवार्यो व्याप्ते हित् श्रें व्याप्यः विवार्यो व्याप्ते हित् श्रें व्याप्तः विवार्ये व्याप्ते हित् श्रें व्याप्तः विवार्ये व्याप्ते हित् श्रें व्याप्तः विवार्ये व्याप्ते हित् श्रें व्याप्ते विवार्ये विवार्य

are pleased to do so, you can make me clean." Jesus stretched out his hand and touching him said, "I want to do so. Be cleansed." Immediately the leprosy was completely gone. Jesus' fame spread even more widely than before, and large crowds gathered in order to hear his teachings and to be healed of their diseases. When Jesus went farther on, two blind men followed him shouting, "O Son of King David, have mercy on us!" When he entered the house, the blind men came to him. He said to them, "Do you believe I can do this?" and they said to him, "Lord, we do believe!" Then he touched their eyes and said to them "According to your faith it will be done for you", and their eyes were opened. Jesus sternly told them, "Don't tell this to anyone else", but the two men went out and talked freely, so that his fame spread everywhere in that district.

18.3 On another day, Jesus came to the town of Capernaum. As soon as it was reported that he was at home, such a crowd gathered at the door that there was not even any empty place left in which to stand. While he was teaching, four men arrived carrying a man unable

शह्र.चर्.रच.तमःशह्र.चैय....कुश्र.चे.च.कुर.त्.सिजायश ला.चीश्र.तिच.चमीटश्रःचश्राक्र.जा.प्रच.कुं. "द्रदेयत्वेदर्भुद्धेदरद्भूद्धित्। द्रमायम्बुम्स्क्षेमा"स्कामस्कायाद्या दस्यानुर्विसस्यद्भूद्भू र्वात्रम् श्रुम्। विंद्य्वी स्रुव वावाया स्र्वाया स्रुव त्यस् स्रुव त्यस् स्रुव त्यस् स्रुव त्यस् विंद्य वावाया स्रुव त्यस् स्रुव त्यस् त्यस् विंद्य वावाया स्रुव त्यस् वावाया स्रुव त्यस् विंद्य वावाया स्रुव त्यस् विंद्य वावाया स्रुव त्यस् विंद्य वावाया स्रुव त्यस् वावाया स्रुव त्यस् विंद्य वावाया स्रुव त्यस् विंद्य वावाया स्रुव त्यस् विंद्य वावाया स्रुव त्यस् वावाया स्रुव त्यस्त विंद्य त्यस्त विंद्य वावाया स्रुव त्यस्त विंद्य वावाया स्रुव त्यस्त विंद्य त्यस्त विंद्य वावाया स्रुव त्यस्त विंद्य त्यस्त त्यस्त विंद्य त्यस्य त्यस्त विंद्य त्यस्त विंद्य त्यस्त विंद्य त्यस्य त्यस्त विंद त्रा वि.स्.व.त्यमास्यायपुः स्त्री अ.स्.स.त्यायपुः प्रम्यायपुः वि.स.त्यायपुः वि.स.त चतः छ। भ्रास्त्रियाम् केशिव्याम् अस्त्रियास्य स्वाप्त्रियाम् अस्ति स्वाप्ति स्वापति स्वाप्ति स्वापति क्रिंत्यः श्चित्र क्षा हिवा महिवा विकालुका। विदानुक्षा त्या तुवा वातुवा विकासी विदान क्षा विदानी स्वति व लॅटा विंटमीश्वार्विः स्ट्रेंसः "द्रशार्द्रेत्र । यदीः श्रुपाय राष्ट्री रास्त्रेत्र । यद्री श्रुपाय श्री स्ट्रीय । यद्रीय "नार्डें में त्यान्य। धेन् केश शं "लेश श्रुव। नेत्र श्रिम्मी श्राहें क्रिये श्रीन श्रुम्प से श्रिमें नाहिश्याय "डिन्द्रित्येन्द्रिक्ष्यायत्वेत्रन्तुः अव्यायस्य स्वायः अवस्यायस्य विक्रिक्षेत्रः अवायः अवस्य स्वायः स्वायः स्वायः स्वायः स्वयः "र्नेंद्र रदिश्चे मावद्र त्याया र्वेन्द्रिमा" डेकाददा श्रीकायञ्जूत्य प्याना विष्टे मित्र स्थित्र हिर्मेदाया न्या 

18.3 वृत्रमाल्यः लेगायः ऋँतः याधः शुः चॅदः श्री व्यतः श्रीः अत्याद्यः अत्याद्यः व्यतः स्वरः श्रीः व्यतः स्वरः स्व



to walk. Because of the crowd they were not able to get through to him; so they took off the roof of the house above the place where Jesus was standing, made a big hole, and lowered the sick man on the bed. Seeing their faith, Jesus said to the paralytic, "Son, your sins have been forgiven." The experts in the religious law who were there thought to themselves, 'Why does this man talk like this? This is nothing but blasphemy against God. Who other than God can forgive sins?' At once Jesus knew their thoughts and said, "Why are you thinking such things? Is it easier to say to the sick man, 'Your sins have been forgiven', or is it easier to say, 'Get up, take your bed, and go? But so that you will know that the Son of Man has authority in this world to forgive sins . . . Jesus said to the sick man, 'I say to you, get up and take your bed and go back home." The man stood up at once, and taking his bed went out in front of everyone; all the people were amazed, and they praised God saying, "We have never seen anything like this."

18.4 The people in Capernaum saw Jesus' great miracle of healing, but they did not repent of their sins and believe

क्रेयम। विदायदेश्वतिवाद्यत्येमाने त्ये सामित्यत्ये सामित्या स्थाने सामित्या सामि कृषाद्विः सक्सानुः सम्यायायाने । विः नुकार्विः स्ट्रियान् स्त्रेस्य साम्राह्वेन न्यान् न्याने । विन चुै :भ्रेग 'तेश शेवा नेतरा धेव' "वेश मशुरशा देरा धेन प्रति स्वाति स्वाति स्वाति स्वाति स्वाति स्वाति स्वाति स्व रदःरेत्। तृर्गेव् सर्क्रेम् मङ्गेपः देशासामार्हेम् सामाववः सुसः स्वाः केसः सेवाः वसाय स्वाः स्वाः स्वाः स्वाः चन्। हुन्ये : सुदे: चुन्या अप्या विं रहेदे: यश्रयाया अद्वित वश्याय दे सुराम् अदशः "र्विद हेर्स्यायश्ययः विं तदे सुरा महिर्द्ध्यात्रात्र्यः विश्वत्यात्रात्र्यः विश्वत्यात्रे स्त्रित्त्रीः क्षेत्रात्रे स्वात्रे स वमा यद्भार्यद्भारान्त्रयात्रि हिरावसार्श्वदाविषा चेरायायसास्त्रार्थे प्रवेश देव ग्राट्सी देव साम्राणी स्वापा दहिनाहिन'दिदेशेहम्भेन'नेश'शेय'यदे'द्यम्बॅर्पाईद्राईश्चर्शेश्चरदेष्ट्वीमः""वेश'नश्चरश्चर त्रात्रप्राप्तात्र्याः "दशाहिद्याचेराक्तुर। र्यादश्याक्याद्वाहिराव्यवदायाः विवासिका अक्षाव्या भ्रीन्रायमान्त्रात्मान्यात्रमान्त्रमान्त्रमान्त्रमान्त्रमान्त्रमान्त्रमान्त्रमान्त्रमान्त्रमान्त्रमान्त्रमान् भर्त्रद्भाःश्चितः अवेशायन्।

18.4 त्योत्पाय। শার্থমার কুমার্শীমান্ত্রমান্ত্রী মীর্মার শ্রীর স্কুর ঘার্থা প্ররাজীর ক্রিয়ার মান্তর বিধার বিধার

in him. So it is with us today. People around the world have heard of Jesus and the miracles he did, and yet many do not want to repent or believe in him for salvation. Jesus is the perfect savior. He knows our hearts. He loves us. He sympathizes with our weaknesses. He has the power to forgive our sins. He is ready to welcome us into God's kingdom. He invites people of every nation to come to him. Will we be like the people of Capernaum, amazed at his miracles but unbelieving? Or will we be like the paralytic, repenting of our sins and making Jesus the savior of ourselves, our families, and our nation?

18.5 Key Point:

The Lord Jesus has power to forgive sins.

देरपुषाःग्रीःगवसार्द्धवः षरपेत्रभ्रमःषीव। वहंशःग्लीदावदेवेः श्रीः स्रम्भाग्रीः स्र्रेतः यायोः सुः पराविराणीयः सहर्त्यतुः तस्त्रेतः तस्त्रः क्षेत्रः स्त्रेत्रः स्त्रेत्रः स्त्रेत्रः स्त्रेत्रः स्त्रेत्रः स्त्रेत्रः स्त्र बर्या तर्बेदा यते क्षेत्र विदाय प्रत्या क्षेत्र यस्त्री तर्देत्। वर्षे विष्य स्त्री व्यवस्त्र विद्या सर्वेद्र स्त्री विस्त्रम्भाराक्ष्यः स्क्रिया स्त्राम्भारत्यम्भार्यः स्त्रम्भाराम् स्त्रम् अब्रित्। देन् ग्रीः श्रेण पाश्रेलायते प्रवास स्ति। विस्मीश्वान्त्रीत अर्क्षण मी मुलाश्चित्र प्रवास प्रवास स्वास चॅंद्र हुर हु। से दरदर् प्रस्तर स्थित हिंदा है से स्थान स वभा लद्द्यात्र्यायाः भ्राम्यात्रे स्थान्यत्रे स्थान्य हे मर्डे में भे देन इसस्पर्य वस्सी मर्डे देशे में मुस्य स्थान स्थान है में स्थान स्थान है से स्थान स्थान स्थान

18.5 वर र्नेव गर्डे में। क्रेंबरमधे सुरथ क्रेंग हेका क्रेथरमदे रममर्खें रा



Chapter Nineteen:

Jesus Heals the Demon-Possessed

Adapted from Mark 1:23-27; Luke 8:22-39

19.1 In the previous story we saw that the Lord Jesus has power to heal all diseases and to forgive sins. He also has power over all spirits. Listen carefully to this story.

19.2 Once Jesus was teaching in a synagogue where there was a demon-possessed man, who shouted, "O Jesus of Nazareth, what do you have to do with us? Have you come to destroy us? I know who you are. You are the holy one of God." But Jesus commanded the demon, "Be quiet! Come out!" and, the man fell to the ground like someone with epilepsy; he screamed loudly, and the demon came out of him. Amazed, the people asked each other, "What is this? Is this a

येद्यसुर्गुःय।

# क्रॅब्याणे वृष्णामित्र विष्य मार्चे विषय मार्चे विषय

सम्या 1:23-27 स्या 8:22-39 याम्बीम्बा

19.2 र्ये हुन। क्रेंन्य प्रमुन्न प्रमु

new teaching? He even commands the demons with great authority, and even the demons obey Him."

