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A Walk Through Romans



७७। । भ्रुः स्वायतुतुः धैकार्रे स्वायम् वैकायदे दर्वे व धिवा वी श्लेम्यव्यूका

A Walk Through Romans





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৩৩। বিৰ্ভ্তমান্ত্ৰীন্মপ্ৰবাষ্ট্ৰ গ্ৰহণ বিৰুদ্ধ। বিদ্যুদ্ধ কৰি প্ৰতিশ্ব হিন্দু বিশ্ব বিশ্ব কৰি বিশ্ব কৰি।

A Radiant Light to the Ends of the Earth Modern Tibetan © 2018 Central Asia Publishing

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७७। अनु र्क्षायतुः सु त्ये स्यू यम दी साय दे द से त ती मानी स्री मान सू सा

A Walk Through Romans

यायाक्षेत्राची वातः विकास विकास क्षेत्राची क्षेत्राचा क्षेत्राचा क्षेत्राचा विकास क्षेत्राच क्षेत्राचा विकास क्षेत्राच क्षेत्राचा विकास क्षेत्राचा विकास क्षेत्राच क्षेत्राचा विकास क्षेत्राच क्षेत्र क्षेत्राच क्राच क्षेत्राच क्षेत्राच क्षेत्राच क्षेत्राच क्षेत्राच क्षेत्राच क

If you confess with your mouth that Jesus is Lord and believe in your heart that God raised him from the dead, you will be saved. (Romans 10:9)

दर्गे निर्देश

A Note to the Reader

भ्रुं क्वयः यद्युः प्रेष्ट्र स्वयः यद्ये क्रिं स्वयः यद्ये स्वयः स्वयः

The Apostle Paul's letter to the church at Rome is probably the most important letter ever written. In it, the Apostle Paul explains how to be delivered from death and receive God's gift of eternal life. This book is a guide to the truths explained in this great letter. It is meant for Tibetans who have believed in the Lord Jesus Christ, but anyone is welcome to use it, either for private study or with friends or family. Each chapter is one lesson. As you study, pray and ask God to help you understand His truth. Then read or listen to the scripture passage at the beginning of the chapter. Read the lesson, answer the questions, recite the memory verse, and finish with prayer. There is a glossary at the end to explain unfamiliar terms and a map to show you the places mentioned. Finally, if you find this text helpful, please pass it on to others.

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Introduction The Greatest Letter Ever Written

त्यसः विचाल्या विचाल

0.1 Pilgrims in Lhasa will see many famous places such as the Potala, the Jokhang, and Ramoche. In each of these places are images of Buddha, the gods, and many of Tibet's religious teachers. Many people come to these famous places to seek good fortune or merit. Others come for rituals that will take away impurity or bad luck. Still others are troubled by thoughts of death, or by the activities of demons. And indeed there are many stories about what happens to people in the time after they die, when they come before the god of death and face rebirth in a lower realm. Yet in this life all of them were seeking a path to peace and happiness. Today, some look for this through the teachings of religion, but such teachings can be learned only by years of study, and the most powerful of them are secret. Some seek it through religious rituals, but these are expensive. And all must face the final problem of death. Yet there is a way to overcome all these problems, even death. You will read about this way in this book that you are holding in your hands.

0.2 त्रु त्र येन्यते न्त्रीं त्र यर्के न्या विष्ठ व्या विष्ठ व्या विष्ठ व्या विष्ठ विष्ठ विष्ठ व्या विष्ठ विष्ठ व्या विष्ठ व

0.2 We can know for certain about this way because there is a supreme God. This God is not like the Triple Refuge, nor is He like the gods whose images we can see with our eyes. He does not live in temples. He does not need any offerings, because He himself gives us life and breath and everything else we need. Even though we cannot see Him, He is actually not far from each one of us, for through Him we live and move and have our being. This supreme God understands our human life, and He has clearly shown us the way to be cleansed of our impurity, to overcome death, escape hell, and receive salvation and eternal life. Many centuries ago, God revealed this way to specially chosen men. These men were called prophets and apostles. The prophets and apostles wrote God's words in a book called the Bible. It was written so that everyone can read and understand God's words.

२व.मीजास्वयाक्रीस्वराक्ष्याक्षेत्रः स्वात्त्री स्वराव्यक्षेत्रः व्यात्त्रि स्वराव्यक्षेत्रः व्यात्त्र स्वराव्यक्षेत्रः व्यात्र स्वराव्यक्षेत्रः व्यात्त्र स्वराव्यक्षेत्रः व्यात्त्र स्वराव्यक्षेत्रः स्वर्वेत्रः स्वराव्यक्षेत्रः स्वर्यक्षेत्रः स्वर्यक्यवेत्रः स्वर्यक्षेत्रः स्वर्यक्षेत्रः स्वर्यक्षेत्रः स्वर्यक्यक्यक्षेत्रः स्वर्यक्षेत्रः स्वर्यक्षेत्रः स्वर्यक्यक्षेत्रः स्वर्यक

शुःयः इस्रस्रायः स्टारेन् हें श्वेन्यदे श्वेम्यदे विष्णेषा केषा श्वेस्य विषणेषा नेस्रान् ग्वेस्य स्वेस्य विषणे यस्य विष्णा विष्णेष्ठा ने स्टान्स्य देवे विषणेषा ने या अपुः स्वाया ता सुर् स्वाया देवा विषणेष्ठा विषणेष्ठ । विषणे विषणे विषणे स्वाया स्वाया स्वाया स्वाया स्वाया स्वाया स्वाया स्वाया स्वया स्वया स्वया स्वया स्वया स्वया

0.3 One of the books in the Bible was written by an apostle named Paul. In the middle of the first century, the Apostle Paul was on his way from the land of Israel to the city of Damascus, in Syria. Along the way, God spoke to Paul in a vision. God appointed him to proclaim the good news about the Lord Jesus to the people of the world. So Paul traveled through Asia and Europe, teaching people everywhere he went. One of the cities Paul planned to visit was Rome. Rome was the capital of the Roman Empire (which existed at the same time as the Han Dynasty). Paul had not been to Rome before, so he wrote a letter to introduce himself to the people living there. This letter clearly explains God's powerful way of salvation. Today this letter is called Paul's Letter to the Romans, and it is one of the books in the Bible.

0.4 ८ ই রামান্তর ব্রমান্ত্রী বেদ্রীর শ্রেমান্ত্রীর স্থান্তর স্থান্য স্থান্তর স্থান্ত স্থান স্থান্ত স্থান স্থান্ত স্থান্ত স্থান স্থান্ত স্থান্ত স্থান স্থান স্থান্ত স্থান্ত স্থান देराधिन निर्देश प्राप्ति प्रमास्त्र अहिन अपित स्त्राप्ति निर्मात अर्थे मार्थी प्रमास स्वर्थ स्त्र स्त् देवरमी पदेव पर्वे दर्गेव अर्द्धेमा मी पदेव पर्येवा महिकाय वी दर्भः इतः पर्यस्य निर्मात् सर्वेषाः वीः वरः यसः वास्यः वीरः प्रस्ता श्रुश्रागुद्रादे प्रमुग्नश्राम् श्राह्य वरर्देव या पेरळे बानु बान निवस्ता प्रवस्ता की मार्डराय खेयाया अनाम देश सन् स्वरास्त्र सन् दकेय प्रश्नामुल या दर्वेय देश प्रेमा मासुस या है। दर्वेन प्रेमा दर्दे र प्राय यदि मान सार्ख्य या ग्रीन न्यम् फुः सेन्यरे हें त्यार्यहोन्यरे हुँ स्ट्री वर्षियां है। वर्षे त्रहेम् हेन त्रे त्र्मेन्य मन्य য়ঢ়য়ৼঀৗ৾য়য়ড়য়৽৻ৼড়য়ড়৸য়৽ড়ৼৼয়ৼড়ড়ৼড়য়ড়য়ড়য়ড়ড়য়ড়ড়য়ড়ড়য়ড়ড়য়ড়ড়য়ড়ড়য়ড়ড়য়ড়ড়য় धेवा यदे हों या हो देवे प्रति क्षा देवे प्रति प्रति वा वादा वादा वा वादा वा वादा वहिषा हेव वर्ते वे से इसका वा विस्ना पाईन प्रवेश केव से किया प्रक्लिका प्रमान केव से हिम विस्ता की विस्ता केव नु पायबर्धे भ्रुपायमप्रबें प्यते भ्रुं त्राम्बे पहे प्रप्रा प्रमुम श्री वक्षे से प्रवस्य वर्षे वास्त्र द्रम्भायान्यम् पृत्रेन्यदे में म्वराय स्त्यु स्रेम् धेव। देवा ग्रायान्य पार्यान्य विदायनेवायाया য়৾৽য়ৢঀৠয়ৼৼৼ৽৻ৼৢ৾ৼড়৾৽য়৽য়ৢয়ৠড়৽ৼ৾য়ৢ৾য়৽য়ড়৾য়৽য়ৢ৾য়৽য়য়য়ড়ড়য়৾ৼ৽য়৻৽ড়৾য়৽ড়ৼ৽য়ড়ৼয়ড়ৼয়ৼ देवे हु राष्ट्र अर्थाय देव राष्ट्र का विद्या के या का या के दिया हु राष्ट्र का विद्या का का विद्या के विद्या क

यः इस्र अश्वाद्यात्र अस्य अस्य विश्व प्रवाद्य प्रवाद्य प्रवाद्य प्रवाद्य प्रवाद प्रवा

0.4 Why should we read this ancient letter today? What benefits does it offer us? First, the apostle Paul's Letter to the Romans is the word of the supreme God who made the world and all that is in it. The letter itself was written by the apostle Paul, but the truth in it is God's. Second, in this letter Paul explains God's way of salvation. Anyone who reads it and believes its message will find blessing, spiritual power, freedom from impurity, and victory over death and the powers of darkness. Third, this letter contains good news. In fact it is the best news we will ever hear, because it leads to eternal life. Fourth, we should study Romans because it teaches us how to have a right relationship with the God who made the world. This is very important because God has fixed a day on which He will judge the world. On that day He will reward with eternal life all those who seek for glory and honor and immortality. But He will punish with eternal death all those who are self-seeking and who ignore the truth. So in love He commands all people everywhere to repent of their wicked deeds, and believe the good news. Those who do so will enjoy God's presence in heaven forever.

0.5 थे:शुःचदेःश्च्र्यःश्च्र्यःश्च्रवःश्चर्यायात्राः केवः चें विषाः योत्राः श्वेषाः योत्राः विषाः योत्राः योत्राः

0.5 A famous Christian teacher once said, "When any one gains a knowledge of this Epistle, he has an entrance opened to him to all the treasures of Scripture." As you study this book, may God bless you with eternal life.

0.6 ईसायायें इसका दुवा

0.6 The Authors

येतुः दृद्ये। र्रे स्रुप्या क्रस्य स्थाया प्रत्या वित्र वित

Chapter One: A Letter to the Romans (Romans 1:1-17)

1.1 इत्य विष्ठां भाषा परिविधायत् स्थाप्त स्थापत स्

1.1 Text: I, Paul, am writing this letter. I serve Christ Jesus. I have been appointed to be an apostle. God set me apart to tell others his good news. He promised the good news long ago. He announced it through his prophets in the Holy Scriptures. (Romans 1:1-2)

1.2 বেশ্রীঅ'বা ক্রুব'শাদ্ব'শ্রী'মি'ক্ট'অ'মী'মান্দর্শি'নিশাশীশার্দি'র্মশ্বামাশ্রমা *'* इत'य'क्सअअ'न्द्रत्येय'य'षम्'यें 'र्षेन्'य'नेमाय'केन'षेन'यम्'बेसआ | वि'क्सअअ'य'म्दानेम्'न्वेन् यदेञ्जयमञ्जावित्रमभावार्यम्यायाचीत्व्ययाम्य सुर्धित्यात्र मित्रावित्र स्वापित्र स्वापित्र स्वापित्र स्वापित्र न्म्बारायदाङ्कीराक्षेत्रका याया है। विं क्षेत्र कुछ दायाया केवा दीं विया द्वीं श्रात्रा दम्वेयाचायमार्चा विमार्थिन्यानेयम् राज्यमाया केन्या स्थानामा न्नरः स्वः पदेः से द्वस्य संग्रेशः र <u>क़</u>ॖॖॖॖॖॣॸॴढ़ऻॕॸॱॴॹॕॴॴय़ढ़ॶॴॴढ़ॎॿॖॕॻॱय़ढ़ॱॸॕॗॴॴय़ऄॗॸॱॿॗऀॸऻ क्रूनर्थातमा विराम *ॻॖॸॱॸॺॸॱ*ग़ॖक़ॱॸॸॱख़क़ॱॺऄऀॱॸ॔ग़ॕक़ॱऒ॔क़॔ॻॱॺॏक़ॱॸॱऄॕॸॱढ़क़ॆऀॼॱढ़ॎऻॕक़क़ॱख़ॱॸॸॸॺॹॱॸॖॱऄॸॱॺऄॱक़॓॔ॱॹक़ॸॱ <u>श्चित्। नर्गोन्यर्क्षेमानेनेनेन्नरपदेर्केश्योः नर्गोन्यर्क्षमामश्च्यायाधिनाने। दिनमाहेन दिन्दनेन्दाने सर्धिन</u> या वसका उपत्यों प्राया वर्षा यव स्थापन स र्षेन्यायश्वारहेषाहेवायन्यवेदयायाक्षेत्राक्षेत्रा प्रदेशह्यूताङ्क्षेत्राङ्केताह्येन्यवेद्वायदेवहेवायेषायन्य न्नु न सेन्यते न में न सर्केष न प्रत्येष या प्रत्य प्रत्य प्रत्य प्रत्य प्रत्य प्रत्य प्रत्य प्रत्य प्रत्य प्र धेग'दे'वे'ब्रे'्येंदे'त्ब'र्यवाद्यंदे'त्ब'द्येयादंश'त्'ब्रू'ढंय'यदुःखु'वेब'बेर'आवव'वेग'गेब'द्येबा विंदिने निर्वेत वृष्टित्त व्याप कृत्य दे के अप्री अविश्वाय विन कृत्युम। निर्देश विक्र दिव विवास विक्र दशदेशम्बर्धः स्टिन् ग्रीष्यः कृत्यदे र्रेक्षः या गर्देन्या ग्रीत्या हैन्यदे श्रेम्रशास्य । विदे श्रीम्य द्युका गर्दे क्यायद्धस्याम् स्वास्त्राम् स्वास्त्रम् स्वास्त्रम् स्वास्त्रम् स्वास्त्रम् स्वास्त् स्वास्त्रम् स्वास्त्रम्यस्त्रम् स्वास्त्रम्यस्त्रम्यस्त्रम्यस्त्रम् स्वास्त्रम्यस्वस्त्रम्यस्त्रम्यस्त्रम्यस्वस्त्रम्यस्त्रम्यस्त्रम्यस्त

1.2 Explanation: In daily life, many people feel that is important to have good relationships with powerful people who can help and protect them. When they need something, they think about two things: who can help them to get it, and what they will have to do for that person. If they want something very important, they need a good relationship with a very powerful person. If that is true, how much more important is it to have a relationship with someone who has all power? Powerful people can help us get money, or a better house, or maybe even a car. But an all-powerful God can help us overcome death and give us eternal life. This God is not the triple refuge, but the holy and all-powerful God who made the world and all that is in it. Having a right relationship with Him is the most important thing in this world. The book we are about to read tells us how to get such a relationship with the all-powerful God. It was written in the first century by a man named Paul. As a youth, Paul became an expert in the religion of the Jewish people. When he heard about the good news that is explained in this book, he was afraid that these teachings would harm his own Jewish religion. So he hated the those who proclaimed it and tried to destroy them. But while he was doing so, the Lord Jesus Christ appeared to him in a vision, and Paul himself became a follower of the Lord Jesus. Within a few years, Paul became a famous Christian teacher. He traveled through the eastern lands around the Mediterranean Sea, telling everyone the good news of the Lord Jesus. When he had finished preaching in these countries, he decided to visit the city of Rome (see map). Rome was the capital of the ancient Roman Empire. The leaders of the Roman Empire worshipped pagan gods. But the number of Christians was increasing rapidly, and many people were talking about the fact that there were now Christians even in the capital city. Paul wanted to visit Rome because he knew that from there, the good news of the Lord Jesus would soon spread across the western half of the Empire.

1.3 देते 'द्वीर' श्वे 'र्से 'र्रा 'र्रा वाषका वार्षित 'रा 'श्वा कंवा पातु खुका के 'श्वा के पात्र के पात्र के पात्र का का वार्ष के पात्र के दिंद्व विषय देवा देवा विदाय के येव सुवाय विदाय के येव स्वाय के विदाय के विद **য়ৢ৾**ॱख़॓ॱॶॱय़ॸॱय़ॖज़ॱय़ॸॱढ़ॸॕॣॸऻ॒ऻॕॎढ़ॱॺॊॱॸॕॱॷॱख़ॱॾॕॣॸॱॴॺॺॱख़॓ॱॶॱय़ॱॾॖॺॹॱख़ॱॸॕख़ढ़॔ॸख़ॺॱॼॖॊॱॹॺढ़ॸॿॗॗ॓ॺॱ विषाः श्लेराचराचर्यसम् । वावराञ्चेवादेवीपद्यायसाउत्यवासायिवादीप्राचेतायदीप्राचितासर्केवाप्तरा देन्दर्गेश्वायाधित। उपमाश्वाचेत्रत्। स्टायवित्रश्चेश्वादर्भेष्वस्थाउन्श्चेश्वान्मेत्रसर्केषायार्नेश्चरस्य विरारे महारादें राक्षां वा इसका धेव। देवे बिमार केंबा केवा सम्मार्थ माना सामार्थ विदा यतुः तुषा तस्वि व धिषा ची त्येतुः दृष्टा सं र देते द्वे र स्वियः य र तद्वीः य र त्युर। द्वे दृष्टा र दवः य दे सिषा दर्शीवः अर्केग'न्टर्टर्केंदे'दर्नेल'च'षम'र्चे'सेन्यरनेता देव'गुटन्मेंव'सर्केम'मेश'दिमाहेव'विस्थानानि अर्धेद्रायदेर्भेत्रायादवेयायादेश्वराम्बेराम्बर्धासह्दायदेवकरम्बित्वमायर्गेत्। दक्रमाविद्वे विष्युं ये थे श्रें भ्रः कें प्रमुग यश ग्रे क्वें वश यञ्चयशयम् अह्र *५ गों व* अर्केग वे ५ प्रम् गाव ५ ५ र खूव ४ थे व यश्विंद्यो तकर्याके येश्वास्य परिते देव श्वा र्देन देने दर्के दरविषाया षरद्या या मन्द यान्या मळे वळे यान्या के स्वर्वे वा त्या के के ब्रिका के स्वर्वे के स्वर्वे के स्वर्वे के स्वर्वे के स्वर्वे क यङ्बार्षेत्। देवेः ब्रेन् अस्य यद्युकार ब्रेन्य यहार्वे प्रमाये प्रमायन वस्य अस्य प्रमायन वस्य वस्य वस्य वस्य वरायराचेदायदेव्ह्रां अञ्चादाराष्ट्रवाया प्रवासाया अद्राज्ञा (दें सूपा 1:16) चुह्रा वा भ्राक्ष्यापतुः तुर्वा देशे भ्री स्वायाय विद्याव स्वराय स्वयुरा

1.3 So in about 56 AD, the Apostle Paul wrote a letter to the Christians living in Rome. He was planning a journey to Spain and he wanted to meet the believers in Rome along the way. He wanted to give the Romans a wonderful gift. This gift was not money or things. It was the teaching about how to have a right relationship with God. And in fact, all of us need this today, because all of us by nature ignore God and live to please ourselves rather than Him. As a result, we are always doing many evil things, as Paul will explain in detail later in the first chapter of his letter. These evil actions ruin our relationship with God. Yet even before God created the world, He planned a way to restore this relationship. He accomplished that plan through the life and work of the Lord Jesus. Because God has all power, His plan always accomplishes His purpose. That purpose is to give us a right relationship with Himself, save us from death and destruction, and bring us safely into His presence. This is why the Apostle Paul says that the gospel is "the power of God for salvation for everyone who believes" (Romans 1:16). How then can we receive this gift of a good relationship with God? The Apostle Paul will explain this in the rest of his letter.

1.4 ब्रॅन्सर्चे द्रस्यक्यः द्रान्त्रस्त्रोद्र कु

- 1. र् रा विर्णे प्रमाय स्पर्धिया हेव पर्रिया के मिया प्रमाय के मिया के मि
- 2. त्रेच। न्वरत्तुवर्नरक्ष्वयिते पूर्वावर्षः वर्षेवर्षः वर्षेवर्यः वर्षेवर्ययः वर्षेवर्ययः वर्षेवर्ययः वर्षेवर्ययः वर्षेवर्ययः वर्षेवर्ययः वर्

1.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: What do you think is the most important thing in the world?
- 2. Q: What benefits might we receive from a right relationship with the all-powerful God?

1.5 ব্রীশ্বাধ্ব

- 1.5 Questions and Answers
- 1. Q: What is the gospel? A: It is the power of God for salvation to all who believe.
- 1.6 ब्रह्मॅंब्रम्डॅंचें। ग्याफेन्न्यत्येद्रप्रदेश्मॅंब्रसर्वेग्यद्रप्रदेश्यकेंग्यद्रप्रदेश्यकेंग्यद्रव्याय्याय्यद्रप्रदेश्यकें
- 1.6 **Key Point:** If we have a right relationship with God, we can overcome death and have eternal life.
- 1.7 **ब्रॅंग्यहें त्रिन्जु** प्रतिब्रे प्रज्ञा प्रतिब्र प्रज्ञा प्रतिव्य प्रतिवृत्य प्रतिव्य प्रतिव्य प्रतिव्य प्रतिविद्य प्रतिवृत्य प्रतिवृत्य प्रतिवृत्य प्रतिवृत्य प्रतिविद्य प्रतिवृत्य प्रतिवृत्य
- 1.7 Memory Verse: I am not ashamed of the gospel, for it is the power of God for salvation to everyone who believes. (Romans 1:16)
- 1.8 **ब्रॅड्रायसप्ट्रियस**क्कि ययाद्र्यां स्वार्थस्था स्वार्थस्य स्वार्यस्य स्वार्थस्य स्वार्थस्य स्वार्यस्य स्वार्थस्य स्वार्यस्य स्वर्यस्य स्वार्यस्य स्वार्यस्य स्वार्यस्य स्वर्यस्य स्वार्यस्य स्वर्यस्य स्वर्यस्य स्वर्यस्य स्वर्यस्यस्य स्वर्यस्यस्य स्वर्यस्य स्वयस्यस्य स्वर्यस्य स्वर्यस्यस्यस्य स्वर्यस्यस्य स्वर्यस्य स्वर्य
- 1.8 Prayer: Father God, we thank You for the good news of the Lord Jesus, because it is your saving power at work within us. Amen.