19.3 On another occasion, Jesus and his disciples left Galilee and went to the district of Gerasa on the far side of the lake of Galilee. When Jesus got out of the boat, he was met by a demon-possessed man from the city. The man had not worn clothing for a long time; he didn't live in a house but among the tombs. Seeing Jesus, he prostrated before him and said with a loud voice, "Jesus, Son of the Most High God, what do you want with me? Please do not torture me." For Jesus had commanded him to come out of the man. On many occasions when the demon had seized the man, people kept him under guard, and even though they bound him with chains and leg-irons, he broke them, and the demon drove him out into the wilderness. And Jesus said to him, "What is your name?" and the man replied, "Our name is legion." This was because many demons had entered him. They implored him not to send them into hell. On the side of the mountain a large herd of pigs was feeding, and

क्रा विद्यक्ष्याचित्राचित्राचित्राचित्राचित्राचित्राचित्राचित्राचित्राचित्राचित्राचित्राचित्राचित्राचित्राचित्र क्रा विद्यचेश्चर्त्यक्षक्षेत्राचित्रा

19.3 तुस्राम्बद्राविमायार्झ्द्रायायोः शुन्दाविस्यो क्षेत्रम्द्रस्रस्य मायोयायायाय स्रास्ट्रियार्स्य स् मो र मृ विकान्न प्रते सुवान्त प्रति । से भु मु विकान प्रति । से भु मु विकान प्रति । से भु मु विकान प्रति । से भ ग्रीक्षायबदायदाश्चाः त्विमार्विदान्दासहत्य। विविद्याः स्वाति स्वाति स्वाति स्वाति स्वाति स्वाति स्वाति स्वाति स र्देशवर्षी । व्रुट्टी विश्वा व्रिश्चाली स्थाली सी अव्यास है। व्रुट्टी व्रुटी व्रुट्टी व्रुट्टी व्रुटी व्रुट्टी व्रुटी व्र यदैः नुर्गोद् सार्केषा की ख्रुका खे सुरम्मका। दान्ने नुरम्भ द्वीया य के खेन्। दाया अवस्या के निम्नो अःगवरः"वेशःवृश्च। गदःयगश्चःवे व। थेःवृश्चःगर्देवःवदेःश्चेःदेवशःश्चेरःवर्धेवःयवैःयगवःगवदः। वेदबासरायें रागर्देव तरे देवासी देव स्थान से स् विंत्यः "हिंदिकी सेदायकी बेदः अवैद्यादिया विद्या की देवा भारतीय हिंदी महिंदि हैं महिंदि हैं स्वित्त हैं से हिंदी महिंदि हैं से हिंदी महिंदि हैं से हिंदी महिंदि हैं से हिंदी महिंदि हैं से हिंदी हैं से हैं से हिंदी हैं से अर्द्भावितः वराया तह्या व्याप्तराय ते श्री विक्षा वित्या प्राप्त मुख्या प्रमाय विकास विकास विकास विकास विकास व यदेः लुपान्तवः श्रीकाः सुत्य। देदेः कें प्रेदे त्येवाकाः सुप्यवा (श्रुः केवः यें विवादकें प्रविवाधें प्राप्त प देक्ष्यां भुष्याचना यात्यात्र हुंवा यत्रे क्ष्मा अक्षत्र लुक्षात्र का विंदा नीक्षा देक्षें वा दर्भी दक्षाया निह्न



the demons asked Jesus for permission to enter the pigs, and he gave it. The demons came out of the man, entered the pigs, and the pigs jumped off a cliff, sank in the lake and drowned. The swineherds saw this and fled, telling everyone the news. The people came to see what happened, and when they got there, they saw the previously demon-possessed man now healed and wearing clothes, sitting at Jesus' feet; so they were seized with fear. The people who saw this told them how the demon-possessed man had been healed. The people of Gerasa and the surrounding country were terrified, and they all asked Jesus to go away, so he left in a boat. The man who had been demon possessed asked to go with him, but Jesus sent him away saying, "Return to your home and tell what great things God has done for you." So the man went away and proclaimed through the whole city the story of what a great thing Jesus had done.

19.4 Everyone in the district of Gerasa knew about the man who was possessed by so many demons. To be possessed by one evil spirit causes great suffering. To be possessed by many of them causes

दर्ने दें कें से देव शास्त्री सर्वे देव हो स्वर्गा सर्वे दर्श हो स्वर्गा स्वर्गा स्वर्गा स्वर्गा स्वर्गा स्वर्गा स्वर्गा स्वर्णा स्वर्गा स्वरंगा स्वर्गा स्वरंगा स्वरं वर्त्तुत्वताव्याविदे। यगः है द्वयया ग्रीयाने अर्थे स्वयः हें या है स्वयं प्राप्त व्याने व्याने स्वयं स्ययं स्वयं स्ययं स्वयं स दर्भायबुरायदेशे देर्वाय श्रिं प्रत्या श्री सामित श्री दाव सामित्र सामित ब्रें तहेना अञ्चर ब्रें आ यर मान अर्द्ध पर देश वेंदर पर के के कि समार्थ के स क्ष्र-र्श्वरायदेः व्याकुषादे देर्षे दायावदाक्ष्यकात्यायन्त्र। दहेवाषाञ्चवाञ्चेवाञ्चेवायायायायाया शचरःर्यव्र-त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्राच्यात्राच्यात्त्र्यात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त रु:पत्वम् अवस्थिरार्थम् स्वरम् रेहर्भनम् त्रिस्तरम् देवरम् प्रिस्तरम् स्वरम् प्रस्तरम् स्वरम् प्रस्तरम् स्वरम् बु'च'स्याध्याधान विस्वीकाक्षेत्रे वस्याचन्नक्षेत्रे व्याधान विद्या विद्य नर्गोत्र सर्क्रेम मीश्वरिष्ट्र स्था केत्र में त्विम प्रश्चाय स्थापित क्षेत्र मित्रिम "केश्वरमाद मात्र प्रत्य क्षित्र स्थापित स्थाप स्थापित स्थापित स्थापित स्थापित स्थापित स्थापित स्थापित स्थापित र्बेट्ट द्रा थे:वुकडे:द्रेर यक्ष केव दें विषा सहद्रय दे वें क्रुका में टाहेर लेंट का क्षा वक्षुण का की। भ्रीः मञ्जमः ज्ञीवात्र क्ष्माः प्रस्थाः देश्यका स्थाना स्थान्य यर्द्रायाम्बर्धान्त्रम्। देरम्। द्वास्यात्रस्यात्रायाः स्वर्धान्यम् । स्वर्षान्यस्यान्यस्य । स्वर्षा

even greater suffering. Every day of his life, this man was serving the devil. In our times also, many serve the devil by getting drunk, causing quarrels, telling lies, committing adultery, and doing other sinful things. Such behavior is a source of misery to everyone. Yet Jesus can save even the most wicked slaves of the devil, for he has power over all spirits. In this story, Jesus did not need to ask what kind of spirits possessed the man, how many there were, or where they lived. He did not need to do any rituals to drive them out. With a word he cast them out. He sent the man back to Gerasa to proclaim the good news. No one who believes in Jesus need fear evil spirits any more.

19.5 Key Point:

The Lord Jesus has power over all spirits.

19.5 ব্দর্শ্বশার্শির্ম। ইব্রমান্ত্রশ্বশান্ত্রশার্শ্বশার্শ্বশার্শ্বশার্শ্বশার্শ্বশার্শ্বশার্শ্বশার্শ্বশার্শ্বশার্শ্বশার্শ্বশার্শ্বশার্শ Chapter Twenty:

Jesus Gives Vs Life

Adapted from John 11:1-44

20.1 In our previous stories, we saw that the Lord Jesus has power over all diseases and all spirits. In this story, we will see that Jesus even has power over death.

20.2 One day a man called Lazarus was sick at the village of Bethany. Bethany was the village of Martha and her younger sister Mary. Mary's younger brother Lazarus was ill, so Martha and Mary sent a message to Jesus: "Lord, the friend you love is ill." Jesus heard this and said, "This illness is not fatal. It has happened in order to reveal God's glory, so that people will honor the Son of God." Though Jesus loved Martha and her younger sister and Lazarus, he stayed two more days more in the place

जेदःहेशुःय।

### क्रॅव या थे शुक्ष देन क्रम्य या कें याव दाया

र्षे ज्ञत्र 11:1-44 यम्बिम्बा

यतः तुषा अञ्चल्या वित्र क्षेत्र अञ्चल्या वित्र क्षेत्र या वित्र क्षेत्र या वित्र या वित्र या वित्र वि

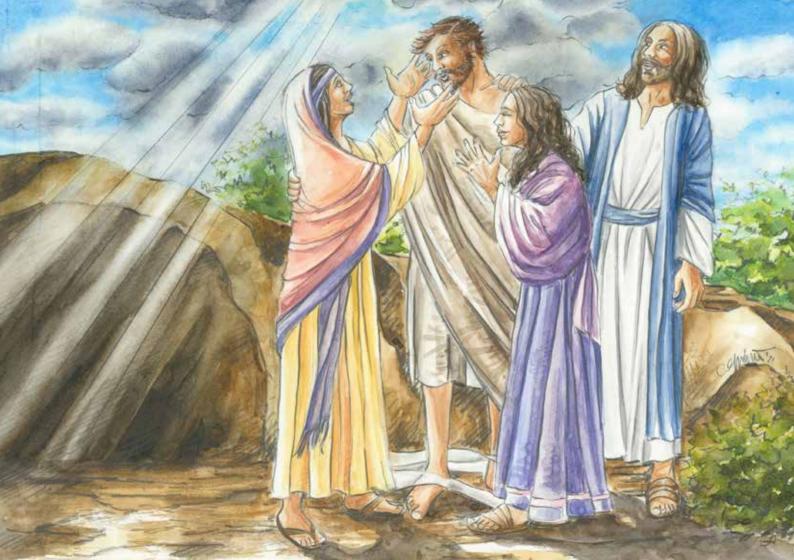
20.2 र्यः श्रुक्ष क्षेत्रः वित्राचित्रः विद्याचित्रः विद्याचत्रः विद्याचत्रः विद्याचत्यः विद्याचत्रः विद्या

where he heard the message about Lazarus' illness. Then he said to the disciples, "Our friend Lazarus sleeps; I will go to wake him up." The disciples said to him, "Teacher, if he sleeps, he will get better." (Though Jesus spoke about Lazarus' death, they thought he was talking about sleep.) So Jesus told them plainly, "Lazarus has died. But I am glad I was not there with him, so that you might believe. Now let's go to him."

20.3 When Jesus arrived, he saw that it had been four days since Lazarus' body had been put in the tomb. Since Bethany was about three kilometers from Jerusalem, many Jews came there in order to comfort Martha and Mary on account of their younger brother's death. When Martha heard that Jesus was coming, she went to welcome him, but Mary stayed at home. Martha said to Jesus, "Lord, if you had been here, my younger brother would not be dead. But even now I know that whatever you ask of God will be given." Jesus replied, "Your brother will rise again", and Martha said, "I know that on the day at the end of time, when all the dead rise, he too will rise." Jesus

क्र.ज.टर्ग्, "बुका, व्यक्षण स्ट्राव क्षेट्र श्री व्यक्षण स्ट्राव क्षेत्र ज्ञान व्यक्षण स्ट्राव क्षेट्र श्री स्वाक्षण स्ट्राव क्षेत्र प्रत्य क्षेत्र प्रत्य

20.3 देवकाले शुद्रे देविकाले विकास विता विकास वि वत्रपूर्णे स्त्रान्यमा के विद्युष्टी योगम्बस्य स्थाप्य प्राप्त प्रसार्थे स्थाप्य प्रमान्यम् स्थाप्य स् षात्राची तुःर्वे विराय से साम क्षाय विराय द्वी राष्ट्र। सारा वृष्ये सामे पुर्वे विराय चित्र विराय क्षाय विराय सु यम्ब्रेव। देव ग्रम्भेमध्यभाषम्यम्यम् हेन् नेवबासम्ब्र्षेष्यः सेनुः त्यावा हिन् यद्वित्यदेशवद्यरद्युरवरद्रादेशः वेदाः त्शुरः "बेशम्बर्धरश्रायः ५८। अम्बृष्धेशः "तुष्णःश्चीः अद्यव्याये छेत् स्राम्यवितः यो द्वारा अस्ति म् चॅरलटर्नुबार्वे.लट्सुरगर्बेदायरत्युरायरबार्वेबा"बेबालुबा ले.नुबा"सुरगर्बेदायर्पटरपणः ॱहुःश्चेन्यदेःक्वेंद्वेन्द्वे। *श्चः*ष्यन्द्वयः नृत्याचेन्य्यावतः नृत्वेःषयः वार्श्ववः यस्यव्युस्य। श्चःषयः स्यः



replied, "I am the resurrection and the life. Whoever believes in me, though he dies, yet shall he live. Everyone who lives and believes in me will never die. Do you believe this?" Martha said to him, "Yes, Lord, I believe that you are the Christ, the Son of God, who is coming into the world."

20.4 Jesus was moved to tears and went to the tomb. The tomb was a cave, and a large stone had been placed at its mouth. Jesus said, "Now remove the stone", and the dead man's older sister Martha said, "Lord, since it has been four days since he died, there will be an odor" and Jesus said, "Did I not say to you, 'If you believe, you will certainly see the glory of God?" They took away the stone. Then Jesus looked up and said, "Father, thank you that you have heard me. Though I know you always hear me, I say this in order that the people here may believe that you sent me." Then he said in a loud voice, "Lazarus, come out!" and immediately the dead man bound foot and hand with cloth and with his face also wrapped with cloth, came out. Jesus said to them, "Untie the cloth and let him go." Therefore many of those

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20.4 ले.स.ची.श्चामा.चीव.पि.पर्वियामा.चमा.चीसमा ट्रे.समा.स.म.चामा र्रे.समा.स.म.चामा नेप्त्रमाख्यम्भेषाय्येव विदानेदीयायार्चे केवार्या विषाप्त्रवायाय्येव। यो शुक्रा "न्दें यम दिवेव स्वा" डेकामासुरकात्रमा मिनेत संदेशकाउमा सम्मूका "मिनेत संदेशकात्रमा मिनेत स्वीत्र का मिनेत संदेशकात्रमा सम्मूका मिनेत संदेशकात्रमा सम्मूका स्वीत संदेशकात्रमा सम्मूका स्वीत स् यादवायावार्ष्यदाः वेद्याव्या धेनुद्याः इत्याविदायावायाने द्वायाव्यावायावायाने वार्षायायाने वार्षायाया यह्रियार्श्वरदेशाधीतालेश्वरायन्याराधीतात्रमा "लेशामाश्चरश्वरायश्वा विः स्त्रीयारायश्वरा देरा तुषायात्माम्बन्यात्मेषायात्। यदेमार्थेद्ययते भी र्क्षेषायुद्यते भी रक्षेषायात्मेषायात्मेषायात्मेषायात्मेषायात्म ह्येर्राटकार् देश्यालुका "बेका मह्यद्वराया हो का का विद्या महित्य के का महित्य के का महित्य के का महित्य के का र्वेगः"डेशःगशुरश्रासम् गरीदार्याम्यायाः स्थानीश्रामङ्ग्रश्रामः प्रदेशः महित्यायाः स्थानीश यहुअअ'य'देष्ट्री'र्सेय'हु'र्झेव। धे'सुअ'र्के'र्ळेर'"रअ'यर्ग्यय'य'र्वेद'रवर्ग्रे'रुकुष'ङेष'"ॐअ'ष्रासुदश्व। देवेच्चिरक्षेरप्यसप्तर्भात्रस्य द्वार्षेरप्यतेष्य द्वार्यस्य स्वार्थस्य स्वार्थस्य स्वार्थस्य

who had come with Mary, after seeing the thing Jesus did, believed in Him

20.5 Key Point:

The Lord Jesus has power over death.

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20.5 वर र्वेव गर्डे वं। क्रेंव या खे सु त्या ग्वेव यें द्व अश्राग्र वंत यें र क्रेंट य दें तुशा अशु खें र।







Chapter Twenty One:

Jesus Teaches About Repentance Adapted from Luke 15:11-32

21.1 In our previous story, we learned that Jesus has power over death. Although all people die, because they ignore God are just as good as being dead. Jesus told a famous parable about a young man who thought only of his own desires and paid no attention to God.

21.2 He said, "There was a man who had two sons. The younger son said to his father, 'Father, give me my share of the property', and so the man divided his property between them. A few days later, the younger son gathered all he had and went away to a far country. There he wasted his share of the wealth in wild living. When all the money was gone, there was a great famine in the land. The younger son became poor and

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# श्रुवायाणे भुषाश्चित्यादवाया स्रम्भाश्चित्यावया

सुन्तू 15:11-32 व्यन्त्रज्ञेत्रङ्गा

21.1 दें श्वें द्र्या विश्व श्वें त्र श्वें त

suffered from hunger and thirst. So he went and hired himself out to one of the local people, who sent him to the field to care for the pigs. No one gave him anything to eat, and he became so hungry he wanted to eat the pods that were fed to the pigs. Finally he came to his senses and thought, 'My father's servants have more than enough bread, but here I am about to die of hunger. I will go back to my father and say to him, 'Father, I have sinned against heaven and you. I'm not worthy to be called your son. Make me like one of your hired men.' So he got up and went to his father."

21.3 "The father saw him coming a long way off. He felt compassion for his son and ran and hugged and kissed him. The son said to him, 'Father, I have sinned against heaven and against you. I'm not worthy to be called your son. But the father said to his servants, 'Quick bring the best robe and put it on him, and put a ring on his finger and shoes on his feet. Bring the fattened calf and kill it - we will eat and celebrate, for my son was dead and is alive again; he was lost and is found. And so they celebrated. Now the older son was in

ब्रमान्तुः क्रम्मूर्गं, स्वान्तुः स्वान्त्रः स्वान्तः स्वानः स्वान्तः स

21.3 "स्राण्यश्चित्राय्यः स्ट्राच्याः स्ट

the field, and when he came back to the house he heard music and dancing. He called a servant and asked, 'What is this?' The servant replied, 'Your father has killed the fattened calf because your brother arrived safely.' When he heard this, he became angry and did not want to go inside. So his father came out and asked him to come, but he said to his father, 'Look, I never disobeyed your commands and served you like a slave for these many years. Yet you never gave me so much as a young goat that I might celebrate with my friends. But when your so-called son who wasted your wealth with prostitutes arrived, you killed the fattened calf for him.' The father said to him, 'My son, you are always with me, so everything I have is yours. But we had to celebrate and be glad, for your younger brother was dead and is alive again, and was lost and is found."

21.4 This is a story about all of us. Like the younger son, by nature we do as we please. We waste our lives in pleasures, lusts, and other harmful things. But we soon learn that sin is a hard master. Its wage is death. When we sin, we can never be really happy. The good news

भूत्रकर्त्रभ। गर्षिम्। यो ने भावित्र श्रीम् स्वार्थित् भूत्रम् स्वार्थित् भूत्रभाव स्वार्थित् भूति स्वार्थित् भूति स मुग्नायायमप्रेमाञ्चा देवसान्मावसान्त्राह्मान्द्रियान्यसान्त्रात्वाता विदेशवान्त्री स्वाप्तिसान्त्रमा र्विः बरार्नुः बर्द्यायम् मेः वर्वेन् गुर्मा विकाविते व्यापा मानिमाना हिन् ग्रीः यमायः यसावसायः स त्वायानेर्व्यातनेत्र्रायन्यवित्रेन्द्रायाद्रश्चावित्वाचीत्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्या रु:५नादः र्ह्रेदः छेन्यदे रेष्ठे राष्ठेन् ग्रीकारः सुना उद्याधारायान्य राया ग्रुटा विदाग्री राष्ट्रेन ग्री साम য়ৢৢৢৢৢৢঀ৻ঽয়ৄৼয়৻য়য়য়৻৴ৼয়ড়য়৻৴য়ঢ়৴ঢ়ৣ৾৽য়৾৾৾৽য়ৄৼয়ৼঀ৾য়য়৻ঢ়ৣ৾ৼয়৸য়৻৴ৣ৻ৼয়য়য়৻ঢ়৴ঢ়ৢয়৻ঢ়ৣৼ৻ঢ়ৢয়৻ঢ়ৣৼ৻ यम। रत्यकेषें न्या वसमाजनाईनि ग्री पेता देव ग्राम्य कें मार्थे मार्ग कें मार्ग कें मार्ग कें मार्ग कें मार्ग के बेरः"वेशगाशुरुषा

of Jesus is that we do not have to live in this way. We too can come to our senses. We can repent and return to a loving Father. Even though we don't deserve it, God the Father, like the father in this story, welcomes us and gives us a perfect relationship with him. We become like members of his family. This is the meaning of the scripture, "God is love". The younger brother repented and received a forgiveness he did not deserve. The older brother thought he deserved his father's blessing. He did not want his younger brother to be forgiven, because he did not deserve it. The older brother is an example of those who think they must accumulate merit in order to deserve God's approval. In fact, no one can do this because merit cannot cancel sin. Since all of us are as unworthy as the younger brother, we should repent and accept the love of a great Father.

21.5 Key Point:

God forgives sins, and welcomes sinners.

यः दवः यः इस्र अः श्चरका वक्षः श्रेसका यञ्च रः श्वरा छेटः। वस्र श्रेसका र दः स्वरं यदे यदः यदः यदः यदः स्वरं र मी सर्व रु हिरासेंग स्वा राहें रें साय सेव ग्राम हिराय रेव राय वेव राय राय राय रेव राय अर्क्रेम् मेश्वर के प्रश्राप्त स्था होमा ने सामा स्थाप निया में प्रत्य प्रस्ता प्रश्राप्त स्थाप मी नदारी स्राप्त मुद्रा देवी दर्भाव सार्केम निष्ठ सार्थ हो सार्थ मुद्रा मा स्राप्त मिल्य म त्रुह्रत्यः नेश्वः श्रेश्रश्चात्रश्चेत्रः दशः विदेशः स्थाः त्युः स्थाः विद्याः स्थाः केष्ट्रश्चेत्रः स्थाः विदेशः स स्तरायम्भभभ। विभायः भिरायः भी स्तरायः भी स्तरायः स्तरायः स्तरायः स्तरायः स्तरायः स्तरायः स्तरायः स्तरायः स्तरा . सु:हुद्रया:र्देश्वाय:श्रेत्र । सु:क्वेय:दे:दुर्गोद्राश्चेमा:बी:बादेदा:दुर्वेय:यदे:क्वेद:दु:दुवे:या:बॉश्वा:दुर्ग्रश यमः बोस्राबायदे से द्वासार्यो प्रयो विवायित्। प्रदेशमानुबायुकान्यवानामान्यवान्यवे प्रवे प्रवासन्ति वास्य स्वाय केन मी नुस्रायायात्र रायेन मे रायेन

Chapter Twenty Two:

Jesus teaches About Eternal Life Adapted from John 3:1-21

22.1 The Lord Jesus came to this world so that people of every nation may have eternal life. Now we will hear one of his most famous teachings about receiving eternal life. It was given to a man called Nicodemus, a leader of the Jewish people. 22.2 Nicodemus had come to meet Jesus at night. He said, "We know that you are a great teacher who has come from God, because no one can do these wondrous signs that you do, apart from God." Jesus answered, "I tell you truly, unless a man is born again, he cannot see the kingdom of God." So Nicodemus asked him, "How is it possible that an old man can be born again? Can he enter into his mother's womb and be born a second time?" Jesus answered, "I tell you truly, unless a man is born by means of water and God's Spirit,

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# क्रॅब्या थे शुक्ष द्यम हि सेद्य से केंद्रे क्रॅब्य सेव्य में विश्व स्था सेव्य सेव्य

र्षे ज्ञत्व 3:1-21 व्यम्बिम्बा

22.1 र्देश्वित्। श्रेन्यश्वस्रस्यन्यम् प्रस्तिन्यते स्रेन्यते स्रेन्यते स्रेन्यते स्रेन्या स् वर्दरावेत्रम्। द्राराक्ष्याद्रम्मानुग्येद्रायदेक्षेत्रवित्रायदेक्षेत्रावेद्रम्भान्।वित्रम्भान्यम् वद्माविमार्चेद्मायमञ्जा मह्मद्रायदिवेषानुन्यतेन्देवार्चेन्त्र्यतेन्द्रावेन्त्राचेम्स्रायवायम् 22.2 वें हुआ वै में देश सर्व सें राये शुस्य द्या दुर्वे दश्य त्र सं क्रें व प्रायम् । हिन् वे न में व सर्वे म मी सर्व वसाये वसाये देव पा विषा धिवाया प्रदेश की सामित सामित के त्या मा से माने माने सामित स्थाप की प्रदेश से स त्रुवा "दवाहिन्यायनेवायायनेवायम्बराकुर। यायाने ही खेया यायायक्षुरायाञ्चेवा नर्गीवा सर्वेवा म् मिता ह्या ह्या क्षेत्र प्रमुद्ध प्रमुद्ध क्षेत्र मित्र क्षेत्र क्षे हे स्मामु होत्। वितेषा अते अद्याद्याद्वात्व वा होदका वा के का या मु होत्त्या "वेका देका। या दु धे:तृषाः"दशाद्वेदायःयदेवःयःयदेवःयमञ्चेमःक्रुम। यायःहेःश्चेःवियाःसुद्दरःदर्गोवःश्चर्र्मयोःदशःयदेः

he cannot enter God's Kingdom. What is born of a body is a body, so also what is born of God's Holy Spirit is spirit. Don't be surprised that I said to you, 'You must be born again.' The wind blows where it will, and you hear its sound, but where it comes from and where it goes you don't know. So it is with all who are born of God's Spirit." Nicodemus asked, "How is this possible?"