येदुःग्हैश्य। दन्नेयायाणगार्चेदिङ्ग्रीम् (र्स्यम् 1:18-32)

Chapter Two: Good Relationships (Romans 1:18-32)

- 2.1 इप्प देवे हिर्म् अर्क्षिय प्राप्त अर्क्षेषा की ख्रिया आर्थि है प्रत्य प्राप्त के प्रत्य प्रत्य के प
- 2.1 Text: God shows his anger from heaven. It is against all the godless and evil things people do. They are so evil that they say no to the truth. (Romans 1:18)
- 2.2 द्वायाचा क्षेत्रंद्रायायात्रद्रक्षेत्रदा ढ़ॼ॓ॖॺॱॻॱॺॺॱय़ॕॱॺ॔॔ॸॖॺॱढ़ऀॱॻॸ॓ॸॸॾऄॗज़य़ॕॱॺ॔ॸऻॗऒढ़ॺॱॹॸॸ॓ॷॸऄॸॺॱॷॱख़ॖ॔ॺॱऄॱ द्रमार्श्वेद्रपद्ध्रद्रश्चेद्र। मायाक्रिश्चीमाल्यास्यास्य स्वर्धान्य प्रवासिक्षित्य म्या केंद्र चें प्रेव द्वा व्वाव केंद्र परि दर्भेद्र मिंद्र अर्केष दिन द्वेय प्राय प्रम्य प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त प्र चॅं अपीव वस्या वें वा ने सूर ही र द्वेय पर्ड सूर र वें परमा नेंव ने हें महार दें ही र पर्ट कें कार में व अर्क्केषा'षी'र्क्केर'र्हेषा'र्डअ'र्शेष'र्द्शेषा द्येर'त। 1) दर्गेत'अर्केषा'षीषा'यहिषा'हेत'यदे'द्र'देर'र्थेर' या वसका उर् ग्री तर्वे दाया दें प्ये वा विंदा वी का वादा सहंदा परि क्कें वका से क्षा साम ग्रीका विंदा वी क्कें का सुवा उत्दरभेद्यायकाद्रगेंवाभकेंगामेकाचेंद्राधुयाची महकादी अर्के अहें अहें का वें। क्रेसकाडवादागेंद्रायम सर्दा देशार्वेटकी तु:व:येट्यटेट्यट्ट्यट्य्येश्वरायां सर्वेदा भे:दूसका ग्रीका वका देवाका कू रहेंगाका यर्क्टेव। 2) भ्री: इस्र श्राप्ते अप्ते देव पे इस्र अप्ते अप्ताप्ता प्राप्ते प्राप्ते विश्व प्राप्ते प्रापते प्राप्ते प् भ्रे'दरवगतद्वेत्र'अ'ल्**ञा** देर'बर'यदर्धे'अर'के'वशदर्गेत्र'अर्केग्'य'र्देश्वरधे'वेद्यर्था'व्याराष्ट्रेशे - ब्रेन्य खेत्र। नेते ख्रेमिन क्रिक्स अविष्ट स्टार्सेन क्रिक्स या निष्ट स्टार्सेन खेत्र स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त पवरपावस्था उर्जी रिवृह्य सुरकार्जी वासकेषा वीकारवाया याची रार्क्षे सामि स्वाया या र्मेलायादेवीदर्गेवासर्केनामी धुनाबार्वि वेशाचेत्र। दर्गेवासर्केनातादेवीस्त्री धुनावशास्त्री वर्षेत्राया ॔ख़ॣॸॱऄॱक़॓॔ॱॿॣ॓ॴॻॱॾॖॺॴॻॖऀॿॱॸ॔ग़॔॔ढ़ॱॺक़ॕ॔॔ग़ॱॺऀॱढ़ॺॴॿॖॱख़ॗॸॱढ़क़ॕ॔ॱॻढ़ऀढ़ॱख़॔ॸ॔ड़ऀॸॱऻ<u>ॗॎऀ</u>ॿॕॎऄ॔ॿॱॻॖऀॸॱय़ढ़ऀॱ यश्राद्वावे क्षेणा हेशा हेशा हेशा क्षेणा हेशा गुर्शाद गेंवा यह केंगा या में या या सामा विदाय विदाय स

गर्वेव। नेप्यश्वाभी स्वाध्या श्री स्वाध्या श्री स्वाध्या स्वाध्य स्वाध्या स्वाध्य स्वाध्य स्वाध्य स्वाध्य स्वाध्य स्वाध्य स्वाध्

2.2 Explanation: Everyone needs good relationships with family, friends, and co-workers. When we have good relationships with them, we have happiness and peace. When we do not have good relationships with them, there may be disagreements, anger, and even violence. If it is important to have good relationships with other people, how much more important is it to have a good relationship with God? And how can we get such a relationship? In order to understand the answer to these questions, we must know something about God. 1) God is the Creator of this world and all that is in it. People know about God through what He has made. God made from nothing Tibet's snow mountains, its beautiful lakes, and its animals. This shows His power and wisdom. God gives us water and good soil so that we can produce food. This shows His kindness. 2) Yet even though people knew these things, they still did not honor Him as God or thank Him for the blessings that He gave them. Even today, most people pay no attention to God (they are ungodly) and as a result, they live to please themselves and do what is evil in His sight (they are unrighteous). 3) But God, who is the source of all goodness, does not tolerate evil. God's opposition to evil is called God's wrath. People who choose to ignore God and live according to their own desires are living as God's enemies. The evil that they do (called sin) opposes God, suppresses the truth about His goodness, and corrupts their minds, so that they can no longer understand God's truth. They may think that they are wise, but in God's sight, they are fools, for they worship images of created things that cannot help them. Because they reject God, He hands them over as slaves to their own lusts, and so they do many evil things (Romans 1:26-31). Even though they know that God punishes such harmful and unclean actions with death, they continue to do evil themselves, and encourage others to do so, too.

विर्मित्रमायायायायार्थेरासुरानुर्। विर्मानीयम्यासुर्मित्रम्या विर्मानीयम्यादिन्द्रीयस्य। शुःलेगानिःसूरामीःसुःगाःयानमीशाःसमा · यं अट चेंदे तुषा शुः पर्वे दाया श्री अप द दा अह्मा अव र तु । विश्वा ्र<u>य</u>्त्रा ने व्रियार्क्य त्या अप्यास्त्र से क्रिन्य स्था स्था स्था ने साम स्था स्था स्था साम स्था स्था स्था स्था स देख्र-दर्गेव सर्केंग यदि श्रूट से हो दायव ही श्र विट मी प्रायत यास क्रायति श्रू वश्रान्में व सर्वेगायार्थेगा श्रुवा व हिंदा विद्यो प्यतेव पार्देव श्रासी श्रुवा परी सुव प्रेम रशुरा प्रबद्ध प्रमुख्य प्रम्य प्रमुख्य प्रमुख्य प्रमुख्य प्रमुख्य प्रमुख्य प्रमुख्य प्रमुख वहिमान्हेन वहिमान्यस्या यह्या सार्वे विद्या क्षेत्राय सार्वी क्षेत्राय सार्वी क्षेत्राय सार्वी क्षेत्राय सार्वी वर्षायव्याः र्हेन् चेन् अववा नर्वेवः रेगवाः भ्रीमा स्वायेवः अविवायम्बायम् स्वायेवः स्वायवायम् । <u> २८ वी तर्रे ५ य पञ्जें ६ अ २८ के वालक इस्र अया वाल तर्युट या वि र्रे अ र्</u>रे बे'डेर'रे'रद्दर्दर्दर्क'र्चे'धेवा ॱॾॣॸॱऄॱॻॖॆॸऻॱज़ऒॕज़ॱॺॏक़ॱॸॕक़ॱॸ॓ऄॕॱॿय़क़ॱॼॸॱॺऻॿ॓ॺऻॴॱज़क़ॱॻॖ॓ॱय़ॿय़ॱय़ऄॱऄक़ॱऄ॔*ॸ*ॱऄ॔ॸॱॺॕॸॱॺॏक़ॱ *देख्र* र चुे र प्यते भे : च अक्ष : उ र या चि अका गाउँ र अहं र व का र भुया (व अका कु अह गाका) दें व र व र दें र से रेशनिष्ट्रमण्चीः शे कें शे क्रुवा देव गुरावेतु हेश सम्भु स्वापतु सुरावेत पतु सुरा ची पत्र पारा स्वेति स्रोस्र यतरार्षे द्राया र्षेत्रायमात् यात्र अस्त्रा देश्य स्वरायसाय स्वरायमा स्वराय 2.3 As our Creator, God the Father wants us to have a right relationship with Him, just as a good father wants to have a good relationship with his children. But we ignore God and daily violate His commands; we are like disobedient children. We oppose the will of God the Father, treat His word with contempt, make friends with His enemies, and do not repay His kindness to us. What father will be pleased with such children? Even if he is patient with them for many years, will he not finally drive them out of their family? In the same way that these children's disobedience offended their parents, the disobedience of those who ignore God offends God. They become fools who can no longer understand His truth. Unable to tell right from wrong, they call evil good, help the devil in his soul-destroying work, and sink into error and depravity. Their behavior causes much suffering in this world. The husband who beats his wife, the son who gets drunk and fights, and the official who takes bribes are all ignoring God and acting to please themselves. They do not care if others suffer, as long as they get what they want. God sees all things, and at the end of time God will judge all such people and send them into hell. Of course, not everyone lives in this way. But as the Apostle Paul will show in the next chapter of his letter, the root of this evil exists in our own hearts as well, and there is only one way to escape from its clutches.

2.4 मॅ्निशर्चे द्रायक्य द्रायक्य सुराग्ने द्रा

- 3. र्रे.च। रेख्नू राष्ट्रे राष्ट्र त्या त्या विष्ठ्र राष्ट्रे राष्ट्र राष्ट्र

2.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: In what ways do people ignore God and seek to please themselves? (Romans 1:26-32)
- 2. Q: How do people encourage others who practice evil? (Romans 1:32)
- 3. Q: How are such people living as enemies of Almighty God? (Romans 1:21-32)

2.5 ইশ্বেৰ

- 2. त्रेच। त्र्ग्विस्वर्धमानीः श्चन्यान्त्रं त्रेडिः धेव वय। त्र्ग्विस्वर्धमानीः श्चन्यान्त्रं विष्ट्रव्यः वयम् त्र्र्यान्त्रं विष्ट्रव्यः वयम् वयम् वर्षे व्यवस्थित।

2.5 Questions and Answers

- 1. Q: What is sin? A: Sin is doing what God forbids, or not doing what God commands.
- 2. Q: What is God's wrath? A: It is His opposition to all evil.
- 2.6 Key Point: If we ignore God, and live to please ourselves, we are God's enemies.
- 2.7 **ब्रॅंप्ट्रेव च्रेन्ज्या** च्राप्त देश ख्रेस्त्र में व्यास अर्जन में कर्या प्रमाय कर्या क्षेत्र क्

- 2.7 Memory Verse: Let no one deceive you with empty words, for because of these things the wrath of God comes upon the sons of disobedience. (Ephesians 5:6)
- 2.8 **ब्रॅबियसप्तिचबाक्या** गर्डें चें यम्बा ब्रैगि हेश ग्रीका महें वें स्वापित स्वापित
- 2.8 Prayer: Lord, open our eyes, so that we may see how sin has made us blind. Restore our sight, that we may live as your obedient children. Amen.

মীন্ত্রশাস্থ্যমান। মীস্ক্রমমান্ত্রীস্ক্রমান। (র্কিম্বানা 2:1-29)

Chapter Three: The Heart of Man (Romans 2:1-29)

3.1 उन्य श्रे बिंद्रग्रीक्षःश्चेंद्रपःदेख्यः वेद्रायाववः ग्ववः यःश्चेंवः वर्देग्वः वेद्रग्रायः वरः वेद्रग्रीःश्चेंद्रप्यवः देद्रप्यक्तंत्रकः प्रका दर्गावः अर्केगः ग्रीःविस्रकः ग्रेंद्रप्यकः वरः श्च्रपः श्च्रुसः सम्रा (देःसूः प। 2:3)

3.1 Text: Though you are only a human being, you judge others. But you yourself do the same things. So how do you think you will escape when God judges you? (Romans 2:3)

3.2 द्योषया भ्रेः सरकेपश्चान्न सेन्यदेन् ग्रीन सर्वेषा सर्ने श्रूरभे ग्रीन्य स्पर्देन्य स्पर्ने कें क्रुेय प्राप्त देश्चेय क्षेत्र भ्राय प्रमुप्त केत्र विष्य मत्र स्थान स्थान स्थान स्थान स्थान स्थान स्थान स हेवःदर्देदेवदाङ्गाःवङ्ग्याः अदार्धेःदवुदा। देवःग्रद्धाः अश्वाज्यत्रेश्चराष्ट्रीकारेख्याः श्रीको से से दवादा श्रीका द्येरवाया हेरळें अधे श्रेंवा वर्डेद्ययम। मुद्य। ह्व र्वेद्यावन। वेवा वर्षेया वर्षेया वर्षेया वर्षेया वर्षेया व बेंग्रायाये प्रतः क्षेत्र होत्याप्रवायायेवावा पर्केश देख्य होत्य विश्व की पाववास्य वार्मे वार्वे प्रवास होत्र क्रियाः यम्भेयसः श्रेन्। नेः सम्प्रेयः वार्षेः विष्यः भ्रेयः यास्यः विषयः विषयः विषयः विषयः विषयः विषयः विषयः অ'শবর বর্ত্তরি'বৃষ্ণ শ্রী'রী'র্মম্বাত্ম'রীরী র্ম্বালার বর্ত্তর প্রত্মান্তর বিষ্ণালার বিশ্বালার ব गर्डेन्द्र्या केन्द्र्या विन्द्र्या विन्द्र्यया विन्द् ्रञ्चतः त्रु त्यापार दवः विष्ट्राधाववः या क्रुयः विष्ठावाः यो अत्वः तुः विष्ठावाः या विष्ठः या विष्ठायः त्रुवः વૈં ફિંદ્રું કરા ક્રેસ્સાવ સુસાયા એ દ્રદાયુર પારે દ્રાયુવા વસાયા વર્ષે છે તે પૈક્સા વાસુદયા ব্ব। 5:21-22) अञ्चन् विन्योभार्यमा मधियाया द्वीस की मा स्वयाया द्वीन स्वयाया द्वीन स्वयाया स्वयाया स्वयाया स्व देव ग्राम्म का हिन् के त्या बेम कुमा अवाग्राम वर्षे न कवा वर्ण के अववाग्री वर्ष वर्ष वर्ष वर्ष वर्ष वर्ष र्रमी स्रोधारा मिं से अनुसर् में मिंदा में स्वाप्त स्त . बुव। देवे ख्रेरण डॅं वॅं भे :वृष्य भेवे भेद वदावषाया रे वर्षेव पादेषा भे भी या उंदा वर खेदा कु अर्ळवा वी शेरेपीनवनवश्यवश्यापानवायानमा वर्नेन्यिन श्रुनिया म्या श्रेश्वामार्डेन्या

मध्या श्रेम्श्वा मर्वेद्श्यम् । सर्वेद्श्यम् । सर्वेद्श्यम् । सर्वेद्र्यम् । स्वेद्र्यम् । सर्वेद्र्यम् । स्वेद्र्यम् । स्वेद्र्यम्यम् । सर्

- 3.2 Explanation: In our last lesson we learned that most people ignore God and live to please themselves; such behavior causes much suffering in this world. But not everyone lives an openly evil life. We may not murder, steal, tell lies, or commit adultery; we may think we are right to judge others who do these things. If that is the case, we must listen to the teaching of the Lord Jesus. He taught His disciples, "You have heard that it was said to those of old, 'You shall not murder; and whoever murders will be liable to judgment.' But I say to you that everyone who is angry with his brother will be liable to judgment; whoever insults his brother will be liable to the council; and whoever says, 'You fool!' will be liable to the hell of fire" (Matthew 5:21-22). He also said, "You have heard that it was said, 'You shall not commit adultery.' But I say to you that everyone who looks at a woman with lustful intent has already committed adultery with her in his heart" (Matthew 5:27-28). From this teaching we see that evil actions come from evil attitudes in our hearts. This is why the Lord Jesus said, "What comes out of a person is what defiles him. For from within, out of the heart of man, come evil thoughts, sexual immorality, theft, murder, adultery, coveting, wickedness, deceit, sensuality, envy, slander, pride, foolishness. All these evil things come from within, and they defile a person" (Mark 7:20-23). All of us are naturally ashamed of this defilement, and we seek to hide it so that we will appear righteous to others. But we cannot hide our sinful hearts from God, who knows all things. This is why the Apostle Paul asks, "Do you suppose, O man-you who judge those who practice such things and yet do them yourself-that you will escape the judgment of God?" (Romans 2:3).
- 3.3 बोसबायायबास्यायायबार्याप्ता भी केंगा हुँ प्राय्य प्राय्य प्राय्य केंगा हो प्राय्य केंगा है प्राय्य केंगा हो हो प्राय्य केंगा हो है प्राय्य केंगा है प्राय केंगा है प्राय्य केंगा है प्राय्य केंगा है प्राय्य केंगा है प्राय केंगा है प्राय्य केंगा है प्राय केंगा है प्राय्य केंगा है प्राय केंगा है प्राय केंगा है प्राय्य केंगा है प्राय केंगा है प्राय केंग है प्राय केंगा है प्राय केंगा है प्राय केंगा है प्राय केंगा है

ૹ૾ૺૼૠ૽૽૽૽ઌ૽ૺ૱૱૱ૡઌ૽ૺૹ૽ૢૼૺૢૡૡ૱ૡઌ૽ૺ૱ઌ૽ૹ૽ૺઌૡ૱ઌૹૢ૽ૢૼ૱ૡ૽૽ૼઌ૱૱૱ श्रीमात्रकारम्य स्त्यू स्ताया अत्र दर्गीत्र अर्क्षेण यो खुण्या वि दराने या करारे वा या रायगुरा बै'देन्द्रअब'ग्रैब'ग्बद्यदे[®]ब्बर्ड'यबअब'य'न्द्र्श्चेंन्य'र्ड'ग्रुब'य'वअब'उन्दें'त्नु'व'येन्यदे' ॱॸ॔ग़ॕ॔॔ॺॱॺऻढ़ॕॕ॔॔॔ग़ॱॺॏॺॱॺॿॖॎऀॺऻॱऻॺॕ॔॔॔ॸॕऄॱॸॖॸॱय़ॱढ़ॺॱय़ॱॸड़ॺॱय़ॱऄॺॱय़ॵढ़ॎॾॵॱऄॗॱऄॗॺॱढ़॓ॿऻ য়৾৾ৼ৾৾য়৾৽৾ড়৾৽ঀঽ৽ঽঀ৾ৢঀ৽য়য়ৼয়৾ৼয়ৼৼয়৾য়য়ড়৾য়৽য়৾৽য়ৢ৽য়ৢ৽ঀ৾য়য়য়৽য়ৼ৾ৼ यबाधरायमामेर्डिया विदायाधिम्बारिकारीकारी दर्गानामर्केगामी कनबादार्केबादमी प्रायस पर्सेन्द्रस्य प्रसाम्बर्धाः वर्षाः वर्षाः प्रस्ति । प्रस्ति । प्रमेश्वान्ते । प्रमानिक । प्रमानिक । प्रमानिक । वस्वासी भेता नेप्रमणेन प्यासी इसमा ग्रीका न्योंन सर्केषा सेना प्रमणेन स्थेषा हेना हैना स्था स्था सेना हैना हैना स बूर्यं अहं र्यवया वक्रेय वश्चरयम् व्याप्त वश्चेष अध्या केषा केषा केषा विश्व विश्व विश्व विश्व विश्व विश्व विश्व গ্রীঝান্ট্রমান্ট্রমান্ত্রী'অঝান্রর্বান্তর্যা दक्षेयदे हेश शुः भ्रुद्या भ्रुप्ता वित्र प्रिष्ट्र प्रेप्त वित्र व <u>त्ॱर्नेव नेत्रस्रसाय प्येनकेश ग्रुसायसान्सुया प्रस्रा स्रृष्ट्रेन न्यें साया वर्गुमा न्यें वासकें या प्रनेवाया</u> देक्ष्रश्रात्याधीन्या व्रश्नात्या अत्वर्धाः कृत्ववर्षीश्रान्भीवर्यार्केषाः व्याधीन्त्रेश्रातीन्याववर्षीश्राविद 'गुशुरःस्रावन'षेन'यर'श्चु'लेश'गृशुरश। (षें'न्'न्नन'८८'दें। 5:10) ८'र्क्वेश'यदेन'य'दे'ह्रस्रश'य' टक्टिंगवर्षात्र्रम्याष्ट्रायाययाहे स्वार्तात्व्यूम। व्याय। यसर्डभीता देवे येत् हेश्रासदेव टर्देव भेता

3.3 All of us have wicked thoughts in our hearts and do evil things because it is our nature to do so. There is infinite evil in sin, and our hearts are full of it. Sin flows from the heart like water from a spring. Our hearts are hard and they will continue in sin regardless of what we do. If we criticize others for the very things we ourselves have done, we become hypocrites, and brings God's judgment and wrath upon us for God knows all we think and do, even in secret. He is righteous and holy, and He will not tolerate our sins. Apart from the gospel, there is no escape from His strict judgment, and He shows no partiality. We cannot make merit with God, and even our best actions cannot cancel even one sin. Yet we still deceive ourselves by thinking that there is no God, or that God does not care about our sins, or that we will not die for a long time yet and can repent later, or that our good works will cancel our sins, or that we will go to hell for only a short time, or that we will become animals, spirits, or gods after we die. People who believe such things usually go on doing so until they die and find themselves in hell forever. We may not believe

these facts, but as the Apostle John wrote, "He that does not believe has made God to be a liar" (1 John 5:10). We may foolishly try to ignore these things, but the longer we do so, the worse our condition becomes. How then can we be saved? That is the subject of our next chapter.

3.4 ग्रॅम्बर्धेन्द्रअक्षन्त्रम्क्रान्त्रम्

- 1. देःच। भ्रेःमालवःयः क्र्रेवः वर्देमाबा चेदःयः वेद्वेदेधे मधः स्टाचः धव। (र्रेः सूःय। २:१ वामिवाबः)

- 4. ट्रे'च। म्याक्रें मञ्जेमाक्रेमाक्रेमाक्रमायम्बर्धान्य देव व्याप्त स्वयुक्त स्वयुक

3.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: Why should we not judge the actions of others? (Romans 2:1)
- 2. Q: If what we do is evil, why has God not yet punished us? (Romans 2:4)
- 3. Q: How do our actions make us unclean? (Mark 7:20-23)
- 4. Q: If we continue to do evil, what will happen to us? (Romans 2:5)

3.5 ই্র্যাথ্র

- 1. र्रेन मर्केश मुक्ष प्रतेश क्षेत्र क्षेत्र
- 2. त्रेत्व द्योत्वर्षम् प्रते क्ष्में व्याद्ये क्षेत्रं व्याद्ये क्षेत्रं व्याद्ये क्षेत्रं व्याद्ये क्षेत्रं व्याद्ये क्षेत्रं व्याद्ये क्षेत्रं व्याद्ये व्याद्ये

3.5 Questions and Answers

- 1. Q: Why do our evil thoughts and behavior offend God? A: God is perfectly holy, and does not tolerate sin.
- 2. Q: Can we escape God's judgment by making merit? A: No, because even our best actions are tainted with sin.
- 3.6 व्यर्देवपार्स्टिं भेः इसकाग्री क्षेस्रकाने क्षेया वेकाग्रीका विद्रका
- 3.6 Key Point: Our hearts are full of sin.
- 3.7 **ब्रॅंप्ट्रॅब्डिन्ड्या** भेः इसस्य ग्रीः सेसस्य देः र्वेद्यस्य उत्त्यस्य वर्षः क्रुं उत्तर्मा क्रेंप्से प्रस्ति वर्षः स्था विष्य क्रिक्षेत्र वर्षः स्था विषय क्रिक्षेत्र वर्षः स्था विषय क्रिक्षेत्र वर्षः स्था विषय क्रिक्षेत्र वर्षः स्था विषय क्रिक्षेत्र वर्षेत्र वर्येत्र वर्षेत्र वर्षेत्र वर्षेत्र वर्षेत्र वर्षे
- 3.7 **Memory Verse:** The heart is deceitful above all things, and desperately sick; who can understand it? (Jeremiah 17:9)
- 3.8 ब्रॅंब्य्यस्ट्रेच्यां क्रुं याचे या विद्यां प्रेंब्य स्ट्रेंब्य स्ट्रेंब्र्य स्ट्रेंब्य स्ट्रेंब्र्य स्ट्रेंब्य स्ट्रेंब्र्य स्ट्रेंब्य स्ट्रेंब्र्य स्ट्रेंब्र्य स्ट्रेंब्र्य स्ट्रेंब्र्य स्ट्रेंब्र्य स्ट्रेंब्य स्ट्रेंब्य स्ट्रेंब्य स्ट्रेंब्य स्ट्रेंब
- 3.8 Prayer: O God, have mercy on me, according to your steadfast love; according to your abundant mercy blot out my transgressions. Wash me thoroughly from my iniquity, and cleanse me from my sin! Amen.

योद्धप्तिया गर्डें प्रें प्येश्वय्यं ने गार्वे प्रस्तिक्षुप्रका अर्गेव् प्येवा (र्रे सूपा 3:1-31)

Chapter Four:

The Lord Jesus Christ, Our Saviour (Romans 3:1-31)

4.1 इत्य देवे हो स्ट्रिंस हो

4.1 Text: So no one will be considered right with God by obeying the law. Instead, the law makes us more aware of our sin. (Romans 3:20)

4.2 द्योवाचा श्री इस्रक्ष ग्री अस्रक्ष च्या प्राप्त प

4.2 Explanation: In the previous chapter, we learned that we do not have a right relationship with God because our human hearts are naturally corrupt. We ignore God and live to please ourselves. In fact, even if we intend to do right, we cannot do so perfectly. We continue to do things that are wrong, and do so every day. In this way we "heap up our sins". Many of us think that we can cancel the effects of our bad actions by doing good ones. If we think so, we deceive ourselves and others. If we heap up good works as high as a snow mountain but our sinful human nature is not changed, how does this benefit us? We are white on the outside but black on the inside. This is why accumulating merit does not help us. If we are unable to perfectly obey even human rules and regulations, how is it possible for us to faultlessly obey God's holy and perfect law, which commands us to love Him with all our being and our neighbor as ourselves? If there are penalties for disobeying merely human rules and regulations, how much greater is the penalty for disobeying the law of our holy and perfect God? This is why all of us are guilty and condemned before God. We are like a broken pot that cannot fix itself. How then are we to escape from this situation?