22.3 Jesus answered, "You are a prominent teacher of Israel and you don't understand even this? I tell you truly, what we know, we say; and what we have seen we testify to; but you people haven't accepted this testimony. If you don't believe after I tell you about things that happen on earth, how will you believe if I speak about things that happen in heaven? No one has gone up to heaven except for the Son of Man who came down from heaven. Just as the prophet Moses raised up the serpent-image in the desert, so the Son of Man also must be lifted up, so that all who believe in the Son of Man may obtain eternal life. For God so loved the world's people that he gave his only son, so that whoever believes in him will not perish but have

त्तर्श्चर, अक्षयन्तर्। स्वर्श्चर, अक्षयन्तर्। स्वर्श्चर, अक्षयन्तर्। स्वर्श्चर, अक्षयं स्वर्धर, अक्षयं स्वरंधर, अक्षयं स्व

22.3 यत्र नु: खे: शुक्र "होन् खे: क्षेत्र हो क्षेत्र हो होन् खेत्र खेत्र खेत्र खेत्र होन् स्वर क्षेत्र होन् स्वर क्षेत्र होन् स्वर होन् यदेवःयःयदेवःयरःबेरःक्रुर। दःर्क्षेत्रःयादःवेत्रःयःदेःयवद। गदःअर्धेदःर्षेद्धःदःदेदेःद्वदःर्यः वेदःग्रुदः। नयर्चे ने वा बिन्द्रम् मा के प्रत्या के प्रत्या के ती होता है निक्स मा का मे निक्स के प्रत्या के प्रत्या के प्र ब्रिट्र इसका स्थित्या केका व । दर्गीव सक्षेत्रा वी ब्लैटावसका त्या ब्रुट्ट प्रते देव प्रविद् इसका है रहे र स्तरक्षात्रम् । नृग्वियार्क्ष्याः मीः विदायस्य विदायस्य विदायस्य स्ति से विदायस्य स्वितः स्वितः स्वितः स्वितः खुरावश्रश्रातालरात्रेपश्रात्रीर। जेराङ्ग्रेंबाराञ्चात्रे लेख्यारच्चाङ्ग्रेंदानुःश्च्याचीः वात्रवाश्चरायह्रवालरा यगुग्रवाचाराष्ट्रम् अदेरमेग्रवाग्रीःसुःषदादयग्रवाचायम्यस्यग्रुम्पूर्वाचारे अदेरमेग्रवाग्रीःसुःयाप्तर्पा बुद्भावन वस्त्र अरुद्धा द्वा पुरसे देशे द्वा प्रमायन स्त्र के स्त्र प्रमायन स्त्र स्त्र प्रमायन स्त्र स्त्र प्रमायन स्त्र स्त् শ্রমাশ্রন্থ ন্মান্ত্র নার্ভ্রান্তর প্রাপ্তর প্রাপ্তর প্রাপ্তর প্রমান্তর প্র



eternal life. God did not send his Son to condemn the people of the world, but to save the people of the world through Him. Those who believe in the Son are not judged; those who do not believe in the Son have already been judged, because they did not believe in the name of God's only Son. And the judgment is this: though the light has come into the world, because people's deeds are evil, they loved the darkness of sin more than the light. For all who do evil deeds hate the light, and avoid it so that their wicked acts will not be revealed. However, those who do what is right come to the light so that it may be clearly seen that what they do comes from God."

22.4 Jesus often taught people by means of parables. There is an example in the story of Nicodemus. Nicodemus knew that sin causes us to be separated from God, who is completely holy. Whatever is separated from God is spiritually dead. Dead people can do nothing to help themselves. Only God's Spirit can make spiritually dead people come alive. This is what Jesus meant by being 'born again'. Though the new birth is itself invisible, we can see its effects when people repent

मानवःक्टामरायह्म । यस्भारवशुरायराद्यमाः हुः सेदायदेः क्टें स्यायदें। यदाद्रेम् यदें यद्भायदें। यदाद्रेम् सम्यो रदानी अञ्चल तहेना हेत् ची भेराविभन्ना नाई दासहंदा कुरास समाना चीना वहेना हेत् ची भेरिंदर यकुदा व्याञ्चयत्रायाद्र्युः यदम्या श्रमायाद्र्याचेत्यायव्यः संत्याव्ययाच्यायाद्र्यात्र्याया यासी चुन्स्यायम् क्रिंत्याविस्रसाय उन्वेमा ने मेन्स्याम् स्थाय क्रिया सिस्याय क्रिया सिस्याय क्रिया सिस्याय स्थाय चुःर्श्वेन्यः दवः यश्चः देळें विन्देया श्रमः श्रेमा छेश्वः चुः स्रवः वमः यः दमवि चिः स्वम् श्राचे स्व। यश्चः दवः चुनः याचम्रश्चर्नरम्भी ह्युंद्रम्ब इस्रश्चासी सर्वेद्वास्य स्थित स्वर्मे स्वरम्भ स् यदेव'यदे'र्देव'यम्'येव'व्वेद्रायम्'र्यावत'द्रमभ्याग्री'वु'य'द्रभेव'मर्मेक्'यम्मुद्राय म्मूम्यायस्यार्वेद्रयदेः <u> ब्र</u>ीम्प्री-देशकार्देन्त्यार्देन्यः वेश्वाम्बुन्या

22.4 त्योत्या र्क्ष्र्वाचा स्वित्याचे शुक्षा श्री ह्या श्री ह्या श्री ह्या श्री ह्या श्री ह्या स्वित्या स्वत्या स्वित्या स्वत्या स्वित्या स्वत्या स्वित्या स्वित्या स्वत्या स्वत्

of sin and become obedient to God. It is like the wind. Though we cannot see the wind itself, when there is a dust storm, we can see its effects.

22.5 Nicodemus still did not understand, so Jesus took an example from Israel's history. Many centuries ago, the Jewish people lived as nomads in the desert. On one occasion God sent many poisonous snakes among them because the people had opposed him. During this time, God commanded the prophet Moses to make an image of a snake. The snake was not a god and the people were not to worship it, but it was a symbol of God's forgiveness of sin. Those who looked at it with faith in God were saved from death. In the same way, those who believe in the Lord Jesus look to him and receive forgiveness of their sins and eternal life with God. Those who do so are not judged by God on the day at the end of time when he judges the human race. We will learn more about God's final judgment in the next chapter.

22.6 Key Point:

God gives us eternal life through faith in the Lord Jesus.

देते त्वसात्र संस्थात् स्वर्गात् स्वर्णात् स्वर्गात् स्वर्गात् स्वर्गात् स्वर्यत् स्वर्यात् स्वर्णात् स्वर्णात् स्वर्णात् स्वर्णात् स्वर्णात् स्वर्णात् स्वर्णात् स्व

22.5 द्वै में देश मुक्त दर्दा देश में प्रकार्से दाय से सुकार के प्रकार के प्रकार में प्रकार के प बिनायबनामन्। रुषास्यकासदायदिः र्षेत्रायायानु प्राप्त स्वापायम् । धिव य दर्भ तुषा विवा त्यार्व र्रेश्च दर्गीव अर्रेग त्यार्टे र्से त्या तुषा य दे स्मय व शुर्मीव अर्रेग वीषा विरर्दे र यर्चे पर्वे अप्यतः यात्रपादः याद्या श्रुवा श्री याञ्च याद्या अप्यत्या अप्यत्या अप्यत्या श्री स्थान स्थान स्थान चत्तुम् चुन्तुम् अत्यक्ष्य अत्यन्त्रम् अत्यक्ष्याः विष्यः भ्रियाः विष्यः अत्यन्त्र विषयः व <u> २८.त.वु८.भाषव.इशका.ग्रीक.याञ्चेषात्रभेष.तक्षेत्र.तक्षात्रक्ष.तक्षात्रभाष्यात्रभीत्रभात्रम.त्रभीत्र</u> तर्वेत। र्भाग्ने अवतः अते क्षेत्र क्रें स्ट्रॉव अर्केन में अप्रे वश्या उत्ता विभया नर्वेद अर्द म्यून या विक्रं । विभक्षः मार्डेन दर्वे मा रहेता सेन। निर्माता सर्वे मार्गी सम्यास स्वीति स्वास मार्डेन दे स्वास है का सदी वराने वा सिस सामिता 22.6 বৃহাইবাশ্বর্টার্যা

क्रॅबच्ये सुः यन्द्रच्ये चेत्रचरे क्रेंच्यं वश्चन्त्रीं वश्चर्मे वश्चर्या की शारे द्वस्य स्थान्य विष्ठे व्यवस्थ





Chapter Twenty Three:

Jesus Teaches About God's Final Judgment

Adapted from Matthew 25:31-46

23.1 In our previous story, we learned that those who repent of their sins and believe in Jesus receive God's gift of eternal life. When they die, they will be forever with God in heaven. Those who do not repent of their sins, and who reject Jesus, do not receive eternal life. When they die, they will be forever with Satan in hell. This will happen on the day at the end of time when God judges all people. Jesus spoke about this as follows.

येतुःहेरःमञ्जूराःय।

## क्रॅव'य'णे'शुक्ष'न्गॅव'अर्केष'ये।'यवद'यदे' विस्रक्ष'यार्केन्'ग्रीक्रॅक्ष'यक्षव'यावट्'।

মন্দু 25:31-46 অ'বাইবাশা

23.2 He said, "When the Son of Man comes with the angels in glory, he will sit on his glorious throne and all nations will be gathered before him. As a shepherd separates the sheep from the goats, so he will separate them, putting the sheep on his right, and the goats on his left. Then the king will say to those on the right, 'You who are blessed by my Father, come and take the kingdom that was prepared for you from the foundation of the world. For when I was hungry you gave me food; when I was thirsty you gave me something to drink; when I was a stranger you gave me a place to stay; when I was without clothing you clothed me; when I was sick you took care of me; when I was in prison you visited me.' Then the righteous will answer him, 'Lord, when did we see you hungry or, thirsty, a stranger or, without clothing and, give you food or drink or a place to stay or, clothing? Or seeing you sick or, in prison when did we come to visit you? The king will say to them, 'I tell you truly, as you did it to one of the least of these my brethren, you did it to me also.' Then he will say to those on the left, 'You cursed ones, depart from me into

23.2 र्ये हुन्न क्रूंन प्रापे शुक्ष "भ्रेते प्रमान भ्रेते प्रमान क्रिन्न प्राप्त स्थान क्रिन्न प्रमान क्रिन्न क्रिन्न प्रमान क्रिन्न क्रिन्न प्रमान क्रिन्न क्रिन क्रिन्न क्रिन्न क्रिन्न क्रिने क्रिन्न क्रिने क्रि तरुः भैयशःश्री रद्या, योत्र, याद्रद्यातरु, यथियशः विषयात्र यथियशः यद्यात्र यथियशः विषयात्र यद्यात्र विषया कर्त्रिंद्यमी अर्थरे रे. यर्झरे वश्री जीया है. लुका राष्ट्र श्राका जवा जीया है. हुर स्वीकारी क्रुंदरत्वेर्तरम् श्रुरत्वम। स्वाइसम् विरावीमा मामका स्वामा प्रमान सम्मान स्वामा स्वामा स्वामा स्वामा स्वामा स **अ**.पर्ह्य ट्रेन्थ्यः मुत्यः र्युश्चः म्याया श्रास्त्रे म्याया स्वाया स्वाया स्वाया स्वाया स्वाया स्वाया स्वाया स्व ब्रिंट्र इसमा र्स्ना पर्देग हेव यर्ग्न्य वस्त्र हिंट्र हिंद्र हिंद्र यस्य स्था हिंट्र हिंद्र स्था हिंद्र हिंद्र हिंद्र स्था हिंद्र हिंद्र स्था हिंद्र हिंद्र हिंद्र हिंद्र स्था हिंद्र शक्ष्यः वृ.श्व्रिं-त्रीश्वारः र्ष्ट्रियाश्वारा त्या श्वर्षा भूशायात्यायियः या श्वर्षा ह्यू त्रीश्वरातात्वीयशा यर. स्टब्स विश्व विष्य विश्व विष्य विश्व व यग्रेबायतमा क्रुंसबाय विवासी विवासतमा विवासित्यसम्बद्धाः विवासकामा क्रुंसबा यवश्वास्तरम् वायवरायात्रास्या वायवमा यर्द्वायरायास्तरहेराह्रे यात्रसामा खुश्रात्मवातरादश्चर। श्रियार्श्वश्वात्तराद्धात्रम् स्थात्वा दशाहुर्द्धरायर्वे पाराज्ञराश्चर श्रिर क्रॅशन्दर्भ्युत् त्रुत्रर्भ्यायदीद्वस्याणीयदावयाणीयाणयन्ते स्यान्यस्य क्रियान्यस्य जीवा नाययदानुवा बुश्रामश्चरायमारम्भूम। देविश्वार्षमार्थामार्थावार्ष्वे विश्वाश्चर्यात्राम्यात्रमार्थानार्थित्रम्भ। ददेः अरुवः वश्रायरु न् कुषः न् न् विदेश्वः कृद्वअश्यः कुः केन् नुः यव्यअश्वः केष्वः व्यवः अर्थः विद्रायदे अर्थः व्यवः

the eternal fire prepared for the devil and his angels. For I was hungry and you gave me nothing to eat; I was thirsty and you gave me nothing to drink; I was a stranger and you did not give me a place to stay; I was without clothing and you did not clothe me; I was sick and you did not care for me; I was in prison and you did not come to visit me.' Then they also will say, 'Lord, when did we see you hungry or, thirsty or, a stranger or, without clothing or, sick or, in prison and not take care of you? He will answer, 'I tell you truly, to the extent you did not do it to one of the least of these, you did not do it to me either.' Then these will go into eternal punishment and, the righteous to eternal life."

23.3 God does not want anyone to receive eternal punishment. He wants everyone to repent and be saved. So Jesus tells us to do everything possible to seek eternal life. As he warned, "Enter through the narrow gate, for the gate that leads to destruction is wide and the road is broad, so many people go that way. The gate that leads to eternal life is narrow and the way is hard so just a few find it." The way to eternal life is to hear and

ट्रत्तेत्र क्षेत्रश्चर्या क्षेत्र स्वरंक्ष स्वरंक्य स्वरंक्ष स्व

23.3 तश्याय। श्रेःश्वरः अवत्ये प्रति क्ष्यः विद्या स्वरः स्

obey Jesus' teachings. As he said, "So all who hear the words I've said and put them into practice are like a wise man who built his house on a rock. Because that house was built on rock, though the rain fell and the flood came and the storm blew and struck that house, it did not collapse. All who hear the words I've said and do not put them into practice are like the fool who built his house on sand. When the rain fell and the floods came and the storm blew and struck that house, it collapsed and was completely destroyed."

23.4 Key Point:

God is the judge of all

people.

द्वाकुट्ल्ट्झाझीयविचात्तरण्चरात्वेद्वात्वेद्वा क्षेत्राचिद्वात्वेद्वा

23.4 व्दर्भवार्र्भ

Chapter Twenty Four:

Adapted from all four gospels

24.1 In our previous story, Jesus taught about the last judgment. In this story, we will hear what Jesus did to save sinners from God's judgment.

24.2 One day when Jesus was going to the capital city, he took the twelve disciples aside and said to them, "Listen! We are going to Jerusalem. The Son of Man will be handed over to the chief priests and the experts in the religious law. They will condemn him to death. He will be handed over to the foreigners and they will mock him, whip him, and kill him by hanging him on a cross. Then on the third day he will rise again." When they arrived in Jerusalem, the high priests and his associates in the Sadducee party formed a plot to arrest him secretly and kill him.

येद्दे रायवे या

#### क्रॅव्याण शुक्तरायेर श्रम्याय मुरकाय।

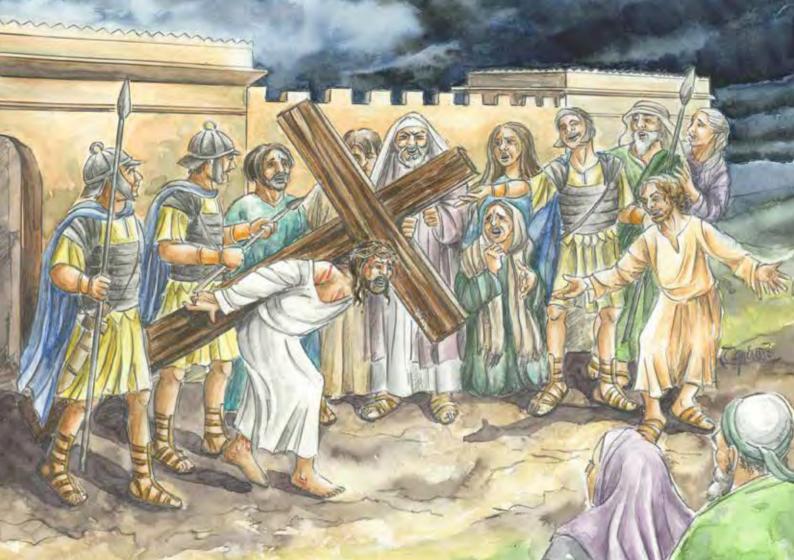
বেদ্রীর বার্রামার বিশ্বর বার্

24.1 र्रिश्चेर् व्याक्तिक्ष्में व्यापालीव स्वेताया अस्त्राप्ती व्यापालीव स्वेताया विस्त्रापालीव स्वापालीव क्रिंश'यश्रुव'गवर'। यें'क्कुंब'रदेनरश्चेग'छेब'उव'इसब'न्गेंव'सर्केग'गें|'विसब'गर्डेन'सब'वर'यदे' ଌୢୗ୵ୖୄୢଌ୕ୣ୶୕ଌ୴ୖ୳ୣୠ୴୕୴ଽ୷ଽ୕ୣ୳ଌୖୣୢୖୣୠ୵ୖୢ୕ଽ୴ୖଢ଼ଽୄୣ୲

24.2 वें क्रुंश हेद देवा क्रेंद या से तु क्रुंश अर सेय अर येत्र अर हे मद अर यह महिका यें इर तु विद्युन्ने निर्मे सम्भाषा "र्केन विष्य निष्युन्न हिंसी स्वाप्त किया मुल्यों प्रविद विद्युन स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्व र्रु-दुःचदे:ब्रु-क्रेब्-दुःक्रॅब्-ब्रियबायाः अविबायदेः शेक्ष्यक्षः ग्री-द्वादः देवा हुः चत्रद्वा विक्रंबा विक्रंवा विक्रंबा विक्रंवा विक्रंवा विक्रंबा विक्र मर्बेर्-र्वोब्रायदेविम्रबाधमायउर्-द्वा विंदापार्-र्-यामेव्या सम्बाधमान्नि विंक्ष्याविंप्यः - इत्। देवश्वातेवामश्चात्रात्रात्रात्र्यस्थितः स्वार्थेवास्य स्वार्थेवास्य स्वार्थेवास्य स्वार्थेवास्य स्वार्थे न्योभायायञ्चेत्रवात्रवाञ्च केत्रवार्डे वें न्या विन्यत्वर्षेष्वभायते वृद्धे विभायवा विभाये शुःभूगिः ए च बुराव अविदाय अदि । यदे हु अप द व व अ

24.3 Now in Jerusalem was a garden where Jesus often met his disciples. One of them, called Judas Iscariot, knew the place. One night he arrived together with a large crowd sent by the chief priests and elders of the people, carrying in their hands swords and clubs. Judas had previously arranged a sign for them by saying, "The one I greet with a kiss is he - arrest him." Immediately Judas came to Jesus and said, "Teacher, peace be with you", and greeted him with a kiss on the cheek. Jesus said to him, "Friend, do what you came to do." Then they came and laid hands on him and arrested him. Then Jesus said to the crowd, "Have you come carrying swords and sticks to catch me like a robber? Though I sat day after day teaching in the Temple, you did not arrest me. But all this has happened so that the scriptures of the prophets would be fulfilled." Then all the disciples left him and fled.

24.3 क्वियात्राची रु.वाये साम्यात्रीताची स्वायाची सुरायत्र सम्यात्रीत्र महास्वायात्र सम्यात्र सम्यात्य र्कयःविषाः विषाः विषा याक्ष्यां क्षेत्रा त्याक्ष्यां क्षेत्र त्याक्ष्या क्षेत्र त्या क्षेत्र विमायमान्त्रिरयामी दरद्वीमारा विद्यास करेर मुन्या । सार्ये कर्म मूर्य वसम्बर्ध स्थान म् ब्रैन विकारे "दर्शक्रात्यार्द्रणे का सर्वस्थाया दर्दी तुष्या दे विकार स्वास्थाय स्वास्थाय स्वास्थाय स्वास्थाय दल्लानु से देश में देश "डेबाबेरव्रबारव्यायर्थ्येषायार्थ्यवायां हिन्गीकायां हिन्गीकायां हिन्गीकायां हिन्गीकायां हिन्गीकायाः वुन्यम्बर्यम्य न्त्रेश्व "बेश्व म्सुम्य। नेह्र्य विक्रिं क्रिंव स्त्र मिन्द्र में स्थान स्वावित मिन्द्र स्वावित स्वावि यथा थे.सु. नदः अवशः नुः विन्यः विना निषा रत्यः नी यज्ञ द्वा यहिं न हें भः पुः नू यते ह्वा के ने विहे मार्षिमा चेदिः इत्यापा मार्रिमा चर्छ। देव आप्ये सुआर्थि त्या "रत्या मी देशुच आर्श्व सुमार्रिमा मारापिदा लेखा। रता. बी. तर्द्र अद्र-रता. बी. त्री अप मार्श्वर पराय शुरा दिराय प्राणी अप विद्या मार्थ से प्राणी स्थाप प्राणी स देख्रमञ्ज्ञात्। तदेख्रमत्युद्धपर्वोत्रायदेशहेदिङ्गेमत्युवाः" डेबाम्बुद्धा देदेळेखे.सुबाग्रेः क्र्याबात्यः स्थानी प्राप्त मुन्या विस्ववारम् व वारास्य प्राप्त देव तु विस्व स्थाने विद्या विद्या विद्या विद्य



24.4 As soon as it was dawn, all the chief priests and elders, those skilled in the religious law, and members of the state council discussed Jesus' case; they bound Jesus and brought him over to Pilate the Roman governor. They accused Jesus by saying, "This man has deceived our people by saying that we shouldn't pay taxes to Caesar, and that he himself is the Christ, a king." Pilate asked him, "Are you the king of the Jews?" and he answered, "It is as you say." The chief priests made many charges against him. Again Pilate said, "See how many charges these men are making against you! Don't you have an answer?" But Jesus made no reply; Pilate wondered at this, but knew that it was out of jealousy that the chief priests had handed him over. In order to fulfill the wishes of the chief priests, Pilate caused Jesus to be whipped and handed over to the soldiers to be hung on the cross. The soldiers put purple clothes on him and a crown woven of thorns on his head. They

चि.च.पट्ट, वशका कट्चिट्ट, अवृत्राचाक्षेटका हुत्राक्षेत्राचात्राचा व्याचात्राच्याचात्राच्याचात्राच्याचात्राच्या चिट्ट प्रमुच्च श्राचन्ने द्रमुच्च प्रमुच त्याचा हिट्छू साटाशाचा च्याचा व्याचा प्रमुच त्याचा प्रमुच प्रमुच प्रम

24.4 व्यायान्त्रायान्त्राप्तानु पूर्वात्त्रा केवात्त्र्या केवात्र्या केवात्त्र्या केवात्र्या केवात्त्र्या केवात्र्या केवात हुःयावित्। विक्रिंशवित्याक्षेश्रक्ष्यात्र्वात्रात्र्यात्र्वात्रात्रात्र्यात्र् क्ष्यामुव्याचार्याक्षात्रात्रव्यात्रक्षात्राक्ष्याचार्याः वित्रम्यम् वित्रविक्षात्रविद्यान्त्रक्ष्या र्चेशः "बेशःश्रुश् श्रुष्ठा ये:यः पुत्रः "ब्रिंद्वे:यः पुत्रः द्वेयः स्वायः से स्वायः स्वायः से स्वयः से स्वयः से स ट्रैकावका विस्त्रीका भिन्नि श्रीका श्रुकारा यतिव स्थिव विस्त्री अवना सुरका सराया सुन्य ये केवा स्थान য়ৢঌ৻ঢ়ৼ৻য়৻ঀৢয়৻ৠৣ৾ঀ৻য়ৼ৻ঢ়৻য়ঀয়৸য়য়ৼয়৻য়ৼঢ়৻য়৻ঀ৻য়৻ঀ৻য়য়য়৻য়ৢয়৻ঢ়ৼ৻য়৻ঀৢয়৻ৠৢ৾ঀ৻ৼ৻ यवद्भाषदाशाम्ब्रद्भायभादीत्यातृत्वदर्द्भाक्षराचराश्चुराषदा। षानुःद्वादिः व्वतः वेश्वराधान्याः तुःभास्यगार्देयाः नुस्रान्दरायाः क्षेत्राञ्चरायाः विद्या व्यापुः रूप्यायः नुस्रान्ते व्याप्तान्ते विद्यायः विद्या ल.स.स.स.च्या.याच्याय.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्याय.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्याय.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्या.याच्याय्य.याच्याय्य.याच्याय्य.याच्याय्य.याच्याय्य.याच्याय्य.याच्याय्य. त्वेषा ग्रम्प्रेस की प्रतास क्षेत्र विषय क्षेत्र विषय क्षेत्र क्षेत pretended to salute him, saying "Hail, King of the Jews!" They hit him on the head again and again with a stick and spit in his face, and kneeling before him pretended to worship him. After they finished abusing him in this manner, they took off the purple clothes and, put his own clothes on him and led him out to be nailed to the cross.

24.5 Key Point:

The Lord Jesus suffered on the cross in order to save sinners from God's judgment. क्षे. मैट्नेट्म्ब्र्या. ता. योच्च प्रमेश्व प्राप्त प्रमेश प्रमा प्रमेश प्रमेश

24.5 वर र्नेव गर्डे ये। भैगा छेश छव द्वस्र सार्गेव सर्केग गो द्विस्र सार्वे र प्यस्त वर यह र प्यते से द र प्रस्त स्थान स्थान



Chapter Twenty Five:

Jesus'

Death on the Cross

Adapted from all four gospels

25.1 In our previous story, Jesus was led out to be nailed to the cross. In this story, we will hear what happened when Jesus died.