4.3 रदमी विवद्यवर्श्व श्री क्क्षें वर्षा दर्शे रदमी बारदाय वर्षा वर्षा वर्षा के द्वीत के दिन के दिन के दिन के द यर्केग'मेश'यहित्। गर्डटार्चे केत्र'र्चे त्वेग'रु'सूट्य'त्या'त्या'यदे ये त्वेग'र्ट्टर्च प्येत सुप्यशः र्स्नेतः सम्यतः विगः दर्शेता क्यायदेश्वियः क्षेत्रः यो प्रशिक्षः यो। ॱॳॸॻऺॳॱय़ढ़ॱॾॣॕॱॿॳॱॸ॔ग़ॕॿॱॺऻढ़ॕॻॱॻॏॳॱॸ॓ॱढ़ॗॸॱॻॾॗॗॻॳॱय़ॸॱॴ*ड़॔*ऻ गर्डे चे प्यं श्रश्नाम् केंद्रे केंद्रात्य <u>'</u>၎୕୩୕୕ଽଈ'ଘ'ୢୣୖୢଈ୕ୣୠୄ୕ୖ୷ଽ୳ଽ୲ଅଞ୍ଚମ୍ୟ'ଘ'ଈ'ଛମ୍ । दर्केंदर्भगातेश्रागुः कदायार्भेटा। मीसप्टर्सेसमार्सम् से स्वीत्यदेष्ट्रमे प्राप्त स्टर्मिस मास्या **५ गों क' क्राक्रिया ' ५ म् १ में किया ' ५ में १ मे** केशायश्चारत्वापते द्वाप्तृ क्वाप्यते स्याश्चिषाश्चात्र वश्चार्यं प्रवास विद्यास विद्यास विद्यास विद्यास विद्यास ষ্ট্রী-শার্স্টার্সার্মাণ্ড্রার্মান্ত্র্বার্মার্ক্ত্র্বার্মান্তর্বার্মান্তর্বার্মান্ত্র্বার্ব্বার্বার্ব্বার্ম্বার্মান্ত্র্বার্ব্বার্মান্ত্র্ব্বা พรสรสเฏิรรที่สเนลิเพลเฑเฉลรณ์ผม केंबागुकेंगायास पावबा देवे द्वीर दर्गीव अर्केण यी श्वव श्वर विश्वाचा यीव विश्वाचेर अपवासी । वरपान्ग्रीत्यर्केषाःषीः व्याषाः हे केवार्ये । वित्य हेवा येतः हेवा येतः हेवा अस्य देशे क्रीयायायाः विष्यापार वि

4.3 God knows that we cannot save ourselves by our own efforts. We are like someone who is drowning in a great river. Such a person does not need instructions about how to swim; he needs a rescuer who will come and pull him out of the water. This is just what God has done for us by sending the Lord Jesus Christ into our world. The Lord Jesus perfectly obeyed God's law on our behalf, and suffered the punishment for our sins. He gained

the perfect merit we could never earn. And He gives that merit as a free gift to all who believe in Him. Not only so, He gives us a new nature, a right relationship with God the Father, and life that will never end. He snatches us out of the flood of destruction caused by our sins, and sets us safely in God's presence. This is why the gospel is the best good news of all. This way of salvation doesn't depend at all upon us, our good actions, or on any religious ceremonies we can do; no one can boast that their own actions have made them worthy to be accepted by Him. Instead, our salvation depends entirely on the grace of God. We will learn more about this in our next chapter.

4.4 ग्रॅग्राचार्यार्प्यात्राम् व्यानु

- 1. ଦ୍ରିମ୍ବା ଦ୍ରଦ୍ଧିକ୍ରମ୍ବର୍ଷକ୍ଷ୍ୟାନ୍ତିକ୍ରମ୍ବର୍ଷକ୍ଷ୍ୟର ଅଧିକ୍ରମ୍ବର୍ଷ୍ଣ (ହିଂକ୍ରମ୍ବର) ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷିକ୍ରମ୍ବର (ହିଂକ୍ରମ୍ବର) ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷିକ୍ରମ୍ବର ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷିକ୍ରମ୍ୟର ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷିକ୍ରମ୍ବର ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷିକ୍ରମ୍ବର ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷିକ୍ରମ୍ବର ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷିକ୍ରମ୍ବର ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷିକ୍ରମ୍ବର ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷିକ୍ରମ୍ବର ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷିକ୍ରମ୍ବର ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷିକ୍ରମ୍ବର ବ୍ୟକ୍ୟକ୍ଷିକ୍ରମ୍ବର ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷିକ୍ରମ୍ବର ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ବ୍ୟକ୍ୟ ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ବ୍ୟକ୍ୟ ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ବ୍ୟକ୍ୟ ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ବ୍ୟକ୍ୟ ବ୍ୟକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ବ୍ୟକ୍ୟ ବ୍ୟକ୍ୟକ୍ୟ ବ୍ୟକ୍ୟ ବ୍
- 2. र्रेजि र्गेव्यक्ष्यं मि श्रुव्रक्ष्र प्रस्ति श्रुव्यक्ष्य प्रस्ति । देश्वर्य विव्यक्ष्य विविष्य विव्यक्ष्य विव्यक्ष्य विव्यक्ष्य विव्यक्ष्य विव्यक्ष्य विव्यक्ष्य विव्यक्षय विव्यक्य विव्यक्य विव्यक्षय विव्यक्षय विव्यक्यक्षय विव्यक्य
- 3. ट्रै'च। देन्द्रअश्वर्यस्त्रेन्यदेकेन्दुन्नॉव्यर्अंग्गैश्याद्विष्यस्त्र्य। (र्रे'स्र्'य। 3:21-22 व्यम्बेष्रा)

4.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: Why can't earning merit cancel our sins? (Romans 3:20)
- 2. Q: Why are all of us guilty in God's sight? (Romans 3:12-18)
- 3. Q: What has God done to save us? (Romans 3:21-22)

4.5 ব্রীশাথর

- 1. ट्रेंग् श्रेंश्विगंगेश्वर्ग्वर्थं व्याचीयायायात्रिस्यायाः श्रुवर्धेद्रप्या यदा यवाश्वर्धेत्र व्याचीयायायात्रिस्यायाः श्रुवर्धेत्र स्वर्धित्र विवादिस्यायाः स्वर्धित्र विवादिस्यायाः स्वर्धायायाः स्वर्धित्र विवादिस्यायाः स्वर्धित्र विवादिस्यायाः स्वर्धित्र विवादिस्यायाः स्वर्धित्र विवादिस्य स्वर्धित्र स्वर्येष्य स्वर्धित्र स्वर्धित्र स्वर्धित्र स्वर्धित्र स्वर्धित्र स्वर्येष्य स्वर्धित्र स्वर्धित्र स्वर्धित्र स्वर्येष्य स्वर्धित्य स्वर्धित्य स्वर्येष्य स्वर्येष्य स्वर्येष्य स्वर्धित्य स्वर्धित्य स्वर्धित्य स्वर्धित्य स्वर्धित्य स्वर्धित्य स्वर्येष्य स्वयः स्वर्येष्
- 2. ट्रैन्य क्ष्माक्षेत्राचे चेत्राच्येत्र प्रवास चित्र व्या व्यव विक्रिय स्वेत्र चेत्र व्या क्ष्मा चेत्र व्या क्षमा चेत्र व्या चेत्र व्या क्षमा चेत्र व्या चेत्र व्या क्षमा चेत्र व्या चेत्र चेत्र व्या चेत्र चेत्र व्या चेत्र चेत

4.5 Questions and Answers

- 1. Q: Can anyone obey God's law faultlessly? A: No one, for each of us breaks God's holy law in thought, word, and deed.
- 2. Q: What is the result of every sin? A: Death, for the wages of sin is death.
- 4.6 वटर्नेव मर्डेने मर्डेने मर्डेने मर्डेने मर्डेने मर्डेने में मर्डेने मर्डे
- 4.6 **Key Point**: The Lord Jesus saves us from our sins and gives us a right relationship with God the Father.
- 4.7 Memory Verse: All have sinned and fall short of the glory of God. (Romans 3:23)
- 4.8 ब्रॅब्रायसप्देनवाक्या ग्रेन्ग्वियसर्केंग दार्श्वेगाउवायात्र्याक्ष्मका हिकायात्रीयका आसेवा
- 4.8 Prayer: Lord, have mercy on me, a sinner. Amen.

योतुः या इन्यदे क्वें व्यादर्के व्याप्त स्थाप विद्याप क्षेत्र व्याप्त व्याप्त व्याप्त व्याप्त व्याप्त व्याप्त व्याप्त व्याप्त व्याप्त व्याप्त

Chapter Five: We are Saved by Faith (Romans 4:1-25)

- 5.1 Text: Abraham believed God. God accepted Abraham's faith, and so his faith made him right with God. (Romans 4:3)
- चें। केंश्रानु केंगा त्या के हेत्र या दे त्येतु क्टेंदा अराय ग्रुग्य का बेद्र। रदा यो द्यो प्रदेश त्य वा वा देवी से कुद श्चिषादर्गीत्र सर्केषा यो श्वषा हो दिषाय रशुराय शे शुः विषा योषा एद सिया हो द्वीय । दे प्यषा स्थिषा * श्लेरेन्गुं : बर्यान्ग्रॅंब्सऑक् मामी खुम्बा हे विंक् रहेत्। वर्याने वे मार्डे वें खे ख्रायान्य होन्यते क्वें वद्यादर्विय। भ्राःक्यायतुःसुकासेकार्याःष्णयाः सन्धाःबेकान्ने सामवः ग्रीः दये यववगावद्यायदेवाया दे म्बलायन्त्र चेत्। ष्ययः सन्धाने प्यान्त्र प्राप्त प्राप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप 2000 यासे सुर्दे चे फ्रसे प्यू प्युत्प (देर स्नाचका ग्री द्वी राग) या चल्याका दर्गे दासकेंग यीका विषय प्यू ये के चक् स्तृयाय स्त्रिक क्राय वें वा या सूर्य यत्वाका द वें का यदी यावर द या के दिवाका अदायें दे से का स्वीत वशुरायवे विषा कर्षावरा वेव गुराष्या राष्ट्र मार्चा विषा मार्च विषा मार्चा विषा मार्च यदेश्चयबासुग्तुःसुग्रोद्यम्भुष्य। ष्ययामञ्ग्राश्चिषाममञ्जेदायीकात्व। बामूषीः स्रम्याद्ये ৾ঀ[৽]৻য়৴৽৻য়৴য়য়য়য়৽য়ৢৼঀ৾৾৾৽ড়য়৾৴ৼড়য়য়ৢ৾য়৽ৼ৾ঀ৾য়৽য়৾য়য়য়৾য়য়ৼ৻ড়য়৽য়ৢ৾য়৽য়৾ড়য়৽য়*৾*ঀয়ৼ৾ৼয়ৢয়৽ यदेखेन्छेश्रःशुःदेश्रःयःह्नेत्। नर्गेव्रःअर्छेषःषीश्चार्वेदःषीःनन्यःषाञ्चेषश्चार्वेश्वरःनन्यःनेह्वस्यरःन्यायरः यक्किंगावरार्टे। देः अञ्चर् तर्गेव अर्केगा मीकाष्पया सन्धाया विषय कर्ते प्रक्षियका यस अर्द देवेदा। सु याववःश्चे सेश्वः स्मान्यः श्रेश्वः स्थान्यः स्यान्यः स्थान्यः स्थानः स्थान्यः स्थान्यः स्थानः स्थानः स्थान्यः स्थान्यः स्थान्यः स्थान्यः स्थान्यः स्थान्यः स्थानः स्यानः स्थानः स्थानः स्थानः स्यानः स्थानः स्यानः स्थानः स्थानः स्थानः स्थानः स्थानः स्थानः स्य **कर्**त्याधिरकेशः ग्रुषाः पषाः द्र्शीवः सर्केषाः दरः द्रवेषः यः षरः द्रषाः यः दर्वेषा

5.2 Explanation: In the previous chapter, we learned that the good news that God's way of salvation doesn't depend on us, our good actions, or on any religious ceremonies we can do. No one can boast that their own actions have made them worthy of God's favor. Instead, our salvation depends entirely on the grace of God, which we receive by faith in the Lord Jesus Christ. Paul illustrates this with the story of Abraham. Abraham was the ancestor of the Jewish people. He lived about 2,000 BC in what is now Iraq. God called him to leave his own country and move to the land of Palestine to live as a nomad; He promised Abraham that he would become the ancestor of many nations. But by the time Abraham and his wife Sarah were in their nineties, they still had no child. Abraham considered the fact that he was almost 100 years old, and that his wife had not had a child, but he was fully convinced that God would do as He had promised. God saw this faith and "counted it to him as righteousness". And God fulfilled His promise to Abraham and Sarah and a son was born (you can read about this in Genesis chapters 17-21). In this way, Abraham became the ancestor of believers of all nations. Like Abraham, they receive a right relationship with God because they have faith in what God has promised.

5.3 ५र्गिव अर्केंग में 'विव क्रुवस दर्वेच पदे केन्त् अया र क्र में स केंग विन पदश क्रिंश विस्न श्रद्धार अपने स्वरंग स्व कर्त्याद्याप्त्रक्षाप्रकादमीवासर्केगाद्यार द्वेयायायायात्रमायात्रेमा चेत्रा देवा वेदादकार्यायायायात्रे वे यो व बयःकर्देवेदर्गेव्यक्ष्यं में श्वाका हे केव יגויתאַקן *'* बुेरञ्जा'क्वायतुः सुकाका हे दे 'क्क्षें' क्वा खेट 'क्कें' द्राया धेवा बराव राखुरा ५ में विरस्र के मार्ग मिवर श्रेव धिव विश्व श्रेव (क्षे खे श्रुप। 2:8) कर्त्याधेर्क्तेश्चेर्प्यदेष्ट्वेरप्टेर्द्वअश्चेश्चारायरकर्त्द्वेअश्चिश्चा <u> ક્રેંત્ર્યાદ્યાયા અદ્ધાર્યા ત્રુષાય શ્રુષા છે શ્રાજ્ય કર્યો ક્રિંત્ર્ર કૃષ્ણ ક્ષેત્ર પોત્ર પાત્ર પાત્ર અના ગુદ્ધા</u> वॅं भे प्रते त्रेव न वर्ष प्रत्या पुष्ठाव वर्ष प्रत्य प्रत्य प्रते वर्ष प्रते वर्ष प्रते प उदादायदग्रामायवायादर्गेवायळॅगायाददायाचेदायाववायाद्यग्राप्ताचेदायदेळें पॅदायाददा <u>न्दिस्रक्ष'विस्रक्ष'गर्छेन्'से'र्सेन्द्रम्यम्पक्केन'त्रक्षम्यक्षित्र'र्धेम्'स्यम्पिन्'न्दिक्ष'यदे'ल्याकन्यात्र</u> हिन्गुंबावयाळन्ने या प्येनळेबा हेन्न्या ড়য়ৼড়য়ৼৼড়য়ৢঢ়ঢ়৾ৼঢ়ৼড়৾ঢ়য়ড়৾৾ৼ र्वे :थे :वश्रामारमाश्रुदश्रायाः क्षुत्राह्येद्वे :वत्रायत्रायम् वर्षेत्रा

5.3 Abraham did not need to do rituals, or make merit, or obey laws in order to receive God's blessing. Abraham received a right relationship with God because he believed God's promises. In the same way today, those who have faith in the God who raised the Lord Jesus from the dead will also receive a right relationship with God. This promise depends on God's grace; this is why the Apostle Paul wrote, "God's grace has saved you because of your faith in Christ. Your salvation doesn't come from anything you do. It is God's gift" (Ephesians 2:8). Abraham's faith was not without its difficulties. Abraham believed God's promise even though he knew that he was very old and that his body was "as good as dead". We too must overcome difficulties in order to have faith. We may think that we are sinners, and because we have done many wicked things we are the worst sinners of all, but if we believe the good news of the Lord Jesus we will be saved. The Lord Jesus promised, "Whoever hears my word and believes him who sent me has eternal life. He does not come into judgment, but has passed from death to life" (John 5:24). Do you believe this promise? If you have faith like Abraham's, you will be saved just as the Lord Jesus said.

5.4 में ग्राया प्राया प्राया कार्या प्राया कार्या कार्या

- 1. र्रेन अञ्जूत्रअञ्चलन्त्रारङ्गेत्रेत्रकेत्त्रअञ्चलक्षेत्रवित्त्या
- 2. त्रे'च। ब्रिन्'ग्री'चश्रमायम्'ने'तत्त्रीयु'च'धश्रात्में न्याम्बन्'न्में ब्राम्बन्'न्में ब्राम्बन्'न्से क्ष्यायम्'न्यायायम् व्याप्तम् व्यापतम् व्याप्तम् व्यापतम् वर्षाम् वर्यापतम् वर्यापतम् वर्यापतम् वर्षाम् वर्यापतम् वर्षाम् वर्यापतम् वर्यापतमम् वर्यापतम् वर्यापतम् वर्यापतम् वर्यापतम् वर्यापतम् वर्यापतम् वर्यापतमम् वर्यापतम् वर्यापतम् वर्यापत
- 3. ଦ୍ୱିଂସ| ଦର୍ଜିଂସ୍ୟ ସ୍ୟୟାର୍ଟ୍ର ବ୍ୟୁଦ୍ଧ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ପ୍ରଷ୍ଟ ବ୍ୟୁଦ୍ଧ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ପ୍ରଷ୍ଟ ବ୍ୟୁଦ୍ଧ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ବ୍ୟୁଦ୍ଧ (କିଂୟୁଦ୍ଧ ଧାର ବିଂୟୁଦ୍ଧ ବ୍ୟୁଦ୍ଧ ବ୍ୟୁଦ୍ୟ ବ୍ୟୁଦ୍ୟ ବ୍ୟୁଦ୍ଧ ବ୍ୟୁଦ୍ଧ ବ୍ୟୁଦ୍ୟ ବ୍ୟୁଦ୍ଧ ବ୍ୟୁଦ୍ଧ ବ୍ୟୁଦ୍ୟ ବ

5.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: What things do people do to serve the gods?
- 2. Q: Do you think that such things can give us a right relationship with our Creator?
- 3. Q: What will happen if we believe God's promise to save us? (Romans 4:23-24)

5.5 ইশ্ৰেষ্

- 2. त्रेप्त नर्गेव्यक्ष्मिं प्रत्येषायाः व्यवस्ति । प्रत्येष्य प्रत्य प्रत्येष्य प्रत्य

5.5 Questions and Answers

- 1. Q: How can we have a right relationship with God? A: By believing His promise to save us. This promise is through faith in the Lord Jesus Christ.
- 2. Q: What are the benefits of a right relationship with God? A: Peace and joy in this life, and eternal life in the age to come.
- 5.6 वटार्न्वपार्डच्च न्ग्रीवासर्क्रमाची विष्यक्षत्र व्याचित्र प्राप्त विष्यक्षत्र व्याचित्र प्राप्त व्याचित्र प्राप्त व्याचित्र प्राप्त विष्य क्षत्र प्राप्त विष्य क्षत्र प्राप्त विष्य क्षत्र प्राप्त विष्य क्षत्र प्राप्त विषय क्षत्र विषय क्षत्
- 5.6 Key Point: God promises to save all who have faith in the Lord Jesus Christ.
- 5.7 **त्रॅं यहें त्र हो द्र्या** द्रियग्य प्य क्र केंद्र द्र स्य प्रमाण स्थाप क्र केंद्र स्थाप क्र क्र केंद्र स्थाप क्र क्र केंद्र स्थाप क्र क्
- 5.7 **Memory Verse:** Whoever hears my word and believes him who sent me has eternal life. He does not come into judgment, but has passed from death to life. (John 5:24)
- 5.8 ब्रॅब्य्यायदेवयाक्या व्यादर्ग्वायाळेंगायम्बा छिद्दद्यावदेख्यायाद्या द्वायाद्यात्र हि. इ.स.द्यायदेळें वर्ष्य व्याद्यां क्ष्यायाय्या हि.स.द्यायदेळें वर्ष्य व्याद्यां क्षयायाय्या हि.स.द्यायदेळें वर्ष्य व्याद्याय क्ष्यायाय्या हि.स.द्यायदेळें वर्ष्य व्याद्याय क्ष्यायायाय्याय्यायाय्यायाय्यायाय्यायाय्यायाय्यायाय्यायाय्याय्याय्याय्याय्याय्याय्याय्याय्याय्याय्यायय्याय्याय्याय्याय्यायय्या
- 5.8 Prayer: Father in heaven, give us a faith like Abraham's, that we may have a right relationship with you and inherit eternal life. We ask this in the name of the Lord Jesus. Amen.

योद्युषाय। नुर्गोव अर्केषा न्द्राय विषय प्रायम प्रायम विषय (र्से सूर्या 5:1-21)

Chapter Six:

A Right Relationship with God (Romans 5:1-21)

6.1 इप्त देवे धेर्द्र में व्यक्षित्र में शुक्र श्रूर द्वा प्यत्र श्रूष्ट्र विश्व श्रूर प्रमाण के विश्व विश्

6.1 Text: We have been made right with God because of our faith. Now we have peace with him because of our Lord Jesus Christ. (Romans 5:1)

6.2 द्योवाचा मर्डें वें पो शुःवान्द्राया चुेन्य वे क्कें न्र मर्जें माद्र में वा महें वो पाया प्रमान माया दर्वेत य ने र्रेत क्षेत्र र्रेत सम्प्रमुप्त केता वेतु दर्दे मन्द्रिय मन्स्र म्हित मन्स्र र्रेत मन्स्र र्रेत मन् विन्कुः धेव हो । ५५ या सेन्य मन्त्रीं वा सर्वेषा ५ मार्थ वेषा या प्यम्पन्या या वर्षेया से श्री ६ । १ विमा चॅं'भे'श्'य'८८'य'तुबान्बायन वेंग्बायाम्'वेग्'यर्वेत'य'त्रक्षाभेत्। ८४'यदे'ग्बुट'र्यागुं'र्वेग्' येव। षर्वा पर्वात्राचेरमे मह्वरमें म्याह्वरमें म्याह्य वेर्म्वरमें वार्मे स्थान स्था यदीन्गॅ्व अर्क्षेण देन वश्री कें स्टायर्देन या सूरा क्रेया वरावण गर्डेन वश्रा देस्या अपन्य न्यान स्टाप्त स्वा विः स्ति मुन्यावस्य स्त्रम् ने बार व त्यात् । क्षेत्रा ने बारी क्षेत्रा में सिंह सिंह के स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप ॱॻॖॺॱय़ॺॱत्ॺॱदेवबःपञ्चरदर्गेवॱअर्केषाॱषीॱपदेवॱपः हेषाबः अःश्वा। देवे 'धुेरदर्गेव' अर्केषा 'षोबा'वे ैं ढेंदें भ्रेग केश या गान्दाय रासद्या सेश में एक दसासूर से हम शा केश पुत्र प्रोत्य सकेंगा या दें भ्रूर से हिद *૽૽ૺૠઽૡ૽ૼૼૢઽઌૡૢૠ૽૾ૺૹ૽ૼઌ*ૹૢૢઌૢૢૢઌૢૢઌ૽૽૱૽૽ૢ૽ૢૢઌઌ૽૽૱૱૱૽૽ૢૹ૽ૹ૽૽ૹ૽૽ૡૢ૱૽૽ૢ૽ૺૹૣઌ૽ૻઌૹ૽ૣઌૹ૽૽ૼૹૣઽૹ૽ૺ ब्रेन्यम्बर्यर्नेन्यवर्षेय्यर्थेकेन्त्र्येष्वत्यव्यव्यव्यव्यक्षित्यः स्वेन्यस्वर्ष्याः हेन्यस्वर्यम् वरत्युरदेशपेत्। गयफेटर्केशसेकेन्यस्य वस्ति व दर्सेदिश्चेषाक्षाण्चेषात्रीषात्रे स्वेद्रम्भूषाच्याण्ची त्युद्वत्वरषायेष्ठात्य। वी विदेशेषासु दर्गाव

स्रवत्स्रेन्यदेवक्षेत्रः न्यत्त्रेत् क्षेत्रः विस्रव्यात्रः विस्रवाद्यात् । नेत्रवाद्वेत् स्रव्यात्रः विस्रवाद

6.2 Explanation: In the previous lesson, we learned that anyone can have a right relationship with God through faith in the Lord Jesus Christ. In this chapter we will learn three things: 1) without faith, we can't have a right relationship with God; 2) what has God done to give us a right relationship with Himself; and 3) what benefits we receive from believing in the Lord Jesus. The Bible begins with the story of how God created the first man, named Adam. Adam and his wife Eve lived in a beautiful paradise and walked and talked with God every day. After some time, however, the two of them chose to ignore their loving God and live to please themselves. In this way both Adam and Eve, and all their descendants, became sinners. From then on, their minds were corrupted by sin and they could no longer understand God's truth. So God gave them over to their sin. People did just what their father Adam did, ignoring God and living life to please themselves. This brought great suffering into our world, because people who are living to please themselves do not care about others, and will harm them in order to get what they want. This happens every day; all we have to do is look around us and we will see many examples. If we live in this way, we are living as enemies of an all-powerful God. Our sins will cause suffering in this life and we will be justly judged by God when we die, followed by eternal death and separation from God in hell.