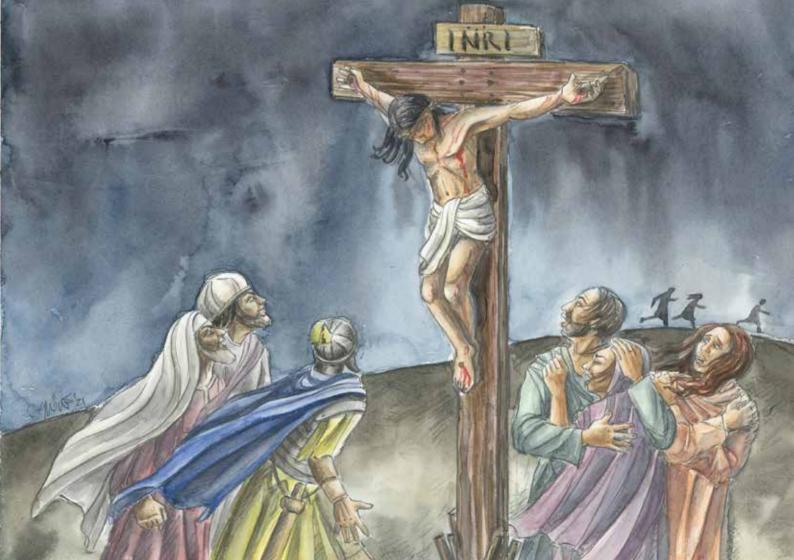
25.2 The soldiers led Jesus to a place called Golgotha, which means 'place of a skull.' They offered him wine mixed with spice but he did not take it. Then the soldiers nailed him to the cross. After casting lots to see what each would get, they divided his clothing among themselves. The charge against him was written as: 'King of the Jews.' The time at which they crucified Jesus was nine o'clock in the morning; at three o'clock in the afternoon, Jesus gave a loud cry and died. After these things, Joseph from the town of Arimathea, who was a secret disciple of Jesus for fear of the Jews, asked

जेतुःहेरःखृःय।

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বর্ষ্রব্যরহার বিশেষা মদূষা

 $25.1 \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} \frac{8}{2} \le 1$  મેં  $\frac{1}{2}$  મે  $\frac{1}{2}$  મેં  $\frac{1}{2}$  મે  $\frac{1}{2}$  મ



Pilate to release Jesus' body, and Pilate gave permission, so Joseph took Jesus' body away. Nicodemus, who had earlier met Jesus at night, brought about 34 kilograms of mixed fragrant ointments. The two of them took Jesus' body and according to Jewish burial customs, put in the perfume substances and wrapped it with cloth. There was a garden near where Jesus was crucified, and in the garden was a new tomb where no corpse had ever been put. Because it was the Jewish holy day of preparation, and the tomb was nearby, they put the body of Jesus there.

25.3 What was the reason Jesus had to suffer so terribly on the cross? Did he do something bad? Was it because of his karma? If you remember the stories I have told you, then you already know the answer. The animal that Abel offered, the sheep that was substituted for Isaac, the Passover lamb, and the sheep offered at the prophet Moses' holy tent, all are examples showing the meaning of Jesus' death. These animals died because people did what God told them not to do, or didn't do what he told them to do. God is unimaginably holy, and hates

स्था क्षेत्रच्चा स्थान्त्रच्चा स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्य स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्य स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्य स्थान्य स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्य स्थान्य स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्य स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्य स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्त्रच्या स्थान्त्य स्थान्य स्थान्त्य स्थान्य स्थान्त्य स्थान्य स्थान्य स्थान्य स्थान्य स्थान्य स्थान्य स्थान्य

25.3 त्रोलाय। क्रूंबायां शुक्तायां शुक्तायां

all sin. This is why sin ruins our relationship with God. The punishment for even one sin is death. It is so evil that it must be destroyed. Jesus died on the cross to take that punishment in our place. He knew that this was the only way of making atonement for our sins. By this act he restored our relationship with God.

25.4 Key Point:

The Lord Jesus died as our substitute.

यद्भार्या विद्या प्रदेश प्रक्षित्र विद्या व

25.4 वर्र्न्वण्डिंग्न्। ब्र्वायणेशुदेन्द्वस्रवाग्रीक्रुःस्याप्ट्रसर्ग्निस्य





Chapter Twenty Six:

Jesus Kesurrection
Adapted from Matthew 28:1-9:

Adapted from Matthew 28:1-9; Luke 24:13-35; 24:36-48

26.1 In our previous story we learned about Jesus' death on the cross. Jesus' enemies thought that they had destroyed him. Then God did a miracle.

26.2 About sunrise on the first day of the week, two women went to see the tomb. Suddenly there was a great earthquake, and an angel descended from heaven; he rolled back the stone at the entrance to the tomb and sat on it. His body shone like lightning and his clothing was as white as snow. The guards shook for fear of him and became like dead men. The angel said to the women, "Don't be afraid. I know that you are looking for Jesus, who was crucified. He has been raised as he said; he is not here. Come see the place where he lay. Go quickly and tell his disciples, 'He has been raised from the dead and, is goयेद्रने र दुवा या

#### गर्डें में खे शुरकेय वश्चरम्बरम्बर्मिय

মৃত্যু 28:1-9 শু'শু 24:13-35; 24:36-48 শ'শু রিশ্মা

26.1 दें श्वें द्वा विक्षा श्वें क्ष स्वार्थ विक्षा प्रति विक्षा क्ष ते विक्षा विक्षा

26.2 र्ल.क्चिंस्य प्रि.चं.च्या व्यक्त व्यक्

ing before you into Galilee; there you will meet him.' Now I have told you." The women were afraid, but greatly rejoiced. They ran quickly from the tomb to take the message to his disciples. Suddenly Jesus met them and said, "Peace be with you." They came to him and, holding his feet, worshiped him.

26.3 On that same day of two of the disciples were going to a village called Emmaus. While they were talking with each other about all that had happened, Jesus himself came near and went along with them. But they did not recognize him. He said to them, "What were you talking about on the way?", and they stood still, looking sad. One of them, named Cleopas, answered him, "Are you the only visitor to Jerusalem who does not know what has just happened?" And Jesus said, "What happened?" They answered, "Why, about what happened to Jesus of Nazareth. He was a powerful prophet in word and deed before God and all the people. Our chief priests and rulers handed him over to Pilate to be condemned to death, and crucified him. We had hoped that he would be the savior of Israel. It's been three days

ख्यश्चात्त्वज्ञाः क्षेत्रे विवाद्व्य। द्विश्वात्त्रं क्षेत्र स्वात्त्रं क्षेत्र स्वत्यः क्षेत्र स्वात्त्र स्वात्त्र स्वत्यः स्वत्य

यम्ब्रिन्द्रिक्क्ष्रिन्द्राक्ष्रिक्ष्यानुष्येवाक्ष्य विक्रिक्ष्येवाच्यान्त्रिम्ब्रुक्ष्यान्त्रिक्ष्यान्तिक्ष्यान्तिक्ष्यान्तिक्ष्यान्त्रिक्ष्यान्तिक्षयान्तिक्ष्यान्तिक्ष्यान्तिक्ष्यान्तिक्ष्यान्तिक्ष्यान्तिक्ष्यानिक्ष्यान्तिक्ष्यान्तिक्ष्यान्तिक्ष्यान्तिक्ष्यान्तिक्ष्यान्तिक्ष्यान्तिक्ष्यान्तिक्ष्यानिक्षितिक्ष्यानिक्षितिक्ष्यानिक्षितिक्ष्यानिक्षितिक्ष्यानिक्षितिक् मार्देरत्यः क्रिंग्यदे क्रम्बादीमा स्वरंतम् स्वरं मार्थेना स्वरंति । स्वरंति वयाः विश्वःश्चर्या यदायोः सुत्रः "गदायुदः अवेशःगश्चरत्रः यत्रात्ते स्वर्त्ताः यत्रः देयादायोः सुत्यः मद्युरायदेर्भ्भिरदी विराद्योत्याळेंगाद्याये अस्य अस्तर्यो सत्त्रात्याद्ये स्वाद्यायायायायायायायायायायायायायाया यदी. दर. केय. तपुर प्रेंदर क्षेत्र तर विचा त्रीय तथा सि. क्षेत्र तर स्था स्था सि. क्षेत्र तर क्षेत्र तथा सि. कष्ट महिंदयदेष्ट्वेरचे याहायामहद्वश्चात्रम् मेर्न्यस्त्रम् विरङ्गद्वयायश्चर्। धेरश्चेराक्षयाची श्चिर्वास्त्रम् साम्बर विंद्रभेत्रप्रदेप्तर्हेश्वरेप्तप्तुश्च। अःबद्युप्तरंदेश्वयश्चर्युद्धत्त्वश्चेत्रग्वश्चयार्श्वयार्थया भद्रप्तः

since these things happened, and some of our women amazed us by saying that this morning at dawn when they went to the tomb, they did not find his body, but came back saying they had seen a vision of angels who said he was alive. Some of us went to the tomb and found it just as the women had said, but him they did not see."

26.4 Then Jesus said to them, "O you foolish ones, and slow of heart to believe all the prophets have said! Wasn't it necessary that the Christ should suffer these things and enter into his glory?" And beginning with the scriptures of Moses and all the prophets, he explained to them all that was written about himself. When they came near the village to which they were going, he acted as if he were going onwards, but they insisted, "It's late and the sun is about to set, so please stay with us", so he went in to stay with them. While he was eating with them, Jesus took the bread, gave thanks to God, and shared it with them. Their eyes were opened and they recognized him, but he disappeared from their sight. They said to each other, "Weren't our hearts moved

मुव्दाहित्रम्भा भ्रीयमामर्ग्वास्त्राम् मृत्रमाम्भातास्यान्त्रम्भात्रम् भ्री-नर्ग्राच्यामा बेचामा नेवियास्त्राच्या मेवियास्त्राच्यामा स्वाप्ताच्यामा स्वाप्ताच्या स्वाप्ताच्याच्या स्वाप्ताच्या स्वाप्ताच स्वाप्ताच्या स्वाप्ताच स्वाप्ताच स्वाप्ताच्याच स्वाप्ताच য়৻ঀৢয়৻য়৽ঢ়য়য়ৼয়ৣ৻৴ৼয়ড়য়৻৴য়ঀয়য়ৼয়য়য়৻ৣড়য়৻ঀয়৻য়ড়য়৻ঀয়৻ঀয়৻য়য়৻য়ৣয়৻ঀয়৻য়য়৻য়ৣয়৻ঀয়৻য়য়৻য়৻য়য়য়য়৻য় धुनाः हुः तम्रू असः विदः दर्गोदः अर्केनाः यः तमायः देवः के लुकः हेकः तु अः सु रः तर्गोकः दकाः विदः दक्षाः या व देवकार्वः क्षुप्रभूवाः खे वकार्वदः श्रः श्रवेदः देकार्वदः देक्षुप्रभूवः देक्षुप्रभूवः यस्य स्थानितः विकार्यः स 

as he explained the scriptures to us on the road?" At that very hour they got up and returned to Jerusalem. There they found the disciples gathered together saying, "The Lord really has arisen alive and has appeared to Simon!" They told them what had happened on the road, and how he had revealed himself to them through the sharing of the bread. 26.5 While they were explaining this, Jesus himself stood among them and said, "Peace be with you!" They thought he was an evil spirit, and were terrified. But he said to them, "Why are you afraid, and why do you doubt? Look at my hands and my feet; it is I myself. Touch me and see, for an evil spirit does not have flesh and bone as I have." Having said this, he showed them his hands and feet. While they still could not believe because of their joy, he said to them, "Do you have any food?" They gave him a piece of broiled fish, which he took and ate in front of them. Then he said to them, "While I was with you, I said that everything written about me in the law of Moses and the writings of the prophets and the Psalms must be fulfilled." Then he opened their minds to understand the