वर्यतिः वतः विवाद्यां व्याद्यां व्याद्यां व्याद्यां विवाद्यां विव

6.3 But God is patient toward us, not wishing that any should perish, but that all should reach repentance. He knows that we have a sinful nature, so He has made a way to replace our old nature with a new nature. This way is by faith in the Lord Jesus Christ, because the Lord Jesus did what Adam could not do. The Lord Jesus obeyed God perfectly, and suffered the punishment of our sins, in our place. As a result, we receive two benefits: 1) we are innocent in God's sight because the Lord Jesus paid the penalty for our sins, and 2) we are holy in God's sight because we have the merit of the Lord Jesus' obedience. This is how the Lord Jesus gives the free gift of forgiveness of sins and a right relationship with God to all who believe in Him. God's life-giving grace overcomes Adam's death-giving sin. This is what Paul means when he says in another place, "For as in Adam all die, so also in Christ shall all be made alive" (1 Corinthians 15:22). As a result of what Christ has done for us, we enjoy the benefits of salvation. We have peace with God through our Lord Jesus Christ. We rejoice in the hope of one day sharing God's glory. This joy continues even when we suffer, because God works through our suffering to make us like the Lord Jesus. We can be sure of this because God has given us His Spirit, and also because when we were still sinners, totally unable to save ourselves, God sent Christ to die for us. In the Lord Jesus, God has already given us a right relationship with Himself, so He will also save us from His final judgment on sin at the last day. So in summary, we rejoice in God through the Lord Jesus Christ because He has reconciled us to God.

6.4 मॅ्निशर्चे द्रायक्य द्रायक्य सुराग्ने द्रा

- 1. द्वेत्रा म्याकेर्त्रम्यात्रात्रम्भात्रम्भात्रम्भात्रम्भात्रम्भात्रम्भात्रम्
- 2. देःवा देःद्वराधेः क्षें क्षेयायावदादेः दर्गोदायर्केषाः षीः यहंदः र्गोषाः श्रयाः व्यायाः त्वादाः द्वादाः विदावया
- 3. देपा दर्गेव्याकेंग्यीयम्बर्यात्राधिवयरार्कें वर्षेयकेंद्रम्यम्बर्यम्य

6.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: If we ignore God and live to please ourselves, what will happen to other people?
- 2. Q: If we live in this way, are we living as God's friends or as God's enemies?
- 3. Q: If we live as God's enemies, what will happen to us?

6.5 ইশ্বাথৰ

- 1. द्वेत्व। दर्गिवः सर्केषाः वीश्वः देदः इस्रश्वः त्यः स्वतः विश्वः वाश्वः यः विश्वः वाश्वः वाश्वः विश्वः विश्वः
- 2. ट्वीया गर्डें वें खें सुः खर्द्दा या ये स्वा विद्या ये स्वा ये स्वा विद्या ये स्व विद्या ये स्वा विद्या ये स्व विद्य ये स्व विद्या ये स्व विद्

- 1. Q: How does God give us a new nature? A: Through faith in the Lord Jesus Christ.
- 2. Q: What two benefits do we receive through faith in the Lord Jesus? A: 1) We are innocent in God's sight because the Lord Jesus paid the penalty for our sins, and 2) we are holy in God's sight because we have the merit of the Lord Jesus' obedience.
- 6.6 Key Point: We have peace with God through our Lord Jesus Christ.
- 6.7 **ब्रॅंप्ट्रेंव व्रेन्ज्य** र्वेव ग्राम्प्रेन क्षेत्र अस्त प्रति क्षेत्र क्षेत्र प्रति क्षेत्र क्षेत्र प्रति क्षेत्र क्षेत्र क्षेत्र प्रति क्षेत्र क्षेत्र

- 6.7 Memory Verse: God shows his love for us in that while we were still sinners, Christ died for us. (Romans 5:8)
- 6.8 ब्रॅ्बिंग्यस्प्रदेवसङ्ग् ष्यान्मॅ्ब्रसर्वेषायम्बा नर्हेन्द्रस्त्रेयायायन्त्रम्यार्थेयात्वसः होन्ग्रीस्त्रुत्त्रम्यायम्ब्रस्यत्रेष्ठिमहोन्ग्रीःश्वसःवार्डेन्यं प्येःशुःयःन्न्यान्नेन्यतेःव्यवसःश्चेतःनेन् इस्रसःयःवादम्यम्बर्धाः ष्यासेन्। ष्यासेन्।
- 6.8 Prayer: Father God, give us the gift of faith in your Son the Lord Jesus, that we may have a right relationship with You and live forever in your presence. Amen.

শীর্মের্ব্যা শ্বীশান্ত্রমান্ত্রী দ্রবাদার্শিনা ব্রমানার্সির্মার্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্মান্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মার্মান্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মানার্সির্মান্সির্মান্সির্মার্সির্মার্সির্মান্সির্মার্সির্মার্মার্সির্মার্সির্মার্মার্সির্মার

Chapter Seven:

Slaves to Sin, Free in the Lord Jesus Christ (Romans 6:1-23)

7.1 Text: You used to be slaves of sin. But thank God that with your whole heart you obeyed the teachings you were given! You have been set free from sin. You have become slaves to right living. (Romans 6:17-18)

7.2 द्योवाचा दक्षं वसवाउ नृते दक्षेत्रे से स्वार्थ प्राप्त न्यार्थ स्वार्य नृते प्रस्त स्वार्थ स्वार्य स्वार्थ स्वार्थ स्वार्य स्वार्थ स्वार्थ स्वार्थ स्वार्थ स्वार्

7.2 Explanation: In the previous chapter, we learned that all of us are like our ancestor Adam. We have a sinful nature. This sinful nature is stronger than we are, and as a result we can do nothing but sin in our thoughts, words, and actions. In this way, we are like slaves to sin. This is why the Apostle Paul asks, "But what fruit were you getting at that time from the things of which you are now ashamed? For the end of those things is death" (Romans 6:21). As we have seen, God made a way of escape from this situation. He appointed the Lord Jesus to be the representative of all who have faith in God. The Lord Jesus came into our world, and on our behalf He perfectly obeyed the will of God the Father in all things. Not only so, when the Lord Jesus died, on our behalf He paid the penalty for our sins. In other words, when the Lord Jesus died, God considered all believers as having died with Him. When the Lord Jesus was raised from death, God considered all believers as being raised from death into new life. When the Lord Jesus completed this saving work and had sat down at the place of honor at God's right hand, God considered all believers as seated with Him. From God's perspective, what happened to Christ happened to us, because He is our representative. We know that Christ, being raised from the dead, will never die again; death no longer has dominion over him. In the same way, believers are no longer under the power of sin, because Christ has fully paid the penalty for all of our sins. Or as the Apostle Paul says, "As in Adam all die, so also in Christ shall all be made alive" (1 Corinthians 15:22).

7.3 देवश्रभुः क्वायस्थ्रश्वाम्यद्वित्रः विदेवित्वाश्वायः विद्वित्वाः विद्ववाः विद्व

(र्रें सूप्रा 6:23) प्रशूप्र व्हें अप्रोंत्र सर्वेन स्थाने क्रूप्र से हिप्य सम्प्र स्थानित स्थ केश्राची प्रवाणिया सूराया धेव चीशा दर्गीव यर्केया यी प्रयादाया कवा प्रश्वेषाया सुवाश्वा यक्षेत्रा परि केट्र द्रां कें क्लेया यापव प्येवा इ 'च'त्रस'से'-रुट'लेस'ग्रस्त्रा ट'र्ळेस'के'ग्रस्ट्रप'लेग्।'वर्ळे'चवे'सेट्रप्ते'स्राकेंग्'ग्रेस'स्रेग्।'तेस' यश्राटार्कें वरावरायह्री भ्रेगा केशा ग्री कावशाटार्कें वक्षेत्रा योवा ग्री प्राप्त सर्वे गाणी कावशाटार्कें म्बर्सिन पार्थित। देवे ध्री मान कें बाद में निर्माल के बाद पार्थित के बाद के कि का कि का कि का कि का कि का कि क अनेशयानुन्यते केन्त्यक्ष्रिं। गर्डें वें प्रेन्स्य नुश्य नेश्वर नुन्यते व्यवश्य अपन्टें स्य श्वर प्रस्ति स्वर् वयाकर्षास्य परित्येव प्रवादायवि प्राप्त स्थान वि से स्थान स्थान के स्थान स्थान स्थान स्थान स्थान स्थान स्थान स केश ग्री क्वापा श्रीन निष्या निष्या निष्या निष्या के निष्या भी निष्या श्रीन त्या क्वा श्रीन त्या स्वीत प्राया निष्या निष् 7.3 The Apostle Paul then shows us what this means. Before we believed in Jesus, sin was our master and we were its slaves. The wages paid by sin were death and eternal separation from God. But when we believed in the Lord Jesus, we were set free from the penalty for sin, because the Lord Jesus paid it for us. Instead of death we received eternal life. This is why the Apostle Paul wrote, "For the wages of sin is death, but the free gift of God is eternal life in Christ Jesus our Lord" (Romans 6:23). We no longer live in the old way, ignoring God and living to please ourselves. Now we live in the new way, serving God and pleasing Him. Someone might ask, "If the Lord Jesus has paid the penalty for our sins, can we then continue to sin?" To this the Apostle Paul answers, "By no means!" God has rescued us from slavery to sin "so that we too might walk in newness of life". From

sin's perspective we are dead, but from God's perspective we are alive. This means we now live to obey God and try to please Him in all things. The Lord Jesus shows us how to do this (we can learn about it in the four gospels). If we live in this way, it shows that we

7.4 ग्रॅग्राह्म द्वारायक्यातुम्म ह्यास्त्री मान्यास्त्री मान्यास्त्री

1. ਤੇਰਿ ਭਿੰਤ ਗੁੰਕਾਰ ਸਕਵਾਰੇ ਸ਼ੂਰ ਕਿੱਤ ਗੁਵਸ਼ਸ਼ੂਰਕਾ ਮਾਂ ਸ਼ੁੱਟ ਵਸ਼੍ਰ

have left the kingdom of sin and entered the kingdom of God.

- 2. देन। भ्रुः र्क्वायातुः सुरिः मश्चरः सुरिः क्रुः अर्क्वः रेष्पेवः वया
- 3. देःच। ग्रायाने देश्वरस्यस्त्र सम्बद्धाः व विद्यान सम्बद्धाः व विद्यान सम्बद्धाः व सम्बद्धाः व सम्बद्धाः व स

4. ट्रे'या ग्वमासूरमाने'यमाचरप्रदेखसाने'येव वसा

7.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: Have you ever wanted to do the right thing, but did not do it?
- 2. Q: According to the Apostle Paul, why is this the case?
- 3. Q: If you continue to live in this way, what could happen to you?
- 4. Q: How can you escape from this situation?

7.5 ইশ্বশ্ব

- 2. त्रेत्रा देन्द्रस्य ते श्रेषा ते
- 3. ट्रेच। व्या प्रक्षायम्य वाच्या चेत्री भीत्रम्य। यम् प्रक्षा चेत्रम्य वित्रम्य वित्रम्य वाच्या वित्रम्य वाच्या वित्रम्य वाच्या वित्रम्य वित्रम्य

- 1. Q: Why did the Lord Jesus come into this world? A: He came to seek and to save sinners.
- 2. Q: In what way are we slaves of sin? A: Because we have a sinful nature, we can do nothing but sin in our thoughts, words, and actions.
- 3. Q: Does this mean we can do no good? A: Any good we can do will not be enough to save us, because God's standard is perfect.
- 7.6 वर्ट्वयाईच्चा देन्ग्चि प्रस्त्रायाईद्रायाम्बर्याईच्चे थे.स्यायाच्याईच्चे थे.स्यायाच्याचि स्वर्याच्याचि स्वर्याच्याचित्र स्वर्याच्याचि स्वर्याच्याचि स्वर्याच्याचि स्वर्याच्याचि स्वर्याच्याचि स्वर्याच्याचि स्वर्याच्याचि स्वर्याच्याचि स्वर्याच्याचित्र स्वर्याच्याचि स्वर्याच्याचित्र स्वर्याचित्र स्वर्याच्याचित्र स्वर्याच्याचित्र स्वर्याच्याचित्र स्वर्याचित्र स्वर्याच स्वर्याचित्र स्वर्याच स्वर्याच स्वर्याचित्र स्वर्याचित्र स्वर्याच स्वर्याचित्र स्वर्याच स्वर्याच
- 7.6 **Key Point:** God saves us through our Mediator, the Lord Jesus Christ. He paid the penalty for our sins and makes us acceptable in God's sight.

- 7.7 Memory Verse: For the wages of sin is death, but the free gift of God is eternal life in Christ Jesus our Lord. (Romans 6:23)
- 7.8 **Prayer:** Father in heaven, we praise you for the obedience of our Lord Jesus Christ, who humbled Himself by taking the form of a servant, and became obedient to death on a cross, so that we might have a right relationship with You. Amen.

ঐন্তব্যক্ত্র দ্বা শ্বীশান্ত শ্বাস্থান ক্রিমান্ত বিশ্ব দ্বাদ্বাদ্ব দ্বাদ্বাদ্ব দ্বাদ্বাদ্ব দ্বাদ্বাদ্ব দ্বাদ্বাদ্ব দ্বাদ্ব দ্ব দ্বাদ্ব দ্ব দ্বাদ্ব দ্বাদ্ব দ্বাদ্ব দ্ব দ্বাদ্ব দ্বাদ্ব দ্বাদ্ব দ্বাদ্ব দ্বাদ্ব দ্বাদ্ব দ্বাদ্ব দ্বাদ্

Chapter Eight: Victory Over the Power of Sin (Romans 7:1-25)

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- 8.1 Text: Here is the law I find working in me. When I want to do good, evil is right there with me. (Romans 7:21)
- 8.2 द्योत्या गर्डें चॅणे सु.य. ५८ स्व वस्र अड ६ क्षेत्र के अ. क्षेत्र से क्ष
- 8.2 Explanation: In the previous chapter, we learned that everyone who believes in the Lord Jesus has left the kingdom of sin and entered the kingdom of God. This means that they seek to obey God and please Him in all things. However, whoever tries to do this by depending on his own strength will soon find it is very difficult work. We must choose whether to do right or wrong many times every day. Even when we know what we should do, in order to benefit ourselves we may do such evil things as telling lies, getting things through the back door, paying bribes, or giving in to our sinful nature. It is our nature to

Even monks who have taken vows cannot always keep them. This is why they must confess their downfalls. Actually, all people tend to do things that give them pleasure, profit, and social standing even if they are wrong, and tend not to do things that are of no benefit to us personally, even if they are right. This is why the Apostle Paul said, "I do not understand my own actions. For I do not do what I want, but I do the very thing I hate" (Romans 7:15). 8.3 विंदियी अया अदस्य परिदेव के से से से देव दाया प्रविद्य हिया के या स्वित्र विवास या के या परिवास विवास वि अर्क्केषा'षी'प्रगाद'षेक्ष'दार्क्केंद्र'क्षेद्र'याप्रबद्धेर हो। दर्गेव'अर्क्केषा'त्य'र्त्वेष'विषये केषा'विद्याप ब्रिंभ सकें अप्यास्टर्ट दर्द वस्त्र वस्त्र वस्त्र दर्वे अप्यस उपित्रग्रेषायसे प्रमायहें कर्मेषाया र्धेग्रामान्त्रत्यायहिमाहेत्रयदेष्ट्रा टर्केटिक्र्यानेत्रामी स्टामिन्रा ५र्गोत्रासर्केषाःवार्तेष्ट्रम्यक्षेत्रोत्तेष्ट्रम्यक्षेत्राच्यक्षेत्राच्यक्षेत्राच्यक्षेत्राच्यक्षेत्राः *५ में* त'यह के प्राप्त के प्राप गद्रायम्बा ने ने प्रति । विकास के प्रति । यो.च्याय.तश.श्चेया.तश.याद.त्तर्स्य द्वादाय.श्चें.वश.द.श्च.दश.स्य.तश्चेरा श्रेगानेश्वं दे पर्देते परमान यगदः वार्श्वेतः विद्यायाः वित्रः श्रेत्रा विष्यादः वार्षेत्रः वार्षेत्रः श्रेत्रा टर्सेंदेवटायार्झेन्स्प्ट्रियश्रां वहिषा हेव वदी वार्श्वेन यदी तुषा शु ने वाषा धरा शेता देव मुत विंदः यः ददः यः श्लेखः यदेः श्लेयकः शुःदर्गीवः अर्केष **भे अक्ष वर प्रस्त अहं ५ प्रदेश वर्ष का प्रकार की का** ॱ८ॐ-শব্দা দ্যাঘই:গ্র্<mark>ম্মান্ট্র</mark>-দুর্মার মর্ক্র্মানীর স্থ্রীমান্ট্র देद:इसब:य:वुसब:बेसब:५८। र्पात्रस्यायाः र्केषायाः सामि र्त्वे महद्रकेषाया अध्यस्य र्या สมสานอะนั้ง *৾ঽ*৽য়ৢ৴ড়ৢ৾৴ড়৾৾৾য়৻য়য়৾ঀয়ড়য়৸ড়য়৻ৠৢ৽য়ৣয়৻ৠৢ৾ঀৼঢ়য়৻য়য়য়য়য়য়য়য়য় श्चेर्र्, त्वाकायदेर् ययस्य वाकायेयाकार्ये धिता

do the things we are told not to do. When we are told what not to do, we want to do it.

8.3 The Apostle Paul is saying that there is a conflict inside each one of us. On one side, God's law tells us to do what is right: to love Him with all of our being, and our neighbors as ourselves. On the other side, the world, our own sinful nature, and the devil tell us to do what is wrong: to ignore God and please ourselves. These two sides are in conflict with each other. Without God's help, we will always listen to our sinful nature, because sin is too strong for us. This is why trying to obey God's law, or any set of religious rules and regulations, cannot make us holy. The problem is not any fault in God's law, the problem is the fault in us. Sin is in our nature and we cannot escape from it while we live in this

world. This is why we need the Lord Jesus Christ to save us. When we believe in Him, He gives us the gift of God the Holy Spirit. God's Spirit opposes the desires of our sinful nature by producing in us love, joy, peace, patience, kindness, goodness, faithfulness, gentleness, and self-control. If we have such qualities, they are good evidence that we have left the kingdom of sin and entered the kingdom of God.

8.4 ग्रॅन्सर्चे द्रस्यक्या द्रान्त्रा स्वेद्र क्रु

- 1. र्रे'य। ब्रिन्गुं'यश्वरायम्भ्रात्वस्थागुश्चार्थान्त्रम्यतेःश्च्रीन्यतेःश्चर्यस्थानुस्यते।
- 2. र्रे'य। क्वेंर्प्यं भ्रेंर्प्यं भेर्द्र्यं भेर्व्यं प्रमाने वार्या प्रमाने प्रमाने प्रमाने प्रमाने वार्या के प्रमाने प्रमाने प्रमाने के प्रम

8.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: Why do you think people do things that are wrong?
- 2. Q: Have you ever been tempted to think or do something bad, even though you knew it was wrong?
- 3. Q: Do you think that if they try very hard, people can always do what is right?

8.5 ব্রীশ্যব্য

- 1. दे.च। दर्ग्वाय्यक्ष्यायीःचगवःविश्वश्चायः स्वायः स्वयः स्वयः
- 2. ट्रेंग् श्रेःशुं लेग्गं मेश्रं र्गेव्यं श्रेंक्यं मेंग्याय विश्वस्य श्रेंब्र्यं से प्रम्य स्वा यात्र स्वर्थं से प्रम्य स्वर्थं विश्वस्य स्वर्थं से प्रम्य से प्रम्य

- 1. Q: What does God's law require? A: God's law requires that we love God with all our hearts and our neighbor as ourselves.
- 2. Q: Can anyone obey God's law faultlessly? A: No, for each of us breaks God's holy law in thought, word, and deed.
- ८.६ वर्ट्रव्यार्ड्स्य इस्ति हिना हेका के का वे प्रस्ति प्रस्ति का स्ति । यह निम्हेव प्रदेश हिना प्रकार के का वे प्रस्ति । यह निम्हेव प्रदेश हिना प्रकार के का वे प्रस्ति । यह निम्हेव प्रदेश हिना प्रकार के का विकार के प्रसार के
- 8.6 **Key Point:** Sin is in our nature, and we cannot escape from it while we live in this world. This is why we need the saving work of the Lord Jesus Christ.
- 8.7 **र्ह्स्य निर्म्म** श्रेया प्रते स्ट्रिया की स्थापिक प्रीक्ष स्थापिक स्थापि
- 8.7 Memory Verse: For the desires of the flesh are against the Spirit, and the desires of the Spirit are against the flesh, for these are opposed to each other, to keep you from doing the things you want to do. (Galatians 5:17)
- 8.8 ब्रॅब्य्यस्ट्रियश्च व्यवस्ट्रेन्द्रस्य स्ट्रिय्य स्ट्रेन्य स्ट्रिय्य स्ट्रिय्य स्ट्रिय्य स्ट्रेन्य स्ट्रिय्य स्ट्रेन्य स्ट्रिय्य स्ट्रिय्य स्ट्रेन्य स्
- 8.8 Prayer: Merciful Father God, we confess that the sin in our hearts is too strong for us. Give us the blessing of faith in the Lord Jesus Christ, that He may deliver us from this body of death and lead us safely into your kingdom. Amen.

येदुर्त्युःय। र्नोव्यक्षियां मी क्रुयां श्वेर्यायक्षें यदि क्रियां (र्रे स्थाया 8:1-27)

Chapter Nine: Living in God's Kingdom (Romans 8:1-27)

- 9.1 🚜 🔼 ८ र्गोव् अर्क्षण मी ८ सायदे श्रुमा अर्जे ८ ग्री अर्थि ५ मा १ स्था प्रीत् । अर्था प्री
- 9.1 Text: Those who are led by the Spirit of God are children of God. (Romans 8:14)
- तस्रवःषेषाः तदेतेः येतुः चक्कुद्रायः यार्विदः वीश्वः कुषः श्रीद्रादेषा वेश्वः श्रीः यद्रायः येवः यस्य श्रायः य विवासीस्त्रात्रेरासेवा विक्रिश्चात्रावर्षाराष्ट्रीत्याववराये वेत्याता सर्वेत्रात्रावाका [®] श्रिंभासळें अप्यापा के प्रमासी पर्देव प्राचार पुरास्थित के अप्याप्त के अप्याप्त के प्राचित्र के स्वाप्त के प्राचीय के स्वाप्त के प्राचीय के स्वाप्त के प्राचीय के स्वाप्त के प्राचीय के स्वाप्त के स्व विंदायार्ने ब्रूट्सी होत्ते क्षेण हेबा हो क्षें महिंग हिंग हिंग हिंग सेसबा विं क्षें बाते हिंम होत् विवस वर्के याया दर्गेव्र अर्केन मी द्राप्य देया तरिव्या दिस्र साथ ज्वर से श्रीत्। के त्यम् सा से मा जे सा ग्री स्टामिस से विं कें अस्त्र न्वर के व धेवा विं कें ने विं या अर्थें व वी की से किया की निर्मा की निर्मा की निर्मा की निर्मा मैशन्द्रियशक्ष्माक्ष्मान्त्रेयान्त्रेयान्त्रेयान्त्रेत्यमार्ह्त्यम्यस्त्र अस्ति। अनुःस्य प्रदुःख्यान्त्रेयान्त्रमार्वे स्ययान्त्रे प्रवास्त्र यःगुरु-५८। दर्श्वेयमा स्रेम्स्रा दर्स्या स्वार्नेन स्रीस्याम्बेन्या अस्ति। सर्वा क्रिंम। गर्नेन्क्रिय्राक्षां क्रिंम्याम्। मिंक्रिंके क्रियायन्निमा स्वापनि क्रियायन्। र्गोवः अर्क्षेषः यः श्रद्धायव। सदः अर्धेदः उव। दः मुखः उव। सदः पश्चेदः चेदः अवव। दवः वयशः दर्केयः सम्बर्ग सः सद्भावनायः यः स्रोतिक्षाम् विस्तर्भात्रम् विस्तर्भात्रम् विस्तर्भात्रम् विस्तर्भात्रम् विस्तर्भात्रम् বা শ্বিন্ট্রের্নে বিভ্রম্পের দিছেন একা শ্বেন্দ্রের বিদ্যুক্তির প্রথম বর্ষা বর্ষ্ট্য বর্ষা বর্যা বর্ষা বর্মা বর্ষা मी'तम्यात्त्राक्ष्मात्री'क्षें क्षेत्रा तुषामी'यवतायदे कित्रार्थे मार्चे में प्योत्तर्भ कित्रार्थे के स्वयं कर पार्वियं न गर्डेन्सर्निकार्षेत्। विंर्सेन्त्रीव्सर्केषाःगीःसत्वावसार्भेन्यम्यम्भून्यम्यम्या

यद्यत्राचेत्राचेत्राचेत्राच्याः देवेष्ट्वेत्रञ्जूः क्षाचायत्त्राच्याः व्यक्ष्याः व्यक्ष्यः व्यक्षः विष्णाः वि

9.2 Explanation: The Apostle Paul has been teaching us that everyone in the world belongs either to the kingdom of sin or to the kingdom of God. In the eighth chapter of his letter to the Romans, he explains how these two kingdoms are different. Those who are in the kingdom of sin are like slaves to sin because they can do nothing but sin. Even though they may do some good actions, they sin because they still do not love God or their neighbors. They are hostile to God, they pay no attention to God, but "set their minds on the things of the flesh". Even if they try to do so, they cannot obey God's good and holy law, because the sinful nature is too powerful for them. Since they do not want to enter God's kingdom, God gives them up to the kingdom of sin. As Paul tells us, they are "full of envy, murder, strife, deceit, maliciousness. They are gossips, slanderers, haters of God, insolent, haughty, boastful, inventors of evil, disobedient to parents, foolish, faithless, heartless, ruthless". They go from bad to worse, heaping up their sins and living as God's enemies. All who live like this will be judged by the Lord Jesus on the last day. They will be driven away from God's presence and experience ultimate spiritual death in hell. This is why Paul wrote, "in Adam, all die".

 यम्याद्री क्षेत्रान्ध्रान्यान्ध्रान्ध्यान्ध्रान्ध्रान्ध्यान्ध्रान्ध्यान्ध्यान्ध्यान्ध्रान्ध्यान्ध्यान्यान्यान्यान्ध्यान्ध्यान्ध्यान्ध्यान्ध्यान्ध्यान्ध्यान्ध्यान्ध्यान

9.3 Those who are in God's kingdom repent of their sins and become obedient to the gospel. Because the Lord Jesus paid the penalty for all of their sins, and perfectly fulfilled God's law on their behalf, they no longer face God's condemnation. Instead, they receive God's gifts of eternal life and God's Holy Spirit. God's Spirit helps us in many ways. 1) God the Holy Spirit helps believers to understand God's truth. As Jesus said, "the Helper, the Holy Spirit, whom the Father will send in my name, he will teach you all things" (John 14:26). 2) God's Spirit testifies to us that we are God's children. He is the guarantee that we will be raised from death, just as the Lord Jesus Christ was. 3) God's Spirit helps us when we pray, even when we do not know what to pray. 4) God's Spirit overcomes our sinful nature so that we can live in a way that pleases God. Instead of setting our minds on things of the flesh, we 'set our minds on the Spirit, and to delight in God's law. 5) God the Holy Spirit opposes our three deadly enemies: the world, the sinful nature, and the devil. 6) God the Holy Spirit gives the church people who teach God's word, help others, encouraging others, giving, leadership, doing acts of mercy, and others. This is why He is called our Helper.

9.4 ग्रॅम्बर्धेन्द्रस्यक्यन्त्रम्तृत्वम्

- 1. द्वीया द्वीस्थिमाने अप्ती सुत्य श्वीद्वाद्वाय अप्ताद्वी सुर्वे अप्ताया
- 2. देःच। दवेदर्गेव्यार्केषायीः कुषः श्रेद्द्यावयाव उप्तरम्

9.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: How do I know if I am in the kingdom of sin?
- 2. Q: How do I know if I am in the kingdom of God?

9.5 ই্র্যাথ্র

- 1. र्रे.च। रटक्रेट्टरर्र्स्स त्र्रेंट्टर्स के त्र्रेंट्ट्स त्र्रेंस्स ह्या के मातृ विकास के त्रेंस व्यक्ष स्वा के मातृ के सार्थी के स्वा के सार्थी के स्वा के सार्थी के सार्थी
- 2. त्रेप्ता नर्गित्र अर्क्षेण मी क्लें प्रति परिषा हु प्रस्थसात्र ने दे द्वसात् उत्तेष्व । यत्र । नर्गित् अर्क्षण मी क्लें प्रति परिषा हु स्थान परिष्ठ । यहा नर्गित् अर्क्षण मी क्लें प्रति परिष्ठ । यहा नर्गित् । यहा नर्गित् । यहा नर्गित् । यहा नर्गित् ।
- 3. त्रेत्व म्याक्षेत्र अर्क्ष्म अर्पय सङ्घेत्य प्रवास के प्राप्त स्वास स्वास

- 1. Q: If we set our minds on ourselves and our own desires, what is the result? A: To set the mind on the flesh is death.
- 2. Q: In we set our minds on God, what is the result? A: To set the mind on the Spirit is life and peace.
- 3. Q: If we try to live a good life without God, what will happen? A: We cannot do so, because those who are in the flesh cannot please God.
- 9.6 वर्द्वाप्रस्था यहेषाहेवाधी श्री से ने वे क्षेषा के का थी मुखा क्षेत्राता व्याप्त क्षेत्रा से क्षेष्य क्षेत्र क्
- 9.6 Key Point: Everyone in the world belongs either to the kingdom of sin or to the kingdom of God.
- 9.7 র্ব্রারের বিশ্বরার বির্বার্থ বি
- 9.7 Memory Verse: But if you are led by the Spirit, you are not under the law. (Galatians 5:18)
- 9.8 **ब्रॅबिंग्यस्य दिन्यस्**च गर्डेंग्वें प्रकेषा स्थान हिन्नी क्षुत्र तुः म्वस्य स्थित् हिन्नी स्थान हिन्नी हिन्नी स्थान हिन्नी स्थान हिन्नी हिन्नी हिन्नी स्थान हिन्नी हिन्नी
- 9.8 Prayer: Lord God, give us your Holy Spirit, that we may live as citizens of your eternal kingdom, to the glory of Your name. Amen.

योद्यसुद्य। ५गोंव'सर्केम'मेक्ष'दर्केर'वर्रायर'स्ट्रियकरमावी (र्रेस्या 8:28-39)

Chapter Ten: God's Plan to Save Us (Romans 8:28-39)

10.1 द्वा नर्ग्वावार्धमानी शर्ने वा व्यवस्थ प्रत्य क्ष्या तुः सहं न् निर्वाव त्या प्रत्य प्र

10.1 Text: We know that in all things God works for the good of those who love him. He appointed them to be saved in keeping with his purpose. God planned that those he had chosen would become like his Son. In that way, Christ will be the first and most honored among many brothers and sisters. And those God has planned for, he has also appointed to be saved. Those he has appointed, he has made right with himself. To those he has made right with himself, he has given his glory. (Romans 8:28-30)

10.2 दिन्याया व्याक्षः से स्थित्वावात् व्याक्षः से स्थित्वा व्याक्षः स्थान्य स्थितः स्थितः स्थितः स्थान्य स्थितः स्थान्य स्था

तह्ना यम वना नार्डेन सही 3) इस पङ्गीलाया सुस्राला ने ने ते स्वार्म ने ने ते स्वारा स्व *'*द्वेरमर्डे'र्ने भे भ्राद्वेर भेरवट कर या दरातुर के दां के अमि देवा या वसका उर दारे हरा में म यादयाम्ब्रीक्षेत्राचरातुः विश्वाम्ब्रुद्रश (अर्धु 11:28) र्गोन्यसर्केंग्यो पर्संस्यस्य स्थान विंदिनोश्चर्वेश्वर्या वस्रश्चर्याये दिन्दर्य प्रदेश विवा यगदर्भेंबावबायेरळेबाचेरा 4)े देख्यार्वे इसस्य देशें द्रायकें या यो कुला श्रेट्य त्यास्य दस्य ने श्रेट स्थाने स्थाने स्थाने स्थाने स्थाने <u>त्र्भः ग्रे</u>। सद्यतः सदे कें द्रार्थे र प्रति स्थार्केषा को क्षु सत् द्रार्द्धा प्राप्त प्रति । ग्रज्ञे'यहेर'र्राष्ट्रव'यर' *ॸ्*ऒ॔क़ॱऒ॔क़ॱॺॏॱढ़क़ॸॱढ़ॺॕऻ॔ॸॱॻॖॏॱॸॖऄॺऻक़ॱॶख़ॱक़ऀॱॸॸॱख़क़ॱॿॴक़ॱॼॸॱॺऻऄ॔ॱऄ॔ॱऄॱॶॱ देवे'दर्गेव'सर्ळेग'में 'एळर'दर्गेद'षेव'यब'देव'ङ्क्ष्य'देब'षेवा दर्गे ५ ५ - इ.स. १ - <u> न्र्गोत्र सर्केषा वे न्यम् गाव न्म स्थला व</u> শ্বুব'ব্র্গ্র্র্র'মর্কর'র'।) 2) 内工工 3) विंदानी तकर तर्ने दारे क्षेत्र प्राप्त के दार्च प्राप्त के दार्च विंदा के विंद के विंदा के ロるであってエコエコギュ मोबामार्डे चैं प्ये पुरदेशमहेव परे रायद्याया ४) ५ मीव सर्वेग के राग्ने बार दे प्याया प्राप्त के राग्ने वह्म 5) नर्गेव अर्द्धेम मोबा देन ग्रे स्विम्बा सहन्। 6) मर्से दें प्ये श्वादेन ग्रे दें व प्यात् दें सहन्। द्यायदे: इग्रह्मा के दाद में वाय के वायों का का की का कि का की का की का की का की ্যারম:ঝায়ারীঝায়ের্ট্রেন্সায়ানার্ট্রার্ট্রার্ট্র रिक् क्रिक सेराया प्रेक लेटा श्रेरा

10.2 Explanation: Every five years, the government makes a plan for the economy. God too has a plan for saving us. He made this plan before the creation of the world. In this chapter, the Apostle Paul tells us about it. He wrote, "For those whom he foreknew he also predestined to be conformed to the image of his Son, in order that he might be the firstborn among many brothers. And those whom he predestined he also called, and those whom he called he also justified, and those whom he justified he also glorified" (Romans 8:29-30). The Apostle Paul teaches us that God's plan has five steps: 1) Even before He created the world, God knew each one of His people. 2) God decided to make these chosen ones like the Lord Jesus by forming His character in them. 3) God calls those he has previously chosen. This is why the Lord Jesus said, "Come to me, all who labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest" (Matthew 11:28). God's chosen ones hear His word and believe it. 4) God gives a right relationship with Himself to all those He calls. In this way, they enter God's kingdom and become His people. 5) At the end of time, God will glorify them by taking them to live in His presence forever. The purpose of God's plan is to make all of His people like the Lord Jesus, and since it is God's plan, it cannot fail. It is like a chain of seven unbreakable links. It is certain because: 1) God has all power, 2) it is His purpose to save us 3) God sent Christ into the world to accomplish it, 4) it is God who applies its benefits to us; 5) God Himself is for us, 6) Christ is interceding for us, and 7) God the Holy Spirit is helping us. God's plan is perfect and nothing at all in heaven or on earth can overcome it.

10.3 भे ः शुः लेग गोर् । गाया हे दर्गोत सर्वेग गोर । इस्तर । स्टामी से स्वराय द्वारा । র্ক্তর্মার্ক্তবার্ত্রার্থার বিষ্ণান্ত্র্যার্থার বিষ্ণান্ত্র্যার বিষ্ণান্ত্র বিষ্ণান্ত বিষ্ণান বিষ্ণান্ত বিষ্ণান্ত বিষ্ণান্ত বিষ্ণান্ত বিষ্ণান্ত বিষ্ণান্ত বিষ্ণান বিষ্ণা दक्रमः दर्शेनः भ्रें व सेन्या प्येव वा સેવે રેગુજા મું જાત જાત ર્ગોત સર્જે માં માન્યત્ર અજા વાસુ અજા જું ખેતુ વાસ્ત્રે અ <u>५चे 'लेग' ग्रमुद्रभ' हे '"५र्गेत 'सर्केग' ग्री मुल श्री५' ते 'स्ट्रमी 'लेट्य स्ट्रमें 'चेंत 'यबट चें 'वरे यक्ष सामक '५ट'</u> देव गुरसे इसका ग्रेन् सिंग न्का विदे न्या वें भेरत का में दे विन्न स्वापन वका मुंद्रश्चार्भेया इ.टच.ट्रे.लट.भूच्या बिट्यं प्राप्ती यार्थिया ष्ठिर्'ग्री'बेर'ष×'श्र'वॅब'चबर'वॅ'अ'चन्च'चअ। শ্লী.প্রাপ্রা द्यादर् रहें ग्राप्त्र श्रुप्त विश्वाञ्चर्या व्यव र विष्यं मेश विष्टें प्रत्य विष्य मेश युष्य प्राप्त विश्व निष् दर्से ध्रिव वया इ दव दर्गे गाय र वर्दे द द्या वेया श्रूया गर्धेग में इसका ग्रेक विद्या यद्धेव वे वा र्शे प्रमुद्ध प्रवास के अपा प्रश्नेव र्थे पा चर्-तःतेषावेश्वायवयातः श्लेर्द्रक्षा ॱবঙ্কুলঝরঝঝঝঝঝলার্দিবেরণ্ট্রমর্ইলাব্রঝঝ্রেউবঝরিল नेवशर्गे प्रदेग्नम् अर्देन 'वेग'উষ'ञ्च''प्रमप्तु''''बेष'गबुद्रषा (सद्'वृ| 13:24-30) मद्यो'ज्ञुत्य'श्चेद्'ग्री'त्यद्रषांसे'स'धेर'प इस्राचान्य प्रमानिक प রমঝডেন্ট্র্রিলেমেন্ট্রেল্বের্লার্র্বাল্র্র্রালি প্রাত্মার্টের্ল্র্র্র্রাল্রের্ম্বর্ত্র্র্র্র্র্র্র্র্র্র্র্র্র यश्चात्राव ने द्वीत्र स्थापन के दार्के प्येत्र

10.3 Someone might ask, "If God has already chosen His people, and His plan to save us is perfect, why does the church still preach the good news?" From God's perspective, all of human history has already happened, and He can see it all clearly. From our human perspective, we can't know who God has chosen to save. We cannot look inside people to see if God is working in their hearts. The Lord Jesus told a story about this. He said, "The kingdom of heaven may be compared to a man who sowed good seed in his field, but while his men were sleeping, his enemy came and sowed weeds among the wheat and

went away. So when the plants came up and bore grain, then the weeds appeared also. And the servants of the master of the house came and said to him, 'Master, did you not sow good seed in your field? How then does it have weeds?' He said to them, 'An enemy has done this.' So the servants said to him, 'Then do you want us to go and gather them?' But he said, 'No, lest in gathering the weeds you root up the wheat along with them. Let both grow together until the harvest, and at harvest time I will tell the reapers, 'Gather the weeds first and bind them in bundles to be burned, but gather the wheat into my barn'" (Matthew 13:24-30). It is God Himself who will separate those in His kingdom from those who are not. Until He does this, it is our responsibility to go and make disciples of all nations, teaching them to obey all that the Lord Jesus commanded us.

- 1. द्वा दर्के वर्षा स्राम्य स्वाप्त स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वाप्त स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वा
- 2. देःचा वक्रमःवर्षेदःदेःधेश्वःदेवःश्च्याःश्चेदःद्याःश्चेद्रा
- 3. ट्रेन्य र्गोब्र अर्ळेग्मी चुअबाय अबाग्य बिया मैबारेट्स् अबाख्य श्रेट्र्स। (र्रेस्या 8:35-39 याम्बिय्वा)

10.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: What is God's plan to save us?
- 2. Q: Is it possible that this plan can fail?
- 3. Q: Can anything separate us from God's love? (Romans 8:35-39)

10.5 ব্রীশ্যব্য

- 1. र्रे.च। छिन्न्म्यमे प्रवा प्रवासम्बद्धिन्यम्बर्धम् स्वस्थान्त्रस्य स्वस्थान्त्रस्य स्वस्थान्त्रस्य स्वस्थान्त्रस्य स्वस्य स्

- 1. Q: Can you repent and believe in Jesus by your own power? A: No, for without God I can do nothing good.
- 2. Q: Can I know that I am saved? A: Yes, I can know this by the witness of the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit, by the fruit that God produces in me, and by trusting His promises of salvation.
- 10.6 व्यक्तिमार्डिन् प्रमेत्र अर्छम् मीक्ष प्रस्ति व्यक्त प्रमेत्र प्रस्ति । प्रमेत्र प्रमेत्र प्रस्ति । प्रस्ति
- 10.6 Key Point: God has made a five-part plan to save us.
- 10.7 **ब्रॅंग्ट्रेन्च्रि** हिंद्र्केंदेनदान्न्यायत्व्यम् स्वर्म्यन्यस्य व्यापान्यस्य स्वर्णान्यस्य विद्यान्यस्य विद्यानस्य विद्यान्यस्य विद्यान्यस्य विद्यान्यस्य विद्यान्यस्य विद्यानस्य विद्
- 10.7 Memory Verse: But you were washed, you were sanctified, you were justified in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ and by the Spirit of our God. (1 Corinthians 6:11)
- 10.8 **र्श्वेन्यस्य दिवस्य ज्ञा** मार्डें विं न में न स्थान स
- 10.8 Prayer: Lord God, we thank you that before the foundation of the world you knew us, predestined us, called us, and justified us, and at the end of time you will take us to be with you forever, so that we are more than conquerors through Him who loved us. Amen.

येद्र'यञ्ज्याचिषा'य। ५५'यदे'गवदःश्चेव'ग्री'र्भूर। (र्रे'यू'य। 9:1-33)

Chapter Eleven: The Gift of Faith (Romans 9:1-33)

11.1 **Text:** I am so concerned about my people, who are members of my own race. I am ready to be cursed, if that would help them. I am even willing to be separated from Christ. (Romans 9:3)

11.2 द्रेष्या गर्डें वें प्ये श्रामी गर्डें वें प्ये श्रामी की मार्च की मार बेरःचर्दः र्द्धेम्बर्गयम् मे विद्रवासे प्येत्। यू रुप्ते य द्वस्व राज्ये वार्के वार्षः त्याव दार्वेदे खुम्बर वियाम्बिम्बायाम्बिन्दे ते ते त्राप्तान्य प्रति हेर्वायाञ्चा क्षाप्तान्य त्राप्तान्य प्रति विष्यान्य प्रति विष् मी मिंद्र अभिक्ः) मिर्दे में प्रश्नि अभिक्ष वर्ग्-राग्चेर्-र्ग्न्श्रायः क्रेंश्रावश्चवाम्बर्यवास्यास्य स्वीत्यास्य स्वास्य स्वास्य स्वास्य स्वास्य स्वास्य मुनि मुक्ति साम प्राप्त प्राप्त साम के प्रमाण मिलि स्वर्थ स्वर्ध स्वर्थ स्वर्य स्वर्थ स्वर्थ स्वर्य स्वर्थ स्वर्थ स्वर्य स्वर्थ स्वर्य स्वर्थ स्वर्य स्वर्थ स्वर्य स्वय स्वर्य स् महेशया के विया श्रून अपिक किया भेता मिक याँ वियोधी से प्राप्तिया भुया या विया श्रून अपिक द्वारा में स र्श्वेर्प्यप्तवायास्यर्थे विश्वायश्राचेत्राश्चामश्रायाधित। श्चिरप्रेयर्पेव प्रे राय प्रश्रुवा स्वापन विषा इसमें स्रोव परसा विषा वाषीया गुं द्रगांव अर्केषा - हो नः स्वापन से मानन स्वापन स्व हे-दर्गेव-अर्क्रेग-वी-विदावअञ्च अः धर-क्ष-यर-भे-वेंद्रचेद्र। यद्रविवा-यह्दञाहे। ग्री-दर्गेव-अर्क्रेग द ्रेषाः उतः ताञ्चन्यः हे या नोवन्यः वेयायन्। दया हो दाह्य स्थाने या ने या विवादे त्याया से प्रति । स्थाने दाह्य

द्यायम् श्रुम्य विश्वानु स्थित्। यह यो स्थान स्

11.2 Explanation: The Lord Jesus once told a story about two men. The first was a member of a religious party called the Pharisees. The Pharisees taught people to worship God by means of outward rituals and observing ancient customs. (In fact, the Apostle Paul himself was a Pharisee before he met the Lord Jesus.) The Pharisees opposed the Lord Jesus because He taught the people that they must obey God sincerely, with faith, from the heart. As a result of the teaching of the Pharisees, most of the Jewish people rejected the good news of the Lord Jesus. The second man in the Lord's story was a tax collector, one of a group of people infamous for their evil deeds. The story goes like this: "Two men went up into the temple to pray, one a Pharisee and the other a tax collector. The Pharisee, standing by himself, prayed thus: 'God, I thank you that I am not like other men, extortioners, unjust, adulterers, or even like this tax collector. I fast twice a week; I give tithes of all that I get.' But the tax collector, standing far off, would not even lift up his eyes to heaven, but beat his breast, saying, 'God, be merciful to me, a sinner!' I tell you, this man went down to his house justified, rather than the other. For everyone who exalts himself will be humbled, but the one who humbles himself will be exalted" (Luke 18:10-14). Most people are like the Pharisee in this story. They think they can give money or do some religious rituals, and then live to please themselves. They use religion to get what they want. Other people, like the tax collector, realize that their actions can never be good enough to please God, so they seek salvation by faith in the promises of the gospel. The Lord Jesus teaches us that it is people like the tax collector who are saved.

11.3 मर्डें चें खे शुश्रातुश्रास्यश्रासाचें देहें क्रिया श्रुद्धात्राया अहे या चित्र श्रास्य व्याप्त विद्या विद्य

ब्रेस्त्वा गर्ड् त्रुप्त अक्ष्यं ग्री स्विमा क्ष्री स्विमा त्रुप्त प्रक्ष्य प्रमान्त स्वा स्वा म्या स्विमा स्विमा

11.3 Although the Lord Jesus told this story long ago, it is still important today. Many people think that they are very religious because of the rituals they do. They think they will have a happy life and get what they want because of going on pilgrimage, or walking around a stupa, or spinning prayer wheels. But none of these things can change our hearts. Instead, they make us proud because we have done the rituals and others have not. This is why the Pharisee in the story thanked God that he was better than other people. He thought he had earned God's favor when in fact he had offended God Almighty. When a people depend on human teachings and philosophy, they become blind to God's truth, like so many of the ancient Jews. This is why the Apostle Paul suffers so much sorrow and cries out to God on their behalf. Is it not appropriate that we too should feel great sorrow and unceasing anguish in our hearts for our families and our countrymen who live in ignorance of God, and who do not know His word? Should we not humble ourselves like the tax collector and cry out for God's mercy? If we do, we will find it, for everyone who calls on the name of the Lord will be saved.

- 1. ट्रे'च। र्केंशःग्रीःकेंगःग्रीदायादाः। द्योःचःयार्क्षणःयतःक्षेंगःवश्राःकेंशःदर्गावःशर्केशःयाः व्याप्तीदायाः विवादाः। द्योःचः विवादाः विवादा
- 2. ट्रैन्। नर्गिव्यर्केषान्द्रत्वेषानाषद्रन्गान्धिः क्षेत्रत्वेचान्य। (क्षेत्वेश्चा 2:8-9 व्या म्बिम्बा)

11.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: Can we please God by doing rituals and earning merit? (Romans 9:30-31)
- 2. Q: How then can we have a right relationship with God? (Ephesians 2:8-9)

11.5 ব্রীশ্বর

- 1. ट्रेन्य द्यो प्रवास्थित्र प्रस्ति स्थान स्था

- 1. Q: Can we earn a right relationship with God by our own efforts? A: No, salvation comes from God's gifts of grace and faith.
- 2. Q: How then do we receive these gifts? A: By asking God for them.
- 11.6 वर्द्रवाष्ट्रियां वर्यावे दर्गाव सर्वे प्रावेश सके वा वर्षा विद्या विद्या
- 11.6 Key Point: Salvation comes from God, who offers it to us as a free gift.
- 11.7 ब्रॅंप्ट्रेंब ने प्रकृष्ण यो प्रमेंब अर्केंग दक्षिण उत्या श्रुम श्राहेश महिषामा (स्रामा 18:13)
- 11.7 Memory Verse: God, be merciful to me, a sinner! (Luke 18:13)
- 11.8 ब्रॅंब्रायसप्देवबाक्का श्रुवाबाहे न्दाय्वायते न्त्रीं वासर्केवायवाबा हिन्न्दायदे वियाया प्राप्त वास्त्र व यादर्वे वायदे केन्त्र न्यादे वाब हो श्रुवाबाहे वायदे न्यां वायदे वायदे वायदे वायदे केन्द्र वायदे केन्द्र वायदे व
- 11.8 **Prayer:** Merciful God, grant us the gift of faith, that we may have a right relationship with You. Amen.