र्येग केमवसायस्मित्रेगार्यःसँगसायद्दंशसायान्यान्य। वित्रस्यसाग्रीसामार्देश्चान्यस्म मर्केष्यः स्वाप्तान्त्रः स्वापतान्त्रः स्वापतान्तः स्वापत्तिः स्वापतान्तः स्वापत्तः स्वापत्तः स्वापत्तिः स्वापत्तः स्वापत्तः स्वापत्तिः स्व यदेः गहरा देः द्वरायम् भेयः यर्षे अय्यदे क्वें व्यार्थः क्वें अपूर्वर क्वें अय्यदः क्वें आयर क्वें 26.5 देख्रम्यम्दायतेद्वासुर्विम्त्रीविम्त्रीविम्त्रीयायायतेदसाहित्रीविम्त्रीयायायते त्ववायम्भूगः देशमञ्जूषा विक्रिंशन् अर्धेम्य विक्रिंशन् विक्राम्य विक्रिंशन् विक्राम्य विक्रिंशन् विक्रिंशम् विक्रिं શ્રુંથા નિ.રીયા.ધ્ર.ક્ષ્.મા.હિંદ.ક્ષ્.ફ.ના.લુંટ.ક્રેન્ડ.ક્રોય.તુંદા ફ્રિંટ.ગ્રી.શ્રયમા.શે.કુંતુ.ક્રીય.ક્રેશ.શ્રેથા દવુ. मदारान्दरायनायायार्थेश्वर्दा ददासुवायारेनाववारम्याववारार्देनवायायार्थेवा न्यायाया बेना राष्ट्रराम्द्रियद्रेयान् नर्द्रस्यायास्त्रन्यस्य स्वामस्याम् विद्यम् सार्वेद्रसम् विचर्यान्द्रमुन्त्रां केंद्रायम् अर्थान्त्रमुन्य मुक्तावि केंद्रमुन्य मु यास्य क्रियं म्युम्प्यते पुरान्ते स्वार्थं क्रियं स्वार्थं क्रियं स्वार्थं क्रियं स्वार्थं स्वरं स्वार्थं स्वार्यं स्वार्यं स्वार्थं स्वार्थं स्वार्थं स्वार्थं स्वार देवकाविरामीकाविष्ट्रमः "विर्क्षित्रस्त्रम् अवसातुः स्वरादि स्वरादि स्वराह्म स्वराहम स्वराह्म स्वराह्म स्वराह्म स्वराह्म स्वराहम स्वराह्म स्वराहम स 

scriptures and said to them, "It was written that the Christ should suffer and on the third day rise from the dead, and that in his name repentance and forgiveness of sins should be proclaimed to all nations, beginning from Jerusalem. You are witnesses of these things."

26.6 Key Point:

Jesus died.
Jesus rose from death.
Jesus will come again.

र्ट्च तर्ने हूं त्य न्यत्त् विन्यावया विन्द्र स्थाय विन्य स्थाय विश्व विष्य विश्व व

26.6 वर र्नेव गर्डे में। गर्डे में खे शु में दश्च वश्च सुर खर श्रु ग्र्मेंब में र मबेदश श्रु ग्रु र है। दिशा हेव दिने र खर मश्चरिक देश खेव में।





Chapter Twenty Seven:

Jesus Good News

27.1 Do you remember our first story? In the beginning, God created the world and everything in it. He made mankind in his own image; male and female, and put them in the Garden of Eden. The two people disobeyed God's command by eating the forbidden fruit. Like us, those first two people wanted to live according to their own desires rather than obeying God. In doing so, they rejected God's love, offended him, and violated his infinite holiness. Despite this, in great mercy God promised them that one day, he would send a savior who could restore their relationship with him. After Adam and Eve were driven out of the Garden of Eden, people's hearts became even harder. Driven by a sinful nature, people kept on living according to their own desires. Finally God decided to destroy all of humanity with a great flood. But because Noah trusted and obeyed God, he and his family were saved. After the

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### गर्डें में 'खे' शुदे' दर्धे व 'यब मं में में

27.1 हिन् में अन्याम अन ५८-५२-२४५-५५४ वर्ष ५५८ वर्ष ५५८ वर्ष १५८ वर्ष १ देव कु :सूर्यः स्रस्यविषाः यस्त्र श्री के अदेषिके अक्षेत्रः कुर्यः अस्त्रे विष्यः क्षेत्रः स्रम् विष्यः क्षेत्रः किष्यः क्षेत्रः स्रम् षी प्रमादः व्यासः कृत्। दः क्रें न्द्रः द्र्यम् प्रमादः क्रें आद्रों त्रास्त्रं वी प्रमादः व्याप्तः व्याप्तः व য়ेॱळेॱऒॗॖॖॖॖॴॱॻॸॱढ़ॸॣॕॸऻॖॎॸॖॱख़ॖॴढ़ॴॕॿॕॴॱॸॣ॔ऻॕढ़ॱय़ऴॕॴॱॵॱॻॖॖॖॖॖॺॴऄॗॗॕॸॱॸॣॸॱऄढ़ॱय़ॱॻॖॴॱॻॴॿॸऻ विदायार्थम् अमायहरा विदानी स्वराम् याद्यायायात्री सम्भापना ने स्वरामुदान स्वराम् याक्र्या. यो अरबीय अरबे. कुचे. त्रु. यानवः श्रुप्यश्चार्योवः यहेषा हेवः यदे सः स्वर्षाश्च श्रुष्येवः यदेः वत्यः स्वरः वावदः। सः द्वः द्वः सं स्वरं देवः ૹૢ૽ૺ<sup>ૢ</sup>ઌ૾ૼૹ.ૠૡૺૹ.ઌૹ૾ૺૺૺૺૺૺ૾ઌઌૢ:૬ૢૼૹ.ૹૼૺ.ૹૢ:ૹૹ૱ૢ૽ૼ૱ૹૹ.ૹૼૠઌૹ.ૹ૽ૺૺૠૹૺઌૢઌ૱ઌૣૠૼૹ૽ૼૺૺૺૺૺ૾ૺ૾૽૾ૢૼઌૺૺ૾ઌૢૹ.ૹ૿ૢ૽. रदायिश्वायञ्चितान्त्रेभाद्मभवाग्रीवासामध्यात्रिवासामध्यात्रेभावत्त्रम् स्वात्रम् स्वात्रम् स्वात्रम् स्वात्रम अर्क्केना नी अरक्कुर्तेयना केन्न व्यासा अर्थिन सम्बन्ध अर्थन स्थान सम्बन्ध समित्र सम्बन्ध सम्बन्ध समित्र समित्य समित्र समित्र समित्र समित्र समित्र समित्र समित्र समित्र समित्र 

flood, God called Noah's descendant Abraham to obey him. Abraham believed God's promises, and so God considered him completely righteous, just as though he had never sinned. When God commanded Abraham to sacrifice his son Isaac, Abraham obeyed, and God provided a sheep in Isaac's place. This story showed what kind of death Jesus was to die.

27.2 Many years later, God called the prophet Moses to be a mediator between himself and Abraham's descendants, the people of Israel. When God saved the Israelites from the king of Egypt, he commanded each Jewish family to put the blood of a flawless lamb on the door of their house. This too was to show an example of what kind of death Jesus was to die. Centuries later, God promised that a perfect mediator would come from among the descendants of King David. The prophet Isaiah also spoke about this coming savior. Finally, in the first century, God's promised savior was born just as Isaiah had prophesied. Jesus taught people about God's way of हेबाका अक्ष्य क्षेत्र त्या कुर त्या कु

27.2 र्थे अद्यादि हे आशु रद ले दिन्द यथे शे राखेया यदे य राशे सुत्व युरायदे द्वीर दिने आर्रें वा वीश सुदर्ह्रेद्र यार्के ने विकास मार्थित के हियास्य की कुल विति प्राप्त की कि कि स्वार स्वार की की मार्थित स्वार की की कि स्वार स्वार की की स्वार स्वार की की स्वार स्वार की की स्वार स् वरःचरःचेत्रञ्जयम। नर्गोवःसर्केनाःमीमायाःमुःनूयदेःवरःसेःरेरेरःक्क्रीवःसेन्यदेःसुःसुदे।वनाःवरःयदेः क्कें त्यात्यवृत्ता नर्वे बार्य दे त्यात्र यात्र यात्र प्राप्त ने दिन्द या दें त्या से त्यां निवास स्वाप्त स्व केन्दुः भेता दुशः स्वशं अन्यविः हेशः शुन्ते विः अर्केषाः मीशः कुतः विन्तः विन्तः मीतः कुन्तः स्थान श्चीतश्रभावत्रित्रेष्ट्रेस्यात्रात्रम्य। श्चीयित्रियात्रम्यश्चराय्यात्रात्रम्भवात्रात्रम्भवात्रम्भवात्रम्भवात्र दर्भाइत् हेर्ग्व अर्क्ष्य मीश्व विषक्त कर्मावर प्रति श्रुप्त शर्माव स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्व त्यान्त्रीत्यार्क्षेत्याची वस्त्ययाची क्षेत्रार्क्षेत्रायक्ष्या विद्याचीत्रात्वन्त्रीत्रात्वात्याच्या

salvation. He healed many diseases, forgave sins, drove out demons, and raised the dead to life. So the Jewish high priest and the officials associated with him became jealous, and made a plot to arrest Jesus and kill him. They caused him to be bound and handed over to Pilate, the Roman governor. Although they accused him of many things, Pilate found Jesus to be innocent. In order to please the Jewish officials, Pilate sentenced Jesus to be put to death by being hung on a cross. On the third day after Jesus died, he was raised to life again, and over a period of forty days he appeared to his disciples. 27.3 Now listen to the Lord Jesus' good news: God loves us and has made a way for us to be saved from sin and shame. That way is the Lord Jesus. For our sake, Jesus lived a sinless life and did God's will perfectly. In our place, he suffered the punishment for sin. After dying on the cross, he rose to life again. In this way Jesus made a way for our relationship with God to be restored. Jesus now invites everyone to receive God's salvation. He said, "Come to me, all you who are oppressed with weariness and heavy loads, and I will give you rest.

27.3 र्यार्ड्स्य पृदेश्य देव विद्या विद्या

Take my yoke and, learn from me, for I am gentle and humble; you will find rest for your souls; for my yoke is easy and my burden is light." In the next chapter, we will learn how to receive the benefits offered by the good news of Jesus.

27.4 Key Point:

Repent and believe the good news.

ल.चीयुःपत्त्रीयःचाचटाम्।त्त्वयः सूच्याक्षक्षःक्षेत्रः प्रसूचः त्यात्रः भूतः सूक्षः त्यात्रः श्रीत्रः । चुः त्युः योषेपः चुटः प्रस्थः खुटः त्युः तियः त्यात्रः त्युः त्युः योष्ण्यः योष्ण्यः योष्ण्यः योष्ण्यः योष्ण्य द्युः श्रीश्राक्षः प्रितः खुटः त्युः तियः त्यात् त्युः त्युः श्रीश्राक्षः योष्ण्यः त्यात् योष्ण्यः योष्ण्यः य

27.4 वरहें व वर्डें वें।

र्श्वेत्रप्तात्व्यस्य स्थान्यस्य स्थानस्य स्य स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्यानस्य स्यानस्य स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्यानस्य स्यानस्य स्यानस्य स्यानस्य स्यानस्य स्यानस्य स्यानस्य स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्यानस्य स्यानस्य स्यानस्य स्यानस्य स्यानस्य स्यानस्य स्यान



Chapter Twenty Eight:

## How to Receive the Best of All Gifts

28.1 In the previous chapter, we learned that God made a way for us to be saved from sin and shame. If I wish to receive these benefits and live with God forever in joy and peace, there are four things I must do: 1) admit that I am a sinner; 2) repent of my sin; 3) believe in the Lord Jesus Christ alone; and 4) pray to Jesus for salvation. These four steps are explained below.

28.2 The first step is to admit that I am a sinner. In our stories so far, we have seen that people naturally like to live according to their own desires rather than obey God. This is because we all have a sinful nature. Driven by our sinful nature, we commit such sins as having evil thoughts, lying, disobeying parents, speaking evil

येद्रहेरप्त मुर्या

# मन्द्रश्चेत्र ह्या अस्त्र प्रस्था सर्वेता स्त

28.1 येतुर्झ्त्रः अप्तिविद्यां त्र अर्ळम् मीश्वादेन्द्र अश्वाद्याय विद्यादे येत्र विद्याय विद

28.2 रेश्रायान्दर्यावे स्टालेद् श्रेषा लेश्राख्य धिवायमायश्यो स्वीत्य प्राचित्र प्राच

of others, lust, adultery, quarreling and jealousy. From such behavior comes many of the problems of Tibetan society. If we think carefully about life, we will see that all this is true. The result of sin is death, which is not only passing away from this life, but also having to remain apart from God forever in hell.