येद्र यहुम् हैश्य। क्रॅब्र यथे सुदेश्य क्रिंग क्रिंग क्रिंग (र्रे सृय। 10:1-21)

Chapter Twelve: Jesus is Lord (Romans 10:1-21)

12.1 हात्र म्या म्याप्ते हिन् ग्रीका विकास स्वास स्वास हिन्दि स्वास स्व

12.1 Text: Say with your mouth, "Jesus is Lord." Believe in your heart that God raised him from the dead. Then you will be saved. (Romans 10:9)

12.2 द्रेवया दर्वेव धेवा दर्ने र द्रायदे वाश्वर र या ग्री विषय कर वाय के विश्व ग्री वर वश्व वार्वेव प्रेव दे। गया हे हिन ग्रीका वार्षिका यो स्वार्य हैं विष्ये वार्षिका या विकासी का स्वीर्या क्षेत्र का स्वीर्या का स्वीर्य का स्वीर्या का स्वीर्य का स्वीर्या का स्वीर्या मीक्ष विद्यत्केत क्षा क्षुरमिक्षेत्र यस अहं द्या देखा द्वा प्राप्त का विद्ये का यस वस वस वस्त्र व्या मिरदें द्राया ब्रेंद्राच दे हिन्द दे के प्रतिक स्थित। ब्रेंद्रायया दे वे ब्रेमा के ब्रायित। ब्रेमा के ब्रायित के प्रतिक स्थित है य'दर' इ'च'वब' से' वद्र' हो। से' इसका ग्री' बेसका गतिर ग्री' क्रेंब बिग' धेव' खा। सेदे' देगका ग्री' दराग विका यः अदे विष्यः अन्तर्या द्यदः दवेव अष्व क्रिंट्या वेषा विषयः । विषयः विषयः विषयः विषयः विषयः विषयः विषयः विषयः भ्रेग'ऐश्ব'त्रेर। रे'ऄरमी'भ्रेंर'अअ'मीश्व'रार्क्षेर'ये'ग्रंडर'यर'त्रेर'य'अ'न। रार्क्षेर्'र्येग्रेंर'मीर्वेर' सर्वे र्वेश्वानम् से वस्त्राच्या के साम्रीका के निवास त्या । स्टामी त्यान के त्या प्रति का निवास का निवास का स पर्वः त्यसं देवर से १। देवे द्वीर पुस्राचार द्वापार पर्वः प्रवः पर्वः दर्शेव स्रवे वा वीर्षः वावरा सूर राज्यः यद्रायश्वराध्यात्र प्रतित्व प्रतित्व प्रतित्व विष्यात्र विष्या प्रतित्व विषय प्रतित्व विषय प्रतित्व विषय प्रति सवर रेट पॅर मानका क्रें र ता तर्गे प्रत्या क्रिट रेगका मानवर में द सामन नया मीबाचरायसादेग्टार्सेराचस्रवायरसहि। देवे द्वीराङ्गास्यायतुत्वसावगवादे वे द्विन्द्रात्रस्था

यो। वात्रान्त्र स्थान्य विद्यान्त स्थान्य स्थान्य स्थान्य विद्यान स्थान स्थान

12.2 Explanation: In this text we have one of the greatest promises in the Bible: "if you confess with your mouth that Jesus is Lord and believe in your heart that God raised him from the dead, you will be saved" (Romans 10:9). What does this teaching mean? Most people chose to ignore God and live in ways that please themselves. Living in this way is what is known as sin. Sin is not like a stain that can be wiped away, it is a deep flaw that is part of our very nature as human beings. Driven by our sinful nature, we commit such sins as having evil thoughts, lying, disobeying parents, speaking evil of others, lust, adultery, anger, and jealousy. Such behavior not only makes us dirty and fills us with shame, it causes many of the problems of Tibetan society. All human beings, from the lowest to the highest, suffer from it, and there is no way to rid ourselves of it. This is why our merciful God made a plan to save us from this terrible situation. We do not need to go to a faraway country, speak another language, or have great learning to seek this way, for God has shown it to us in the good news of the Lord Jesus Christ. As the Apostle Paul said, "The word is near you, in your mouth and in your heart - that is, the word of faith which we proclaim" (Romans 10:8). You are reading or hearing about God's way of salvation right now. If you wish to escape from the kingdom of sin and enter the kingdom of God, all you need to do is confess that Jesus is Lord, and believe in your heart that God raised Him from the dead.

12.3 त्रुक्षात् । क्र्रॅक्षात् । क्र्रंक्षात् । क्रिक्षात् । क्र्रंक्षात् । क्रिक्षात् । क्र्रंक्षात् । क्ष्रंक्षात् व्यात् क्र्रंक्षात् । क्र्रंक्षात् व्यात् क्र्रंक्षात् व्यात् क्र्रंक्षात् । क्र्रंक्षात् व्यात् क्रित्व क्र्रंक्षात् व्यात् क्र्रंक्षात् व्यात् व्यात् क्र्रंक्षात् व्यात् क्र्रंक्षात् व्यात् व्यात् क्र्रंक्षात् व्यात् व्यात् क्रित्व व्यात् व

यर्गित्यायाः स्वत्। तेयतेव्यायेव्यत्यते त्यात् हृत्यात् स्वयत् व्यात् स्वयत् स्यत् स्वयत् स्वयत् स्वयत् स्वयत् स्वयत् स्वयत् स्वयत् स्वयत् स्ययत् स्वयत् स्वयत् स्वयत् स्वयत् स्वयत् स्वयः स्वयत् स्वयत् स्वयत् स्वयत् स्वयत् स्वयत् स्वयः स्वयत् स्वयः स्ययः स्ययः स्वयः स्वयः स्ययः स्ययः स्वयः स्वयः स्ययः स्ययः स्ययः स्

12.3 What then does it mean to say, "Jesus is Lord"? It means that the Lord Jesus is the Son of God, who was born as a human being in Israel 2,000 years ago, who taught God's truth, who obeyed God in all things and suffered the punishment of our sins in our place, who came alive again from death, ascended into heaven, and who prays for us in God's presence. What does the Apostle Paul mean when he says, "and believe in your heart that God raised him from the dead"? In the Bible's New Testament are four gospels, called Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John. In these books we can learn the story of the Lord Jesus' perfect life, death, and resurrection. We believe in Jesus' resurrection not only because God's Word tells us so, but also because there is good evidence that it is true. Confessing that Jesus is Lord and believing in our hearts that God raised him from the dead is not just what we say with our mouths; it is something that we must believe in our hearts. We can deceive others about whether we are Christians, but we cannot deceive the God who sees our hearts. This is why we must have sincere faith in the Lord Jesus alone. If we do so, we will be saved. This means that we will have the joy, peace, and love that come from a right relationship with God, and that we will live with God forever in a place where there will never be any sin or suffering. This is the greatest truth that anyone can ever know; by God's command it is to be proclaimed to people of every nation. For many years it has been proclaimed to the Tibetan people. Will Tibetans be hard-hearted and reject it as the Jews did, or will they repent, believe, and obey as all the other nations did?

12.4 म्विंग्राचें प्रस्थत्यपुरायात्रम् स्विप्ता

- 1. र्रीया श्री:बियाः योश्वास्य विश्वास्य विश्

12.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: If someone says they believe in the Lord Jesus, do we know that they have a right relationship with God?
- 2. Q: What do you think God sees when He looks at your heart?

12.5 ব্রীশ্বর

- 2. ব্রিনা র্ছ্রমান্ত্রার্থর ক্রমান্ত্রার্থর ক্রমান্ত্রার্থর ক্রমান্ত্রার্থন ক
- 12.5 Questions and Answers
- 1. Q: How do people hear the gospel? A: Someone must preach it do them.
- 2. Q: How is it possible for them to preach? A: They must be called and sent by the church.
- 12.6 Key Point: God's way of salvation is to be proclaimed to everyone.
- 12.7 କୁଁ ଓଡ଼ିବ୍ର ପ୍ରିମ୍ର ଶ୍ର ୩୪୪ ସିଦି ଅର୍ଜ୍ଜ ଅର୍ଚ୍ଚିମ୍ ଆନ୍ଦର ସଥୟ ଓଟ୍ ସମ୍ପର୍ମ ପ୍ରଥି ଅର୍ଚ୍ଚିମ୍ ଆନ୍ଦର ପ୍ରଥି ଅନ୍ତର୍ମ ହେ ଅନ୍ତର ହେ ଅନ୍ତର୍ମ ହେ ଅନ୍ତର୍ମ ହେ ଅନ୍ତର୍ମ ହେ ଅନ୍ତର ହେ ଅ
- 12.7 **Memory Verse**: Everyone who calls on the name of the Lord will be saved. (Romans 10:13)
- 12.8 **ब्रॅड्रायसप्ट्रियसक्वा** गर्डें चॅर्न्म् अर्क्केन्यस्म ब्रॅड्रायस्म ब्र्ड्रिन्यस्म व्याप्ट्रियस्म विवाप्ट्रियस्म विवाप्ट
- 12.8 **Prayer:** Lord God, we ask for grace to confess that Jesus is Lord, and believe in our hearts that You raised Him from the dead. May Your truth enter our minds, dwell in our hearts, and glorify You by our actions. Amen.

योद्यस्मुम्बुस्या नर्गोव्यस्मिन्ना

Chapter Thirteen: God Builds His Church (Romans 11:1-36)

- 13.1 Text: How very rich are God's wisdom and knowledge!

 How he judges is more than we can understand!

 The way he deals with people is more than we can know!

 (Romans 11:33)
- 13.2 द्योत्या शे. देवाका व्यवस्थ व्यवस्य व्यवस्थ व्यवस्थ व्यवस्य व्यवस्थ व्यवस्थ व्यवस्थ व्यवस्य व्यव

र्कें न्यात्रम् नुष्यात्रम् नुष्यात्रम् नुष्यात्रम् स्वात्रम् स्वात्रम् न्यात्रम् स्वात्रम् न्यात्रम् न्यात्रम्यत्यात्रम्यत्यात्रम्यत्यात्रम्यत्यात्रम्यत्यात्रम्यत्यात्रम्यत्यात्रम्यत्यत्यस्यत्यात्रम्यत्यत्यत्यस्यत्यत्यत्यत्य

13.2 Explanation: In the previous chapters, we have seen that God has a plan to save people of all nations. He has been accomplishing this plan since the beginning of history. First, out of all the people on the earth, God chose a man named Abraham to be the ancestor of all who have a right relationship with Himself by faith. Then, out of all the nations on earth, God chose Israel to live in obedience to His commands and show His glory to all nations. When Israel failed to do this, God sent the Lord Jesus into our world to accomplish His plan of salvation. After His resurrection, the Lord Jesus told His disciples, "All authority in heaven and on earth has been given to me. Go therefore and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit, teaching them to observe all that I have commanded you. And behold, I am with you always, to the end of the age" (Matthew 28:18-20). Ever since then, God has been working at all times and places to save people of every nation. He does this when people hear the good news about the Lord Jesus, believe in their hearts that God raised Him from the dead, and become obedient to His word. Such people live holy lives that show God's love to the people around them. This causes God's church to grow, not only in China but all around the world.

13.3 म्वत्रत्त्राणुः धेः संभ्याध्यायाम् द्वः व्याधः सुतिः ह्वं स्वाधः स

बिर्केशयन हे स्रम्य देवशय क्रिया वा क्रिया या क्रिया या क्रिया या विद्या या विद्या या विद्या या विद्या या विद्य इसबायानेबारमार्ट्यस्य परियान्सार्श्वरायराम् । विराधीपायान्य मान्यस्य । विराधीपायान्य । यामका भी त्येव प्यत्या न्यामा प्यामा या प्राप्त व्याप्त वा सामा प्राप्त विष्त विष्या विष्या विष्या विष्या विष् क्रिं-क्रुयः महिंद् चेद्राया । वामहद्वस्रसा ग्रेस छिद्धे त्यस्य वाम विद्या महिंद्य स्तर्भुमा स्याप्त से से से र्देव-तु-भ्रो-वस्रवाउन-ग्रोब्र-ब्रिन-व्रेन्थ-स्थान-प्रदेश देव-ग्रान-ब्रिन-ग्री-स्र्वेति-क्री-मान-विवा-ग्राम-पर्वेता-परम धे'त्यूर। पर्डेन्य'र्झेअ'यदेर्झे'त्रशिन्रहेंदेर्झेया'र्झेप'रेअ'षेत्र'र्ते'तेशयासुरका (ख्'गू 21:12-18) मिलेशयाची विक्रिंशयित्यविह्रायविद्रायविद्रायविद्राय्याचीता मार्थिवलिया मार्डिये थे सुरायविद्राय र्क्रेशर्स्वेषश्चेषायम्या विवर्षेतिष्ययाचे कुष्यः क्षेत्र्ययाचा विवर्षेतिष्ययाचे कुष्याची क्षेत्र्याची क्षेत्र (अर्-वृ 16:18b) अ्अतिः र्कें अर्कें विश्वायोः विवास क्याने मानु विश्वायोः र्के विश्वाया स्तर्भावे र दकें महिंद्रसम्बद्धस्य ग्रीस्पर्नोव सर्केम मी प्रमाद या धेर्के सा हो द्राय दे के सा कें मास्य यो द्राय स्वर्के देश बद्दिगोव सकेंग गेश भ्राक्ष प्राप्त यान्नयान्या ह्यून्यान्यायार्श्वेत्यवेषाय्यायात्र्यायायायायाया नेवेष्ट्रियारळेत्रास्यायया इस्रका ग्रेका पर्के पर्वेत प्रमाय पर्वे पात्र विषय में विषय है विषय प्रमाय प्रम प्रमाय प्रम प्रमाय प गद्राधेव लेखा अर्वेट्से वुव गुट्ट गेंद अर्केन में बासे मावद के बेसबाय युन प्रवासका वाह में अर्द्द । कुयावि साम चॅरमवॅद्रपळें महिंदावदे क्कें वहाळेंह्याळें महादूर द्वारा क्रांत्र स्वार हे स्वर हु स्वर हे स्वर हु स्वर हे स याम्बरम्बराष्ट्रियम्बरम्बरम्बियाः मे क्षेत्रम्भः श्वाकाः स्वाद्यान्यः प्रावः प्रत्यान्यः प्रवेतः स्वेतः स्वेतः स्व **न्ये** से श्रेन्य दे के या से त्र दर्से स्वरायते स्वराविद्यो दर्वे दश्याय से स्वाय प्रस्त्यू रादेश स्वरा यग्राबाचेरात्। नर्गोत्र सर्केंग यो बार्नेत वसबाउन् सक्यान् सहन ने विष्टा विष्टा यो नर्गोन बार् याक्ष्रमर्वेश्वायात्त्रश्रश्चायात्वत्यादेकेत्तुः धेत्यानेत्त्रश्चश्चीश्वावश्ची। (학생대 8:28)

13.3 When the church began to grow in ancient Israel, a great persecution arose against it. The believers were scattered throughout the surrounding countries, but they preached the gospel everywhere they went. From these facts we learn two things. First, there will always be those who hate God and seek to destroy His people. They persecute the church even though Christians are good citizens who love their enemies, obey the government, pay taxes, and respect and honor those in authority. The Lord Jesus told His disciples, "They will lay their hands on you and persecute you, delivering you up to the synagogues and prisons, and you will be brought before kings and governors for my name's sake. This will be your opportunity to bear witness. Settle it therefore in your minds not to meditate beforehand how to answer, for I will give you a mouth and wisdom, which none of your

adversaries will be able to withstand or contradict. You will be delivered up even by parents and brothers and relatives and friends, and some of you they will put to death. You will be hated by all for my name's sake. But not a hair of your head will perish. By your endurance you will gain your lives" (Luke 21:12-18). Second, their plans will never succeed, because the Lord Jesus said, "I will build my church, and the gates of hell shall not prevail against it" (Matthew 16:18b). In 2,000 years of history, persecution has never destroyed a Bible-believing Church. God even works in the hearts of persecutors, as He did with the Apostle Paul. For this reason, we should not be troubled if there are those who hate us or put us in prison, for God is working in the hearts of others even if we cannot see it. In many countries, persecuting the Church has caused it to grow. God's power is far greater than that of any government or persecutor. He will accomplish his good purposes for us, "for we know that for those who love God, all things work together for good, for those who are called according to his purpose" (Romans 8:28).

13.4 म्याबाद्यान्यक्रात्यान्यस्त्रीत्र ह्या

- 1. ट्रेन्य। यहेषाःहेत्रःश्चीः अस्यश्चात्रिशः नुर्गितः अर्क्षेषाः षोः यदेतः यन्ति विद्यस्य वित्रः यद्येतः स्वाति । ११४ व्यापाञ्चिषाञ्चाः । ११४ व्यापाञ्चिषाञ्चाः ।
- 2. ट्रेन्या विक्रिंशर्देवरे क्षुवर्श्वरत्या (सर्ध्या १६:१८ विक्यम्बिष्यः)

13.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: Why do the people of this world try to suppress the truth about God? (Romans 1:18)
- 2. Q: Can they succeed in doing so? (Matthew 16:18b)

13.5 ইশ্বের

- 1. त्रैःच। दर्स्वः त्र व्यक्तः द्रमः वर्षे द्रव्यक्षः त्र व्यक्षः व्यवक्षः व्यवक्षः व्यवक्षः व्यवक्षः व्यवक्षः व्यवक्षः विष्यवे व्यवक्षः व्यवक्षः व्यवक्षः व्यवक्षः व्यवक्षः विष्यवक्षः विष्यवे व्यवक्षः विष्यवे विष्यवे व्यववे विष्यवे विष्यवे विष्यवे विष्यवे विष्यवे विष्यवे विष्यवे विष्यवे विष्यवे विष्यव

- 1. Q: What will the devil do when we are arrested or persecuted? A: He will look for a way to make us afraid.
- 2. Q: Can persecutors destroy God's church? A: No, for the Lord Jesus said, "I will build my church, and the gates of hell shall not prevail against it"
- 13.6 व्यार्चित्र विद्यार गुवाद्य व्याय विद्या विद्य
- 13.6 Key Point: Almighty God is building His church in every nation.
- 13.7 **র্ব্র'বেইব'ট্র'ট্র** হর্র'র্ক্রর্জনার্ক্র'র্বারাস্ট্রনামনাত্র। নানীব'র্মরি'নমর্বান্ত্রী'র্ব্রমর্বান্তর্ভার মান্তর্ভার বিরাধিন বি
- 13.7 Memory Verse: I will build My church; and the gates of Hades will not overpower it. (Matthew 16:18)
- 13.8 **र्बेट्स्यायदिवसक्य गर्ड** वॅर्स्स सुर्यम्बा नर्गेद्र अर्ळग्नी खेट्स्यअस्ट्र द्रिन् हेव के न्वा स्वा क्ष्याव क्षित्र व्या क्ष्याव क्षय क्ष्याव क्
- 13.8 Prayer: Lord Jesus, we praise you because all authority in heaven and on earth has been given to you. Send us out to make disciples of all nations, that your name may be glorified in all the earth. Amen.

येद्यस्य विष्य ५र्गेव्य अर्केम् मी प्रमाद र्थे अवसः सुराधि भ्रेम् (र्से सूय। 12:1-21)

Chapter Fourteen:

Hearing God's Word and Doing It (Romans 12:1-21)

14.1 हाय। यहेषा हेत्र यदिये चेत्र स्वाधाय स्व

14.1 Text: Don't live the way this world lives. Let your way of thinking be completely changed. Then you will be able to test what God wants for you. And you will agree that what he wants is right. His plan is good and pleasing and perfect. (Romans 12:2)

14.2 द्योवाच्य| र्रःश्चः च इस्रक्षः व्याप्त हर्ष्यः विद्या विद्य

14.2 Explanation: In the first eleven chapters of his letter to the Romans, the Apostle Paul has taught us great truths about the Lord Jesus Christ and His wonderful salvation. We have read these truths and understood something about them. But if they just stay in our minds, they cannot benefit us. They can only help us if they change our minds and our behavior. This is what the Apostle Paul meant when he wrote, "Do not be conformed to this world, but be transformed by the renewal of your mind" (Romans 12:2a). Before we believed in the Lord Jesus, we were "conformed to this world". We ignored God and lived to please ourselves. We thought and acted like the people of this world. We loved this world and the things in it. But when we heard the good news, God's truth came into our minds and changed us. We no longer love this world or the things in it. Instead, we love God and seek to please Him in all things. As the Apostle Paul said, our "old self" has died and our "new self" has been born. Now we want to be holy in all we do, because God Himself said, "You shall be holy, for I am holy" (1 Peter 1:16). As we seek to think and act like the Lord Jesus, our new nature is renewed every day. From these facts we can see that the good news about the Lord Jesus Christ must always go into our minds and come out in our actions. This is why the Lord Jesus said, "Everyone then who hears these words of mine and does them will be like a wise man who built his house on the rock. And the rain fell, and the floods came, and the winds blew and beat on that house, but it did not fall, because it had been founded on the rock. And everyone who hears these words of mine and does not do them will be like a foolish man who built his house on the sand. And the rain fell, and the floods came, and the winds blew and beat against that house, and it fell, and great was the fall of it" (Matthew 7:24-27).

14.3 विंद्रमी प्रदेव प्रायमा खेव छेट्ट प्रदे छेट प्रमें वा अर्क्रमा मी शाद्र प्रकार के सम्मावह श्रीवा मी शाहित स्वीता स्

र्चयः चित्रः प्रस्वा वित्रः प्रस्व वित्रः वित्र वित्रः व

14.3 To help us put His truth into practice, God has given each believer one or more gifts. The Apostle Peter wrote, "As each has received a gift, use it to serve one another, as good stewards of God's varied grace" (1 Peter 4:10). The Apostle Paul gives us examples of these gifts, including prophecy, serving, teaching, encouraging others, giving, leadership, doing acts of mercy, and others. There are also many ways in which we can serve others. We can pray for them. We can care for those who are sick. We can welcome strangers. We can help those who are poor. We can encourage those who are discouraged. We can tell unbelievers about the Lord Jesus, feed the hungry, give clothes those who lack them, and explain God's truth to others. We can help those in need, show hospitality, bless those who persecute us, live in harmony with others, show love to our enemies, and overcome evil with good. All such good works come from God and glorify Him. All of them are evidence of our salvation.

14.4 व्याबाद्यान्यक्रात्यान्यात्रीराचेन्क्य

- 1. देन्य दर्गेव्यक्रिंगमी पदेवप्य विश्वपदे ह्यें हिंदे ह्यें विश्वपदे ह्यें विश्वपदे ह्यें विश्वपदे हिंदे हि
- 2. त्रेच। न्रॉव्यक्रम्मेचनेव्यक्षेत्र्याकेव्यक्ष्याक्षेत्र्याक्ष्याक्ष्याः विव्यक्ष्याः विव्यक्ष्याः विव्यक्ष्याः विव्यक्ष्याः विव्यक्ष्याः विव्यक्ष्याः विव्यक्ष्याः विव्यक्ष्याः विव्यक्षयः विव्यवेषयः विव्यक्षयः विव्यवेषयः विव्यवे

- 14.4 Discussion Questions
- 1. Q: Has knowing God's truth changed my mind and my behavior?
- 2. Q: Am I putting God's truth into practice in daily life? (John 13:17)
- 3. Q: Why has God given us gifts? (1 Peter 4:10)
- 14.5 ব্রীশ্বর
- 1. त्रेत्र प्रमें व्यक्षेत्र विश्व दिन्द्र स्वापार्वे द्यो प्रमें प्रमे
- 2. र्रे.च। र्गोत् अर्क्ष्मा मैश्रादेन्द्वस्य अपाविद्यञ्चीत्र के देशिक्ष स्वाविद्य विद्या विद
- 14.5 Questions and Answers
- 1. Q: Why has God given us His truth? A: So that we may believe it and put it into practice.
- 2. Q: Why has God given us spiritual gifts? A: So that we may love and serve others.
- 14.6 वर्द्वाम्डिन् वहिमाहेवायदेवे ने प्रमाणा स्वाप्ता स्वापता स्वाप्ता स्वापत स्वापता स्वाप्ता स्वापता स्वापता स्वापता स्वापता स्वापता स्वापता स्वा
- 14.6 **Key Point**: We are not to be conformed to this world, but be transformed by the renewal of our minds.
- 14.7 **ब्रॅंप्ट्रेंब न्रेन्ज्या** माया हे न्रिन्क्केंबा र्वेब न्रेब्स स्वेब हो ने स्वाप्त स्वाप
- 14.7 Memory Verse: If you know these things, blessed are you if you do them. (John 13:17)
- 14.8 ब्रॅंब'त्यसंदिनसंज्ञु। गर्डेंचॅ:५र्गेव'सर्केग'त्यग्रम्। छि५'ग्री'तगादःर्वेस'स्वव 'दनदःविग'र्रु'से'
- 14.8 Prayer: Lord, grant us to be doers of the word, and not hearers only. Amen.

योद्धपर्केष्य इगेंब्स्यर्केष्य विषयक्षेत्रया (र्रस्या 13:1-14)

Chapter Fifteen: Putting on God's Armor (Romans 13:1-14)

15.1 **Text:** The dark night of evil is nearly over. The day of Christ's return is almost here. So let us get rid of the works of darkness that harm us. Let us do the works of light that protect us. (Romans 13:12)

15.2 द्वेषाय। र्रेस्यायम् विश्वायदेश्वेष्ठाणेषाणे योद्यायसुष्ठायस्य स्त्रीमञ्जूष्ठायस्य स्त्रीयस्य स्त्रीयस्य दर्नेहेंग्राक्षानेनेत्र्यार्चेक्षानेग दर्सेक्षार्चेग्यायार्न्या क्रेक्षायतेत्र्वानेत्वका गुरान्यः विकासी केयरर्षेट्यम्यक्षित्रम्पर्यत्र्मायायया। अर्ज्ञर्भेष्ट्रम्भेम्यूयम्यायम् यदेविंद्गी नुप्त श्रुद्र अवश्रदेद्गी वित्र श्रुवा र्वे अवश्रदे रहे वा श्रुवा ने वित्र प्रति । *५ गॅाव* सर्केंग त्य रें श्रूर से ग्रुश्च वश्च स्टायरें राय स्टूर वर्कें या इसशा ग्रीश ५ गेंवा सर्केंगा गी पदेवा यः हैंग्राबाक्षे श्वेदादे वेंदावाद्या व्यवस्थात्य स्वाप्या स्वेदास्रावन स्रस्याद्या व्यवस्था स्वाप्या स्वाप्या ફ્રેંન્સાવન સ્થમ મુસ્રાસન પ્રતે વિંદ્ર મું છું છું વાદન પા છે દુરો વેંદ્ર પ્યસ્થિય છે માં મુસ્ર સ્થાપા દ્વારા रदमी ह्यूं द्राद्रवाह्म अश्वास्त्र प्रदेष्टी रहें द्रादेष्टी रहें द्राप्त हिराहें द्राप्ती स्वास्त्र स्वास्त्र प्रदेषा मधेसन्दा सेमाउंदाचा वर्देन्कम्बा वर्देन्याद्वाचा बेमञ्चा विदर्षिन्दा श्रेयशा न्ययःववेवश्वान्त्रं वा श्रूनः स्वान्यः स्वान्यः वा श्रियः विश्वान्यः विश्वान्यः विश्वान्यः विश्वान्यः च-देवे: धुेर-दर्गेव: अर्ळेग: यो: कद:य: वे:चगव:व्य: क्षे:क्व:य: द्वअक्ष:व्य: वेंग:यर: व्यु:रदेक: धेवा - व्रेन्सिवन द्वस्था ने 'खें 'र्से व्याची 'सुन' पर्य निर्मा प्रमान के स्वाने मान्य का स्वाने मान्य विष्मा विष् र्वेत्रगुरम्डिं वें भे स्वेत्वित्ववर्गे क्कें त्राय्य प्रम्थेत्यापन् क्राया ग्रीया मुर्दे वें षे.स्वेरेवेद्रअर्वेद्र। विद्यीबाद्रयान्द्रयान्त्रेद्रअविवाधकात्रम् अवत्यवेत्रम् विद्यान्त्रम् विद्यान्त्रम् वि र्देन्त्वरादहेग्देन्त्र्यंद्रवेशम्बुद्रश् (विंक्त्ववा 12:46) नर्गेव्यवर्केग्मीयदेवय्रदेन्द्रस्र

म्बर्यः क्रेंब्रः हेर्नेव्यक्ष्यं मेबर्रेक्ष्यं प्रत्येत्रः क्षेत्रः यह व

15.2 Explanation: In this thirteenth chapter of Romans, the Apostle Paul reminds us, "You know the time, that the hour has come for you to wake from sleep. For salvation is nearer to us now than when we first believed. The night is far gone; the day is at hand. So then let us cast off the works of darkness and put on the armor of light" (Romans 13:11-12). People who ignore God and live to please themselves cannot see God's truth. They are like blind people, or people who live in the dark. If we live in the darkness, we will do the works of darkness. They will love the darkness rather than the light because their behavior is evil. They hate the light and will not come into it so that their sins will not be exposed. In the dark people practice sexual immorality, impurity, passion, evil desire, greed, anger, wrath, malice, slander, obscene talk and lies. On account of these the wrath of God is coming; those who practice such things will be thrown into the outer darkness, where there is weeping and gnashing of teeth. Yet in the gospel, people who are living in darkness are seeing the light of the good news of the Lord Jesus. He said, "I have come into the world as light, so that whoever believes in me may not remain in darkness" (John 12:46). God's truth enters our minds and changes our thinking and behavior. Our "old self" dies, our "new self" is born and God makes it grow. This is what the Apostle Paul meant when he said above that we "cast off the works of darkness and put on the armor of light".

15.3 तुषात्र। टार्क्सार्श्वेत्र'द्र्याषायायेष्ट्रयादेशेष्ट्रेयेत लेबाबेरात्र। 1) देवे गर्डे वे प्योर्थ स्ट्राय भ्राः र्वायातुः सुभावः विष्यादे र्वेषाः त्रभाव्याव्यावेषाः स्वेत्यायेत् । स्वायाय्यायायाः स्वायायायाः स्वायाया मार्डें चें त्ये श्रु स्वे मार्गे अ स्वर्मार्चे व पा निमा स्वेग प्यते प्रस्माविका ग्री तर्देन क्केंद्राचर्रासंस्राक्षा क्षेत्राचुरुषा (वाय्यदृष्युःच। ३:२७ दद्र। देखुःच। १३:१४) दर्गीव्यसर्केव द्यम्बायनेबायतेयव्ययापान्यक्षेत्रययान्यवान्यवायेवाचेत्रप्रतेक्षेत्रव्यायक्षेत्रपार्वे व्याप्ते व्याप्ते व्याप्त देवे गर्डे वे खे श्वायायम् इत्रे ने द्वार के क्षेत्र हो। क्षेत्र हे दिना नगदर्व। बेसबार्यां पर्वेर्बेसबा महिमामिबामिकापार्वेर्पायार्बेर्पाया ত্রমহাক্রমহা न्ग्रीव्यक्षेत्रात्यायगायान्वे वाकेल्यायङ्गाधिवा नेवे मत्न कृ कि न न किरोह्य प्र 3) यश्चर्क्षं ग्वर्श्वराय देश्वेत् अक्ष्याय दुषुश्चर्य दुर्गु ग्वेषं वयश्य र्सेय हेर्यह्व ये राग्वश्चर यादाधीतालेखा यदेकेन्द्रन्त्रीव अर्केन् मे में कि कर्म अर्थेन्य ८क्ष्रिंभायाञ्चात्राच्याच्याच्याच्या न्यर्डम्। यहेषाहेन यहेरी सुन यरे न्यर हु राय। विद्यायस्य ग्री दन न्यर्डन दवायवे क्रेंब कें देखारें केंब चुदा द्वाय प्रदा ব্যথার্থর্থন ব্রম্বর 7723131

ब्रम्य विश्व स्थानित्र स्थानित्र स्थानित्र स्थानित्र स्थानित्र स्थानित्र स्थानित्र स्थानित्र स्थानित्र स्थानित् स्थानित्र स्थानित् स्थानित्र स्थानित् स्थानित् स्थानित् स्थानित् स्थानित्य स्थानित्

15.3 What then is this new armor that we put on? 1) It is the Lord Jesus Christ Himself. The Apostle Paul wrote, "For as many of you as were baptized into Christ have put on Christ" and "Put on the Lord Jesus Christ, and make no provision for the flesh, to gratify its desires." (Galatians 3:27; Romans 13:14) We put on Christ by thinking and acting in ways that please God. 2) It is behavior that honors the Lord Jesus: a compassionate heart, kindness, humility, meekness, patience, forgiveness, love, the peace of God, and thankfulness. 3) It is what protects us from the devil and his evil schemes. As the Apostle Paul says, "Put on the whole armor of God, that you may be able to stand against the schemes of the devil. For we do not wrestle against flesh and blood, but against the rulers, against the authorities, against the cosmic powers over this present darkness, against the spiritual forces of evil in the heavenly places. Therefore take up the whole armor of God, that you may be able to withstand in the evil day, and having done all, to stand firm. Stand therefore, having fastened on the belt of truth, and having put on the breastplate of righteousness, and, as shoes for your feet, having put on the readiness given by the gospel of peace. In all circumstances take up the shield of faith, with which you can extinguish all the flaming darts of the evil one; and take the helmet of salvation, and the sword of the Spirit, which is the word of God, praying at all times in the Spirit, with all prayer and supplication" (Ephesians 6:11-18). In this way, we are rescued from the kingdom of darkness and brought safely into God's kingdom of light.

15.4 में ग्राया प्राया प्राय प्राया प्राय प्राया प्राया प्राया प्राया प्राया प्राया प्राया प्राया प्राय प्राया प्

- 1. देःच। स्वायदेश्विंद्ग्रीः वुःचः दवः यः विश्वाचे स्यादेश्वेषेवः वस्रा
- 2. देना दर्सेश देंद्र ग्री ख्रव सेश बेर व देसे क्षर ग्री व दर्गेश श्रम।

15.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: What are some of the "works of darkness"?
- 2. Q: How are we to "put on the armor of light"?

15.5 ব্রীশ্যব্য

- 1. ट्रे'च। दर्खेदे'द्रश्च'च्रं'म्बुअ'चें'वे'खु'धेव'व्रस्त त्यवा दिश्व'हेव'दर्दि'द्रा श्रेग'छेब'ग्री'स्ट ग्रिबा पर्दु'ब्र्'हव'प्यडब'दर्खेदे'द्श'चें'गबुअ'चें'धेवा
- 2. त्रेच। दर्छेदिः अर्ददः में निष्ठां निष्ठां के देश के विष्ठां विष्ठ

15.5 Questions and Answers

- 1. Q: Who are our three enemies? A: The world, our sinful nature, and the devil.
- 2. Q: Who are our three friends? A: God the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Spirit.
- 15.6 वृदर्भवार्श्यो श्रे से स्ट्रियाया विद्यासुमार्ज्याया देख्य व्यापार्श्याया विद्यास्य विद्या
- 15.6 **Key Point:** We are to take off what belongs to our old sinful self, and put on what belongs to our new self in Christ.
- 15.7 **र्ह्स्य विद्वान्त विद्या** विद्या विद्
- 15.7 Memory Verse: Put on the Lord Jesus Christ, and make no provision for the flesh, to gratify its desires. (Romans 13:14)
- 15.8 **र्ब्वन्यस्य दिन्य क्वा** वर्षे चें प्ये सुः यग्ना विन्दे त्ये प्रहेता हेत् क्वी देन् क्वी सेन्य कें स्वर्ध स्वर्य स्वर्ध स्वर्य स्वर्ध स्वर्य स्वर्य स्वर्ध स्वर्य स्वर्य स्वर्य स्वर्य स्वर्य स
- 15.8 **Prayer:** Lord Jesus, you are the light of the world. Help us to get rid of the evil works of darkness in our lives. Help us to get rid of our works of darkness and come into your marvelous light. Amen.

Chapter Sixteen: Living in Unity (Romans 14:1-15:13)

16.1 हाया देरायहेव प्रमेंव अर्छेग में मार्चे यहेप यसेयायर यश्चरायर छेप प्रमाणिक छेप स्थान प्रमाणिक छोप स्थान प्रमाणिक छोप स्थान स्था

16.1 Text: Christ has accepted you. So accept one another in order to bring praise to God. (Romans 15:7)

16.2 द्रेयाया टर्स्स्या मिन्स्यादे र्स्स्या स्वत्यायस्य वित्या स्वत्या प्रमा निर्माता सर्वेषा यी वासी से या वास वस्रश्चर में वित्वसम्बर्ध विष्य प्राया द्वार में विषय में हेव यदर दे द्वरणेव। दर्गेव सर्केष मैक्षण सुद्धार पेव प्राप्त विकाय र्रे सूर्गे र विकाय पेद स्वरं के का क्रियां अप्यापित्र अप्यापित्र विश्वास स्वाप्त स्वापत स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वापत स् य। बदबः र्र्षेट्र विकायाया सेवाकाय देशावतः सेदिः स्वाकाः सेवा सम्बद्धाः विक्षान्य स्वाकाः स्वाचित्र स्वाचित्र शुरव्यायःव्यायःव्याश्चेयःदेःसरश्चेःस्वायाय्यायः स्वायःस्वायः स्वायः व्यायः व्यायः व्यायः व्यायः स्वायः व्यायः स्वायः स्वायः स्वायः व्यायः स्वायः स्वयः स्वायः स्वायः स्वयः स्वायः स्वायः स्वयः स्यः स्वयः स् बदम् बस्र रेग्सः लुट्ट्बदम् बस्र रेग्सः ग्वत्र समस्र में गर्ड्या प्रेत्र प्रस्त में स्वरंप्य हेस् र्से मिड्रेम मिल्व प्रश्नाच वाराय राय है स्रा अनु र्स्याय सुरा से सिंदि राय हुए या सुराय है स्रा देव गुर न्गॅवि'सर्क्रेग'मेकापार्द्र'न्यसेव'याद्वस्त्रायदर्द्रस्य यदेर्क्रेक्षर्स्यावार्वेद्रसः सुमार्द्रम्यायस्य स यम्यह्री प्रिक्ष्यायास्त्रिन्यते स्वाचा अस्ति स्वाच्या स्वच्या स्वाच्या स्वच्या स्वाच्या स्वच मर्डरसाधिवाया क्रेवासा वस्य अन्य प्रिया प्रमानिका मुंदिरसा स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्व यरमिक्ष १८१मकुरमार्म्यकायदेखेः शुष्पार्मार्म्यम् वह्नायदेखेः शुष्पामिक्षाः मिन्ना र्ब्वेद्रायाद्य यात्रुस्रकाञ्चदकात्रकामार्जेद्रायाः भृतिः तदीवाय बदायाददाया वक्षा विवाग्र द्योदार्से दिद्राया याणिवायदीर्देवाक्त्यकारीःक्रीं मान्नायाक्षेत्रायाक्षेत्। यहेषाःहेवायदीमान्नायाक्षायाक्षाया क्वर्र्र्र्र्र्योद्देर। नवद्धव्यस्म्रम्भाग्रेमर्मम्भायः सम्मायः भ्रीव्यद्वम्भावस्य नम्भावस्य `ब्रॅब'त्रेन्। देव'ग्रम्नोंब'अर्केग'गी'कुय'श्चेन'य'ने'सूम'त्रेन अंकेंग न्येमब'ङ्गा'कंन'यर्'स्'य'न्न यःचह्रवःसंख्रित्युद्र। ५८:यःस्टुद्रःचःइस्रबायःश्चेंबुवःक्षेव्यययम। ख्राःचन्नदःग्चेद्रया स्थ्राःस्वाबावन

यद्युत्त्वीं अः यस्मान्वः व्याः या शुर्य। देः यथः व्याः नेः विद्याः नेः विद्याः विवाः विद्याः विवाः विद्याः व

16.2 Explanation: As we learned in previous chapters, God calls people of all nations to believe in the Lord Jesus Christ. This was true in the ancient world as well. In the church at Rome, God called some who were Jews. The Jews observed many rituals and customs, such as washing hands, washing cups and pots and copper vessels. When they became believers in the Lord Jesus, some of them continued to follow such customs. For example, some ate only vegetables, some did not eat certain foods, some believed certain things were unclean, some observed special days. The Apostle Paul considered the faith of these believers to be "weak". But God had also called others who were not Jews. They knew nothing about Jewish customs and did not follow them. These people reckoned all foods clean and all days alike. The Apostle Paul considered the faith of these believers to be "strong". The strong believers and the weak believers all repented of their sins and believed the good news about the Lord Jesus. But about less important matters they had different opinions. In this world, people with different opinions will often argue with one another. The strong will criticize and oppress the weak. In God's kingdom, however, this is not so. The Apostle Paul himself had strong faith. But he did not say that those with weak faith should be criticized, corrected, or put out of the church. Instead, he said the believers should live together in harmony.

16.3 In every group of people there will be those with differing opinions. What should the church be like if some believers are Chinese and some are Tibetans? Or if some are from Kham and some are from Amdo? Or when believers have different opinions about things that are not essential to the faith? The Apostle Paul said that the strong and the weak are to welcome one another. They do not argue or pass judgment on each other because God has accepted all believers and they all belong to Him. The strong and the weak are to bear with each other, to pursue what makes for peace and for mutual upbuilding, and to please one another for their good. No one should pass judgment on another believer, for all of us belong to the Lord Jesus and will be judged by Him in the end. In this way, believers will live in harmony with one another and this harmony will glorify God.

16.4 भूँगश्राचें प्रस्थत्यपुरायुप्तात्र यात्र य

- 1. र्रे.च। ब्रिन्ग्रीकार्द्रविकायदेखेःसुप्यात्रुक्षकाग्रीव्यव्यक्षात्रःयात्रीक्षत्रवाष्ट्रात्रःस्वकार्वेन्द्रमा
- 2. देना देख्याचेवावादाईबाई वेदादर्वे बार्चा

16.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: Among the believers you know, are there some who have different opinions?
- 2. Q: If so, what should we do?

16.5 ইশ্ব্যু

- 1. र्रे.च। र्राय्वाम्बद्धस्यस्य विर्प्तर्मेश्वयः प्रदार्थः रेडिः धेवावस्य। यद्या र्गावास्य स्वाप्तर्मेश्वयः विर्प्तस्य स्वाप्तर्मेश्वयः विर्प्तर्मेश्वयः विर्प्तर्मेश्वयः विर्प्तर्मेश्वयः विर्प्तर्मेश्वयः विर्प्तर्मेश्वयः विर्प्तर्मेश्वयः विर्प्तर्मेश्वयः विर्प्तर्मेश्वयः विर्प्तर्मेश्वयः विर्प्तरम् विष्ठाः विर्पत्तरम् विष्ठाः विर्पत्तरम् विष्ठाः विर्पत्तरम् विष्ठाः विर्पत्तरम् विष्ठाः विष्ठाः विर्पत्तरम् विष्ठाः विष्राः विष्ठाः विष्राः विष्राः विष्ठाः विष्ठाः विष्ठाः विष्ठाः विष्ठाः विष्ठाः विष्र
- 2. ट्रेन्य दर्कें गर्डे वे प्रेस्त्र प्रेस्ति प्रेस्त्र प्रेस्ति प्रेस्ति प्रेस्त्र प्रेस्त्र प्रेस्त्र प्रेस्त्र प्रेस्ति प्रेस्ति

16.5 Questions and Answers

- 1. Q: What is our first duty to other believers? A: It is to love them as God has loved us.
- 2. Q: How will people know that we are disciples of the Lord Jesus? A: They will know this if we love one another (John 13:34-35).

16.6 Key Point: Believers are to live together in unity.

- 16.7 **ब्रॅंग्वर्ड्न न्त्रिम्** पर्कें श्रेन्सेश्वरं यायवाया प्रत्याय सम्बन्धाया विकास समित्र सम्बन्धाया विकास समित्र स
- 16.7 **Memory Verse:** Let each of us please his neighbor for his good, to build him up. (Romans 15:2)
- 16.8 **र्बेन्यस्य त्रित्राक्त्री** महिं त्रं त्यम्बा ८८ क्ष्य स्थान स्थान
- 16.8 Prayer: Lord, how good and pleasant it is when believers live together in unity. Help us to love one another, so that the world will know we are your disciples. Amen.

योद्रायञ्चातृत्वाय| ५र्गोत्रायर्क्रम्यायाद्राव्यस्यायेत्राचेत्रायदेश्चित्र्यः (र्राय्या 15:14-15:33)

Chapter Seventeen: Putting God's Word into Practice (Romans 15:14-15:33)

17.1 हाय। श्रेषाब्दाबिषाक्षेत्रायिक्षः यहितायदे हिषाः स्टाह्मेत्राश्चेत्रः श्रेष्ट्रः श

17.1 Text: I have always wanted to preach the good news where Christ was not known. I don't want to build on what someone else has started. (Romans 15:20)

ा. प्रस्ति स्वास्ति स्वास्त्र स्वास

17.2 Explanation: At the beginning of the first century, the Apostle Paul was born in a city called Tarsus, which is now in Turkey. His parents sent him to Jerusalem, where he grew up and was strictly educated by a famous Jewish teacher named Gamaliel. Paul was very zealous for the Jewish religion. When he heard about the early church, he did his best to destroy it, arresting believers and putting them into prison. Hearing that there were believers in the city of Damascus in Syria, he went there to arrest them, but on the way the Lord Jesus appeared to him in a vision. Paul became a Christian, and a few years later he was set apart by the church at Antioch to proclaim the word of God in the countries around the eastern Mediterranean Sea. In each place, Paul and his companions preached the gospel to the Jews first, then to the non-Jews. From those who believed the gospel he would form a local church and appoint its leaders. However, many people opposed his work. They incited riots in order to stop him. He was often arrested, put in jail, flogged, beaten with rods, and even stoned and left for dead. He was shipwrecked, spent a night and a day adrift at sea, and in constant danger. For the sake of the gospel he suffered many hardships, sleepless nights, hunger, thirst, cold and exposure. He preached from Jerusalem all the way to the shores of the Adriatic Sea, walking about 2,000 kilometers to do so. Yet he wanted to do even more for Christ. He planned to go not only to Rome, but also far beyond into Spain, so that he could preach the gospel in places where Christ was not known.

17.3 Wherever he went, there were people who heard the good news and believed it. For example, when the Apostle Paul preached the gospel in the city of Thessalonica in Greece, the people there responded in faith. They continued to believe, even when others persecuted them for it. And they loved one another. As a result, their church was strong. From Thessalonica, the Apostle went to another city in Greece, called Corinth. He preached the gospel there too, and the people believed what he said, but they did not put it into practice in real life. There were disagreements and factions and some even fell into immorality. As a result, their church was weak. This caused the Apostle much trouble. This is why his letters always begin with teaching God's truth, and end with instructions about how to apply it in real life. In the next chapter, the Apostle Paul will commend many who have put the gospel into practice in real life, and built up and encouraged the church.

17.4 र्मेग्राचें प्रस्थल्य पुष्पात्र मान्य मोराचे प्रमु

- 1. देना विन्चीश्राम्डॅन्स्सेन्स्सेन्स्सेन्स्सन्स्याद्रस्यावेन्द्रस्य
- 2. देना देख्रमधेवन्दर्सन्दर्सन्दर्सन्दर्भन्तायेवर्षः सम्बन्धन

17.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: Do you believe the good news about the Lord Jesus Christ?
- 2. Q: If so, how do you put it into practice in daily life?

17.5 ব্রীশামার

- 2. ट्रेन्य दशक्तिन्ध्रस्य स्वित्र प्रवासकी प्रमाद क्राया स्वित्र प्रवासकी स्वासकी स्व

17.5 Questions and Answers

- 1. Q: What must I do to become holy? A: I must set my mind on becoming like the Lord Jesus.
- 2. Q: Why must I put the gospel into practice in daily life? A: Because faith without works is dead (James 2:26).
- 17.6 वदाईव माई वाँ दर्गाव सकेंगा मी प्रदेव पाने क्रिसा प्रोव हो दाने का
- 17.6 Key Point: God's truth must be put into practice.
- 17.7 **ब्रॅं दिहेव व्रेन्**क्या सूर्य स्थान प्राप्त स्थान स्यान स्थान स्यान स्थान स्य
- 17.7 Memory Verse: For I will not venture to speak of anything except what Christ has accomplished through me. (Romans 15:18)
- 17.8 **শ্বরণেমারের নাম্মার** বর্ষার্রা বার্ষ্টার্রণ বার্মার নামার নামার
- 17.8 Prayer: Lord, help me to be a doer of your word, and not a hearer only. Amen.

योतुः पर्के प्रमुद्धा । वि:1-27) स्थित । वि:1-27)

Chapter Eighteen: We Are One in Christ (Romans 16:1-27)

18.1 हाया सून्ती माणे सुदे दें बातु प्रदेश स्था में माया प्रीमाया प्रीमाय प्रीमाय प्रीमाय प्रीमाय प्रीमाय प्रीमाय प्रीमाय प्रीमाय प्रीमाय

18.1 Text: Greet Priscilla and Aquila. They work together with me in serving Christ Jesus. (Romans 16:3)

18.2 द्योलाचा नर्गात् अर्क्केन मेश्र क्षे ने मुश्चेन मेश्र क्षे न्या क्षे मुश्चेन मार्चेन मुश्चेन मार्चेन मुश्चेन मार्चेन मेश्र मेश

18.2 Explanation: God calls people of every nation to believe in the Lord Jesus Christ. In chapter sixteen of the Apostle Paul's letter, we meet more than twenty such people. Some were Jews, like Prisca and Aquila, and others, like Narcissus were not. Seventeen of them of them were men, and nine of them were women, of whom Paul commends Phoebe, Mary, Tryphaena and Tryphosa for their work. Aristobulus and Narcissus held high positions in society, while others were probably slaves. Some were from the majority culture, others were minorities. There were people of different languages and races. As Paul had instructed them in the previous chapter, these believers were all living together in harmony. All were one in Christ.

18.3 श्रु-र्क्य-प्यतुःसुश्च-र्वि स्थान्य विद्यान्य विद्यान्य प्रस्ति विद्यान्य विद्यान्य प्रस्ति विद्यान्य विद्यान्य विद्यान्य विद्यान्य विद्यान्य प्रस्ति विद्यान्य विद्

18.3 Paul wanted to make sure that they continued to do so, so he warned them against people who cause divisions, especially against those who teach any new doctrine that is contrary to the truth they have already been taught. This was important in Paul's time, and it is also important today. There will always be people who say that in addition to the Bible, human religions, holy books, or philosophies can show us the way of salvation. Such people cause divisions in the church. This is why the Apostle John wrote, "If anyone comes to you and does not bring this teaching, do not receive him into your house or give him any greeting" (2 John 10). When we hear any teaching, we should examine it carefully. If it agrees with the Bible, we can accept it as true. If it does not agree with the Bible, or if it comes from any other book, we should not accept it. In this way, the purity and unity of the church is preserved.