28.3 The second step is to sincerely repent of sin. Do you remember the story of the younger son who went to a far country? That son repented and returned to his father's home. He realized that sin not only offends the God who loves us; it also hurts others. For this reason he felt shame and regret; he mourned because of the sins he committed. In another story, the Lord Jesus spoke about a tax collector. He was very wealthy because he had stolen a lot of money from the people. But when he met Jesus he repented, saying, 'I give half my possessions to the poor, and if I have cheated anyone of anything, I will pay back four times the amount.' The Lord Jesus responded, "Today, salvation has come to this house." In order to repent, we must pray for God

यहित्र-श्चित्रं स्ट्रिक्ष्यम् वित्रं स्ट्रिक्ष्यम् वित्रं स्वित्रः स्वत्रः स्वतः स्

28.3 रेअ'य'ग्रेवेशय'ते हुँद्रिय'दत्रयम्'र्योद्यम्यम् वर्षाद्रम्'त्रम् अर्थाः स्वर्थाः वर्षाः वर्यः वर्षाः वर्षाः व देलीव। संयाचनार्यस्यार्थस्यवेत्त्रस्यते सुर्यादे श्रुरायते श्रुरायाः देशः स्तर्याः सत श्चरकावकायते विभान् विभान्ते व र्सेन : स्वा : स्व : स्वा : स्व : स्व : स्वा : स्व : चुकारादे क्रेमा देका ग्री मुंद श्रीका मार्दे र दर्शे द क्रेका बेद सुद र द सुका विकास मार्क र म बुकाव्यायेव सामवाविषा क्रीं मान्याविष्य क्रीं मान्याविष्य क्रीं मान्याविष्य क्रीं मान्याविष्य क्रीं मान्याविष्य र्दे भीतृत्य निर्देश्ये भु सहयाङ्ग्रायक र्विकार्श्वे द्वाय दित्र सम्बन्धित का निर्देश के सम्बन्धित के निर्देश के सम्बन्धित के समित्र के सम ल.सी.ज.ट.ज.लूट.चयु.बू.ट.वशबा.ब्रेट.जबा.ब्रेट.जी.ट्यीज.लूटबा.बी.क्रेटा टबा.शु.बी.बी.जा.शबू.बूस. त्राभानिताः देन्द्रतिमाद्धराद्धराद्धरायम् शुर्मा अवस्य शुर्मायम् शुर्मायम् शुर्मायम् शुर्मायम् स्थानित्रम् स्थानित्रम् to forgive us, and do as the younger son and the tax collector did.

28.4 The third step in following the Lord Jesus is to believe in him alone. Because we all have a sinful nature, no one can stop doing evil just by relying on his own will-power. Only Jesus gives the power to overcome sin; by depending on that power we can get rid of our evil ways and obtain a new life. God is unimaginably holy. He cannot be pleased by accumulating virtue, or by religious rituals, or good works. If we still depend on the gods, he will not hear our prayers. We must come before God sincerely, depending on his mercy alone. If we do this, he will certainly give us new life. As it is written in the Bible, "Whoever calls on the name of the Lord will be saved." 28.5 We should think carefully about what it means to be a follower of Jesus. He said, "Whoever comes to me and does not love me more than father and mother, wife and children, brothers and sisters, yes, and even life itself, cannot be my disciple. Whoever does not carry the cross and follow me cannot be my

તું ત્રેન્યું અપ્તર્ગો ક્રાયા ક્રિયા છે આ એવા ત્રાયા કર્યું ક્રાયા હુઆ ત્રાયા સુરાવા ત્રાયા છે ક્રાયા છે ક્રાયા છે. ત્રું સાચુઆવા ત્રું સાસ્ત્રેયા ત્યા ક્રિયા છે આ એવા ત્રાયા હુઆ ત્રું આ ત્રું સાય હુઆ ત્રું સાય ક્રાયા હું સાય હ

28.4 मार्डें विष्यं भुष्य प्रप्य विद्याय कि से साथ मास्रुसाय के विद्याविष्य स्पर्य विद्याय है । दर्जें सी देरःश्चेषायदेः स्टाष्मिश्चार्ये दाश्चाश्चे शुः विषाणीश्चार्या विष्ठायदेः शुष्राश्चार्या यहेव वशः श्चेंद्रायः दवः याद्मअक्षार्श्वेदाश्चिद्र। मर्डिं विष्ये स्वानिका स्वानिक यहेव वश्र महें शर्मे वायदे हुँ न्याय श्रम्य वश्र हो माश्रम्य दर्शेय। न्यें वश्र हें माश्रम्य वश्र होन यदे न्याय भीता नेदे ख्री सन्तो प्यामार्श्वनाय भारत्य क्रिया क्री क्री स्थान स्थीत स् त्यः शुन्न अः अहे अः श्रेत्। मृत्यः हे न्देन् श्रे अः न्द्रुतः भ्रुः द्वयश्यः त्यः नहेन् त। विन्दं मेशः नः स्टेरि र्ह्वेन त्ययः या भ्री गार्था । या बे मार्के शाभी दार्गी : र्वेषा वर्षा विदार्गी : र्वुषा शाहे : विवाय सम्मान स्वाय स्वाय सम् अत्वःतः प्रेंदः दर्गेषा देख्यः वुषावः विद्याचेषायः विद्याचेषायः विद्याचेषायः । विद्याचेषायः विद्याचेषायः विद्या याः स्रमार्जे वित्रे सक्त पर्हे प्रमायतः वस्र अन्तर वस्य मार्य स्त्री मार्थ ।

यहरूर में क्षित्र महित्या विद्याय स्थाप्त स्य स्थाप्त स्थाप्त

disciple. Which of you, intending to build a tower, does not first sit down and calculate the cost, to see whether he has enough to complete it? Otherwise, when he has laid a foundation but is unable to finish, all who see it will ridicule him, saying, 'This fellow began to build and was not able to finish.' So none of you can be my disciple who does not give up all his possessions. Though salt is good, if its salty taste goes away, with what can it be restored? It is useless either for the soil or for the manure pile; it is thrown out. He who has ears to hear, let him hear."

28.6 The fourth step in following the Lord Jesus is to pray to him for salvation. The Apostle John said, "This is the commandment, that we believe in the name of his son Jesus Christ". If you want to believe in the Lord Jesus, pray like this: "Lord Jesus, I admit that I have sinned against you and others by disobeying God's word. Now I repent and believe in you, trusting in your grace alone. Opening the door of my heart, I invite you in. From now on you are my savior and I will serve you. Thank you for giving me your wonderful salvation."

इस्रायात्रात्री संविषा मीत्रार्चेषा या हेषा त्राया हैषा या या तर्दे दिया हें वा त्या सह दिव सामित्री या तरि ही स यादबुः नुर्सेन होन्ने। सै: नेश्रायश्रामादर्शे पद्माश्रायदराश्च्यायम् से: ब्रुयः हेश्रा बेमः यमः दश्चुम। नेदेः *`* धुराह्येन्ट्रॅंदिव्दन्द्वश्रासीःशुःविगाणीश्रान्ते पॉन्यास्यस्य उत्सीःश्चन्द्वात् द्वात्रान्ते प्रवित्रायस्य गशुर्य। द्वंते'यम्'र्ये'येत्र'यम्'द्वंते'र्ये'य'यत्यत्व। देते'र्ये'य'म्मिनम्सिम्स्रें'यम्'र्येद्वंत्रम् रम्भार्यित्विराजात्वराज्ञात्वर् त्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्या 28.6 गुर्डें वॅ खे शु त्य द्र द्य द्वे द्य दे देश य विदेश है इस य दर्शे व य दे हे द्र विद त्य हूँ ह तथस दर्वन्यायान्येव अत्राह्म अत्राह्म क्षेत्र व्याप्त के विद्या विद्य सक्तायान्द्रायाचेन्याने धीता अलेका मासुद्रका। माया हे। छोन् ग्रीका मार्जे विष्या सीता मार्जे निर्मा सीता मार वर्रेष्ट्रमञ्जूर्यात्रात्रारम् गर्डेचेचेष्यास्यात्रा त्रुवार्यात्रा त्रुवाराये निर्मात्रात्रात्रात्रात्रात्रात्र यदः क्वें वयारया हिन्दर्से माववाया क्षेणा हेया है। यथा ह्याया ने विया यो ने हिन्या हिन्या र वा स्था है इस्राज्ञ व्याप्त व्याप्त स्वाप्त विद्वार्थ है । विद्वार्थ है । विद्वार विद्यार विद्यार विद्यार र्झें छे हे हिन्स्य वस्य मन्तर यहेव ली रवका प्रबंध हिन वे स्य स्था हिन वे स्य स्था हिन यावित्र ही वी हिन् ही र्से अर्थ र केवदे वर्ष वर्ष प्राप्त मवर वदे र्देव दु ह्या कर हे के विदे ।



Chapter Twenty Nine:

How to Find Assurance

29.1 If we pray to receive salvation, how can we know that we are saved? There are three ways we can know this. First, God the Father promises to save all who believe, and his word is always true. As the Apostle Peter said, "The word of the Lord endures forever. That word is the good news that was announced to you". Second, God the Son, the Lord Jesus Christ, promises to save us. He said, "My sheep hear my voice. I know them and they follow me. I give them eternal life, and they will never perish. No one will snatch them out of my hand". "All that the Father gives me will come to me, and anyone who comes to me I will never drive away." Third, God the Holy Spirit tells us we are saved. As the Apostle Paul wrote, "The Spirit himself testifies with our spirit that we are children of God." Not only so, the Apostle

योतुःहो स-द्याःय।

### धिन्छेश्रामेश्रामान्त्रेन्।

29.1 ग्रायानित्रमायात्र्वेयायत्रिकेन्तुः र्ब्र्व्यायम्यान्यात्र् ने वेर्वेयायायायिन् केश्वादेशयान्त्रेत्। वयश्यमःग्रम्भुमःभूर्यः र्टार्यःवेःलयःर्गोवःमक्र्याःग्रीशःर्ट्यःवेर्मायवःवस्रमःवरःयरः शहर्ततपुरविताकर्विता वित्तवीत्विताकर्तिकाल्याकर्तिकाल्याकर्तिकाल्याकर्तिकाल्याकर् यगादाने कुन पुरान विश्व विश्व कि स्थान विश्व कि स्थान मक्रिसायान्नी: श्रासार में त्रासकें मा स्रो मार्चे विष्णे पुत्राये दास्यान स्थापन स्यापन स्थापन स्यापन स्थापन स्थापन स्थापन स्थापन स्थापन स्थापन स्थापन स्थापन स्था विस्वीया "दर्भुन्या निम्नुन्या निम्नुन्या निम्नु हिं देने या निम्नु हिं दर्भ है असी सम्बन्ध विस्ति है या स्वापन क्रॅंस-र्यमानुः सेर्प्यते कें ह्येव लिस्ट्रेकें वसाधार दिन्नाय ससी दशुर। सुसाग्र स्टर्स वमा वसा दर्सिमा भ्रे.ब्रेन्"डेबाम्बुद्द्यायाम् वन्। "ययाग्रीकारायाम्बद्धायानम् वर्षायान्यस्य स्थानस्य वर्षायान्यस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्य स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्य स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्थानस्य स्थानस्य स्यानस्य स्य इर्षेदव्यापर्देर्भावमाण्याम् द्वाराम् । अस्ति । केन् ग्रीकान्तर्स्वते क्षेत्रकान्द्रत्वर्षेषाका हेन्द्रेन्द्रस्रकान्मीत्रासर्स्वणाची ख्रकान्द्राख्यासी स्वीतान्यस्य

John says that those who are God's children through faith in the Lord Jesus Christ have three characteristics: a) believing in the Lord Jesus Christ, b) obeying his commands, and c) loving one another. If we have these three characteristics, we know that we have been saved.

#### 29.2 A Prayer for Assurance of Salvation

Father, you have promised to save all who have faith in the Lord Jesus. Help us to believe your promises, to rely on the word of your Son, and to trust the witness of your Holy Spirit. Grant us to obey your commands and to love one another, so that we may know that you have forgiven us. These things we ask in Jesus' name, amen.

29.3 What do we do now that we have believed in Jesus and been saved? Just as infants grow up, so new believers in Jesus need to become mature and complete in their faith. Believers no longer live according to their own desires, but live according to God's will. The Lord

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 Jesus said, "You shall love the Lord your God with all your heart, and with all your soul, and with all your mind. This is the greatest and first commandment. And the second is like it: 'You shall love your neighbor as yourself.' "Five ways to do this are: 1) Read the Bible or listen to it daily; 2) Worship God and pray to him; 3) Meet with other believers; 4) Love and serve others; and 5) Tell others about the Lord Jesus. There are many resources available on the www.gsungrab.org website to help you.

क्ष्मश्रायाम्बर्धाः निर्मात् स्वरायत् स्वरायत् स्वरायत् स्वरायाम्बर्धाः स्वरायाम्बर्धाः स्वरायाम्बर्धाः स्वरायस्य स





If you would like to study further, please see these resources: म्याश्चेर्द्रेयश्चः विद्याद्यस्त्रेशः वर्देद्रवः शुः कवद्गेत्रस्रश्चः म्रोत्रेम्बः स्वाधः मृत्रम्