18.4 व्याबार्याद्रस्थनुयात्यात्रसञ्चाद्राम्

- 1. ट्रे'य। ५५'ख्व'भ्रे'र्रेग्बासी'यद्र'क्सबावी'ग्रिंग'स्ब्रुव'ग्री'र्क्क्षें'व्रक्ष'र्क्केंबाक्ष'याची'स्वर्र्क्ष्य'र्क्षेप्
- 2. त्रिपा प्रष्ठ्वरप्रमास्ययाः विषाः विषाः विषाः विषाः देवे प्रस्येव विषाः वि

18.4 Discussion Questions

- 1. Q: How can believers of different nationalities live in harmony in the church?
- 2. Q: How do we know if we should accept a new teaching?

18.5 ব্রীশ্বর

- 1. देःच। क्रॅंबःक्रॅंग्बःग्रीःन्श्रेग्बासःख्यःनेन्डेःखेवःवय। यव। क्रॅंबःक्रॅंग्बायःप्तिग्वासःख्यःग्रुसः र्यन्ते। नर्गेवःसर्क्रेंग्यःपन्नेवःचगुरःग्रेन्यःन्दःग्विंग नन्ध्वःइसस्याग्रीःन्सःयःगेंदःनुःश्चेयःचः न्दःग्वेश श्रेःग्ववनःयःर्रग्वान्नेन्यःन्दःग्रुसःयन्दस्यक्षेत्।
- 2. ट्रेन्य। तुक्षःग्रीः अञ्चतः अरूट्रेष्व अर्क्षणायीः र्क्षेक्षः र्क्षणावाः अर्थवाः परायश्चितः परायश्चः परा

18.5 Questions and Answers

- 1. Q: What is the purpose of the church? A: The church exists to worship God, to help believers grow in holiness, and to serve others.
- 2. Q: Who will be in God's church at the end of time? A: People from every nation, tribe, and language. (Revelation 7:9)
- 18.6 Key Point: Believers of different nationalities should live in harmony with one another.
- 18.7 ब्रॅंप्ट्रेंब्राचेन्क्या छिन्त्रीःचगायावे चनेवायाकेन्यिवार्वे। (स्राप्ट्राववा १७:17)
- 18.7 Memory Verse: Your word is truth. (John 17:17)
- 18.8 **ब्रॅब्रयसंदिनस्कृ**। यन निर्मेद्रस्य स्वाप्त स्व
- 18.8 Prayer: Father God, help us to seek the power and fruit of your Holy Spirit, that we may build up your church. We ask this in the name of Jesus. Amen.

क्ष्मायम्या

Glossary

न्रगॅ्व अर्केश

स्वाक्षः श्री-नर्गित् अर्क्षणः ते नदः यदि र्क्षक्षः श्री-नर्गित् अर्क्षणः त्राः यदि श्रुवाक्षः केन् नर्गित् अर्क्षणः विकार स्वाक्षः स्वाकष् स्वाक्षः स्वाक्षः स्वाक्षः स्वाक्षः स्वाकष् स्वाक्षः स्वाक्षः स्वाकष् स्वाक्षः स्वाक्षः स्वाकष् स्वाक्षः स्वाकष् स्वाक्षः स्वाकष् स्व

God

God is God the Father, God the Son, God the Holy Spirit; He is the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ. He is also called the Lord God, Yaweh God, Almighty God, and Highest God. God is all-knowing and He is present everywhere. God made the universe and all that is in it; He gives life to all living beings (Genesis 1:20-31). He sends the Holy Spirit to those who believe in the Lord Jesus. He is not at all the same as the Buddhist Triple Refuge.

५र्गेव्यक्षामान्यम्बस्य

णः जुः नृयः इस्र सः ग्री सः देश्वरः श्चे निवास यो स्वास्तः विश्वर विश्व

God's Commandments

In ancient times, God gave the Jewish people many commandments so they would know how to live. The most famous of these are the Ten Commandments (Exodus 20:1-17 and Deuteronomy 5:6-21). The Lord Jesus said that the two greatest commandments are that we must love the Lord with all of our being and our neighbors as ourselves (Mark 12:29-31).

न्गॅ्व अर्केंग मी द्विस्रश्रम् र्रेन्।

God's Judgment

At the end of time, God will judge the people of this world. All people, living or dead, will appear before God to be judged. All will have to give an account to God of the good or evil they have done. Those who have done evil will be condemned, and those who have repented of their sins and believed in the Lord Jesus will be saved.

न्गॅ्व सर्केषा यी कुषा श्रेना

न्गॅ(व्रायर्क्षण्योश्वर्षा) श्वेयश्चार्ण्य स्वर्णा स्

Kingdom of God

The kingdom of God is God's rule in people's hearts. The Lord Jesus told many stories and did many miracles to show people what the kingdom of God is like. The Lord Jesus invites people to enter the kingdom of God by repenting of sin and believing and obeying God's word. Entering the kingdom of God brings both joy and difficulties. The Apostles Paul and Barnabas said, "We must go through many hardships to enter the kingdom of God" (Acts 14:22). Those who enter the kingdom of God will live forever with the Lord Jesus.

न्गॅ्व अर्केम मे शुम्राह्य

नीं त्र अर्क्षण्यो द्वाया विद्या विद

God's Wrath

God's wrath is not at all like human anger. God is completely holy; He hates and punishes every kind of sin and evil. On the last day He will judge all who do evil. Those who love evil and do not repent will be thrown into hell. However, sinners who repent and believe in the Lord Jesus will certainly be saved from God's wrath.

<u> দূর্যার মের্কুমানার মানার মহা</u>

God's Elect

The Apostle Paul teaches that God knew His people even before He made the world. God decided to make His people like the Lord Jesus, so He called them and gave them the gift of faith. By means of faith in the Lord Jesus, God's people have a right relationship with God the Father. In this way, they become God's family, the Church, and the Lord Jesus becomes the first and most honored among many brothers and sisters. From a human perspective, we do not know who God's chosen ones are, so it is very important to share the good news about Jesus with everyone.

न्गॅ्व अर्क्ष्यां मी वर्षेन्या

God's Call

- 1) God's call is God's invitation to believe in and to serve Him. God called the patriarch Abraham to receive His promises (Hebrews 11:8). God called Saul the Pharisee to proclaim the gospel to the nations (Romans 1:1). God calls people of all nations to faith in the Lord Jesus. God calls us to serve others through the Church (Acts 6:1-6).
- 2) Believers ask God for salvation or protection by calling on God (Romans 10:13).

५र्गेव्यर्केषाची विदायस्य

५ में विरायकें मा मी प्रायु मा विद्या मा विद्

Heaven

Heaven is the place where God dwells, and God speaks from there (Mark 1:11). The Lord Jesus came from heaven and returned there after his resurrection (Mark 16:19). The Holy Spirit also comes down from heaven to enter the hearts of believers (Acts 2:2).

शुर्कंया

र्झ्न्या भेर्या स्थान के मान्या स्थान स्य

शुरुविद्याः श्रित्याः श्र

Apostle

The Lord Jesus chose 12 men to be his disciples (Mark 3:14). He gave them authority to preach the gospel, to teach, and to cast out evil spirits. These twelve men also saw the Lord Jesus after he became alive again from death. The Lord Jesus sent out the disciples to tell the good news to people of all nations (Acts 1:8). After the resurrection of the Lord Jesus, Matthias (Acts 1:24) and Paul (Galatians 1:15) were commissioned as apostles. Since all apostles were witnesses of the Lord Jesus' resurrection, there are no apostles today.

वियासूर्यावन

क्रॅब्रायाचे शुति क्रुं तुं का क्रुं क्रें व्या क्रिं क्रिं या विश्व क्रिं क्रें व्या क्रुं व्या च्रुं व्या क्रुं व्या क्रिं व्या क्रुं व्या क्रिं व्या क्रुं क्रुं क्रुं व्या क्रुं क्रुं क्रुं क्रुं व्या क्रुं क्रिक् क्रुं क्र

Tax Collector

At the time of the Lord Jesus, the Roman Empire ruled the land of Israel. The Roman government sent many men to collect taxes from the Jewish people. These tax collectors used brutal methods, and most of the Jewish people hated them. Both John the Baptist and the Lord Jesus commanded the tax collectors to repent of their sins, and some did so (Matthew 21:31).

দ্ৰুষাশ্ৰহিতা

यावतः चेतिः तुं अः अः त्यः द्वां के व्याः के व्याः विवाः त्ये विवाः विवाः विवाः त्ये विवाः विवा

मीबाक्षीःबुःष्वेमाःचरःवरःक्षीःचुेत्याः। ब्र्वेत्याःद्वायाः इस्रबाश्चरक्षाःव्याः विद्याः विद्य

Baptism

Baptism was a ritual of the Jewish people in ancient times. John the Baptist baptized people to show that they had repented of their sins. The ancient Church baptized people to show that they had repented of their sins and believed in the Lord Jesus. Baptism by itself does not save anyone, but is a sign that a person has repented of their sin, believed in the Lord Jesus, and entered God's kingdom.

क्रिंश विश्व

यात्रत्येतिः तुः श्राद्वां त्राक्ष्यां यो व्याव्याः विश्वा व्याप्तः श्रृं त्रायः यो विश्वा व्याप्तः विश्वा व

Religious Law

In ancient times, God gave the prophet Moses religious laws for the Jewish people. The prophet Moses or his followers wrote these laws in five books. Keeping these religious laws and rules was very important to the Jewish people. But the Lord Jesus taught that people should not worship God exclusively by keeping laws and rules (Mark 7:6-8). He said that people should worship God by having faith in God and loving Him.

क्रॅशक्रेंग्या

1) र्केश्चर्यम्य विद्वास्त्र निर्मेत् अर्केषा मी विद्वास्त्र से स्थान हो। मार्डे में स्थान प्राप्त प्राप्त से स्थान से से स्थान से स्थान

Church

- 1) The Church is God's family; it is all who believe in the Lord Jesus. The Church is with the Lord in heaven, and also here on earth. All who belong to the Chuch worship God the Father and Jesus Christ God's Son. All believe the teachings of the apostles; all have fellowship with one another in the Lord Jesus.
- 2) a group of believers living in one place; for example, in ancient times there were churches in the cities of Rome, Jerusalem, and Damascus; today the church is in all countries.

वकेयवसञ्चरमार्सेवया

मार्ड चिं भो श्रु देन श्रु द्वाव त्र हु के हु या हु अश्रायदा हु अश्रायदा हु अश्रायदा हु अश्रायदा हु अश्रायदा हु अश्रायदा हु या विश्व विश्

Resurrection

The Lord Jesus taught that after people die, they will be made alive again. Those who believe in the Lord Jesus will live with him forever. Those who reject the Lord Jesus will live eternally apart from God in hell. The Lord Jesus Himself showed that he had power to raise the dead to life again (Mark 5:21-43, Luke 7:11-17, and John 11:1-44) and He Himself was raised from the dead. The Apostle Paul writes about the resurrection in 1 Corinthians 15.

<u>ক্রিশাব্রহা</u>।

र्ह्नेन्याथः भुतिः हेन्नान्नायन प्रतिस्त्रियः अप्ति प्रति । विष्टितः अप्ति । विष्टितः विष

Disciple

The Lord Jesus called twelve men to be His disciples. The names of the disciples are listed in Mark 3:16-19, Luke 6:13-16, and Acts 1:13. After the Lord Jesus came alive again from death, he sent these disciples out to preach the good news to all nations. According to tradition, Jesus' disciples Matthew and John both wrote the Lord Jesus' life story, and the disciple Peter wrote two letters to the churches; these are recorded in the New Testament.

त्र शु

यावतः चेंदिः तुः अः गीः येगा प्यूः स्युत्यः ग्रीः में द्राष्ट्री राक्षेव विषाः प्येव रहे। देदः श्रूष्ट्रावा ग्रीः श्रुत्रः विष्या यादः स्वायः प्रेष्ट्रावा विषयः प्रिष्ट्रावा विषयः प्रेष्ट्रावा विषयः व

Tarsus

In ancient times, Tarsus was a large city in the district of Cilicia, in what is now Turkey. The Apostle Paul was from Tarsus (Acts 21:39).

SATI

दर्गाव्यस्त्र्रम् मी द्रायदेगासुर स्वायविवादु दर्गाव्यस्त्र मिंव्यस्त्रमा निः भ्रुं व्यस्त्र स्वायविवादि स्वयविवादि स्वायविवादि स्वायविवा

Salvation

According to the Bible, God is perfect, holy, and righteous. God who is love gives commandments to mankind for their benefit, but people do not obey God's commandments because they have a sinful nature. Because the eternal God is infinitely holy, all who disobey Him offend Him and risk eternal punishment. The Lord Jesus came to bear that punishment in our place. Those who believe in the Lord Jesus and repent of their sins are saved from God's punishment and will live in peace with him forever (John 11:25-26). Whoever believes in the Lord Jesus lives even if he dies. This is what the Bible calls 'salvation'.

श्रुगशःहै।

दर्ग्वियळॅग्यो श्वयाक्षा हे वि टार्ळे प्रवर्धिय शे वें क्षायि याय देव देव दे भेव । दर्ळे प्रवर्धिय या देव से देव प्रवर्धिय प्रवर्धिय से देव प

Grace

God's grace is His kindness to us, which we do not deserve. God's plan to save us is based on His grace alone. He gives us this grace as a free gift (Ephesians 2:8). Anyone can receive God's grace simply by asking for it. God is both just and gracious. God's justice gives people the punishment that they deserve, but His grace gives people the forgiveness that they don't deserve.

५सम्बद्धम् अन्तर्

Holy Spirit

God is God the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Spirit. The Holy Spirit was with God the Father when the world was created (Genesis 1:2). In ancient times, the Holy Spirit dwelling in the minds of the prophets gave them authority to speak to men for God. The Holy Spirit came upon the Lord Jesus like a dove when He was baptized by John the Baptist. After the resurrection of the Lord Jesus, the Holy Spirit filled his disciples (Acts 2:1-41). The Holy Spirit prays for us (Romans 8:26) and gives all believers various gifts so that they may serve God and others (Romans 12:3-8; 1 Corinthians 12:1-31). The Holy Spirit lives in all believers (1 Corinthians 6:19).

५য়'য়देश्रह्स्य।

न्गॅ्व'अर्ळ्ग'मी'चग्यत्थेव। (चे'र्ज्ज्ं क्षेश्चच'1:20-21 याम्बिम्बा) ने'याव्यक्च हैं ह्रे ह्रं चार्ट् व्वयः क्ष्या क्ष्यं चार्च क्ष्या क्ष्या चार्च क्ष्या क्ष्या चार्च क्ष्या क्ष्या क्ष्या चार्च क्ष्या क्ष्य क्ष्या क्ष्

Bible, Scriptures

The Bible is God's word (2 Peter 1:20-21). It has two main parts, called the Old Testament and the New Testament. In the 39 books of the Old Testament are the stories of God and his chosen people. In the 27 books of the New Testament are the stories of the Lord Jesus and his Church. The Bible being God's word, the Apostle Paul wrote that all Scripture is God-breathed and is useful for teaching, rebuking, correcting and training in righteousness (2 Timothy 3:16).

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ঝু'দ্ৰ'থে'শ্ৰীশ্ৰশ্

Devil

See 'Satan'.

শ্বীশান্ত শা

५ मॅं वि स्थळें मा मी प्रमाद त्या से कि वि स्था के अप के अप मी प्रमाद से मा के अप मी प्रमाद से मा मि स्था में कि स्था में कि से मा के अप मी से मा के अप मी से मा मि से मा मि से मा मि से मा में मि से मा मा मि से मा मा मि से मा में मि से मा मि से मि से मा मि से मा मि से मा मि से मा मि से मि से मा मि से मा मि से मा मि से म

Sin is disobedience to God's commands. The person who sins not only does what is evil, but also offends God and does not have a right relationship with Him. Though all people have sinned, by repentance and faith in the Lord Jesus they can be delivered from God's punishment (Romans 3:23-24).

ই্র্যান্ট্রান্থ্যমা

हैन ने अने ने निवास के निवास

Forgiveness of Sins

Since sin is disobedience to God's commands, and since sin offends God, only God can forgive sins (Mark 2:7). If we repent of our sins and believe in the Lord Jesus, God forgives our sins. Although all who disobey God are in danger of eternal punishment, by grace God forgives the sins of all who repent, for, by dying on the cross the Lord Jesus experienced that punishment in our place. The Lord Jesus had authority from God to forgive sins (Mark 2:10) and He gave this authority to His Church (John 20:21). The Lord Jesus taught that we must forgive the sins of those who sin against us so that our own sins may be forgiven (Matthew 6:14-15).

गवदश्चेवा

- 1) A gift is something that God gives to believers. Salvation is the greatest such gift (2 Corinthians 9:15). The Apostle Paul said, "For by grace you have been saved athrough faith. And this is not your own doing; it is the gift of God." (Ephesians 2:8) God's Holy Spirit is also a gift to believers (Acts 2:38).
- 2) Gifts are abilities given by God the Holy Spirit so that the church may serve others. There are many such gifts; for lists of them see Romans 12:6-8 and 1 Corinthians 12:4-7.

महुखु।

Paul

The Apostle Paul (also known as Saul) was a member of the Jewish Pharisee party. When sent to Damascus to arrest the city's Christians, he saw a vision of the Lord Jesus and became a Christian. He spent 3 years in Damascus and Arabia (Galatians 1:17; Acts 9:19), after which he had to flee to Jerusalem to avoid Jewish persecution. After returning to his birthplace at Tarsus in Cilicia, he went to Syrian Antioch and taught in the church there together with his co-worker Barnabas. While Paul was in Antioch, God called him to preach the gospel everywhere in the Roman Empire. Eventually the Jewish officials arrested him and handed him over to the Romans; he was sent to Rome as a prisoner. According to tradition, Paul was executed in Rome about AD 67. The Apostle Paul established many churches. He sent letters to them and to his associates; thirteen such letters are preserved in the New Testament.

न्यम् कुः सेन्यदे सें।

दर्में अर्क्षण्वे त्र द्रा म्ही द्र त्र त्र विद्र प्र महित्र त्र महित्र त्र क्षेत्र प्र महित्र क्षेत्र क्षेत

Eternal Life

God is the Creator of this world and gives life to all living beings. According to the promise made by the Lord Jesus, anyone believes in Him will receive eternal life (John 3:16). Even though the bodies of believers will die, the Lord Jesus promises that those who have faith will live again with Him (John 11:25-26). According to the teaching of the Apostle Paul, believers will be made alive from death with imperishable bodies like that of the Lord Jesus (1 Corinthians 15:42).

र्बे्र्न्य दत्र य र्बे्र्न्य

Repentance

According to the teaching of the Lord Jesus, people must repent of their sins in order to receive salvation. That is, they must forsake sin, treat it as an enemy, believe God's word, and obey Him. Those who do so live not according to their own wishes, but according to God's will. We must repent in order to receive forgiveness of sins and eternal life with the Lord Jesus. John the Baptist also preached that people must repent of their sins (Mark 1:4). The Lord Jesus said, 'Repent, for the kingdom of heaven is near' (Matthew 4:17). The Apostle Peter proclaimed, 'Repent and be baptized, every one of you, in the name of Jesus Christ for the forgiveness of your sins, and you will receive God's gift, the Holy Spirit' (Acts 2:38).

मृरुवे या

Pharisee

The Pharisees were a religious party in ancient Israel. According to their teaching, it was very important to observe God's religious laws. But according to the Lord Jesus' teaching, people must not only obey God, but also love Him from the heart. For this reason, the Lord Jesus often rebuked the Pharisees. After the Lord Jesus was made alive again from death, some Pharisees became Christians (Acts 15:5).

दर्धेव'यबर'।

- 2) न्यायदेः मृश्यूद्रः स्वायुद्रः स्वायुद्धः स्वित्रः स्वायुः स्वायुद्धः स्वयुद्धः स्वायुद्धः स्वायुद्धः स्वायुद्धः स्वयुद्धः स्वयु

Gospel

- 1) The gospel is the message that the Lord Jesus Christ has died for our sins and come alive again; whoever repents of sin and believes in Him will receive boundless life. Those who believe the gospel do not live according to their own will, but according to God's will. They are saved from the punishment for their sins and even though they die, they live with the Lord Jesus eternally. Those who accept the gospel are saved; those who reject it are punished by God.
- 2) One of four books in the New Testament that tell the story of the Lord Jesus' life. The four gospels are those of Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John.

<u> नुश्रुत्य (प्रसम्</u>

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Hell

Hell is the place where sinners who reject the gospel will be punished eternally for their sins; it is also the place of the devil Satan and his angels (Matthew 25:41, 46).

म्बीम्ब्री

1) नर्गिव अर्क्ष्मा मी माने निह्न निर्मित मी निर्मित में निर्मित में निर्मित में मिन्न मि

Glory

- 1) God's glory is His honor or reputation. God reveals His glory by showing us His nature to us. He does most clearly in the Lord Jesus (Matthew 17:1-8). People glorify God the Father when they see the good works done by believers (Matthew 5:16).
- 2) God glorifies believers at the end of time, when He takes them into His presence. (Romans 8:30).

षारु द्वायरे श्रे रेग्र

यक्ष्याचित्रायस्य सुरायाः विषयः स्वाप्ता विषयः स्वाप्ता विषयः स्वाप्ता स्वापता स्वाप्ता स्वा

Jews

The Lord Jesus was a Jewish person. The Jewish people are descendants of their ancestor Abraham. In ancient times God called Abraham to leave Mesopotamia and go to live as a nomad in Palestine (Genesis 12). Abraham had many descendants, who eventually became slaves in Egypt. They were freed by the prophet Moses, who led them out of Egypt to meet with God in the Sinai desert. There God made a covenant with them in which he would be their God and they his people. The Jewish people have maintained this covenant relationship with God ever since (Romans 9-10). In the first century, after the Lord Jesus' resurrection, the Roman army invaded Israel and completely destroyed Jerusalem and its temple. At that time, many Jewish people fled to other countries.

धि'श्री'मधिया

- 1) षाः मृत्यदेष्यया ग्रीः श्रीयधित्र
- 2) षासुन्युक्षे सेवाक्षानी क्षेत्रावाल्य पित्रा
- 3) षारु नुप्रदेशेश्वर्य षार्गिय ग्री सेप्यावन धेना

Israel

- 1) Israel is the land in which the Jewish people live.
- 2) another name for the Jewish people.
- 3) another name for the Jewish people's ancestor Jacob.

ष्यःभु

र्झ्रेवर्या भेरतु हो। सर्ववर्गाववर्या सेदी देगा का ग्री हा। दूरी द्राष्ट्री हा सक्ष विकार ग्री वा स्वर्त्त हो स्वर्त हो स्वर्त्त हो स्वर्त हो स्वर्त हो स्वर्त्त हो स्वर्त हो स

Jesus

Personal name of the Lord Jesus, His other names include Son of Man and Son of David. In Hebrew the name 'Jesus' is Yehoshua (Joshua); its meaning is 'the Lord God saves'. Jesus is God's son and is the Savior of all people.

≆'स्रू

Rome

Rome was the capital city of the Roman Empire; in ancient times about 1 million people lived there. Jews from Rome were among the crowd at Pentecost (Acts 2:10). The Apostle Paul wrote a letter to the Christians in Rome; it is the sixth book of the New Testament. After his arrest and imprisonment in Jerusalem, Paul was brought to Rome, and according to tradition, he died there about AD 67. From the first to the third centuries the Roman Emperors persecuted the Christians, and many of them died at Rome.

खुदाङ्गेंदाय।

Prophet

A prophet is a person called by God, and who speaks for God. Moses, Elijah, Isaiah, and Daniel were famous Jewish prophets. The Lord Jesus was also a prophet who revealed God's will.

শু'দ্বা

यत्त्रश्चान्त्रविष्याचेत्राविद्वावि

Satan

The devil Satan is the chief of the demons and an opponent of God and all who believe in the Lord Jesus (1 Peter 5:8). The Lord Jesus came into this world in order to destroy the works of Satan (1 John 3:8). Satan tested the Lord Jesus in the desert (Mark 1:13). Satan entered Judas Iscariot, who then betrayed the Lord Jesus (Luke 22:3) and tempted Ananias to sin (Acts 5:3). Satan opposes the work of missionaries (1 Thessalonians 2:18). At the end of time, God will punish Satan in hell (Revelation 20:10).

ष्णगुःषुः इद्यस्य श्रेष्

प्रचर्त्रे शुर्रप्रचें आवत् न्द्रभुं क्वं प्रत्युर्ध्ये श्रृं व्याप्त विद्या व

Aquila and Priscilla

Aquila and Priscilla were a married couple who were tentmakers and friends of the Apostle Paul. They met him in the city of Corinth in the middle of the first century (Acts 18:2-3). They risked their lives for Paul's sake, and went with him on his journey to Ephesus, where a church met in their house (Romans 16:4; 1 Corinthians 16:19). Aquila and Priscilla were teachers of the evangelist Apollos (Acts 18:26). Priscilla is also called Prisca.

ष्प्रय'रज्ञा

यर् क्वां व्याप्त क्वां व्यापत क्वां व्या

Abraham

Abraham was the ancestor of the Jewish people. God promised Abraham that he would be the father of many nations and a blessing to the whole world. This promise was fulfilled in the coming of the Lord Jesus.